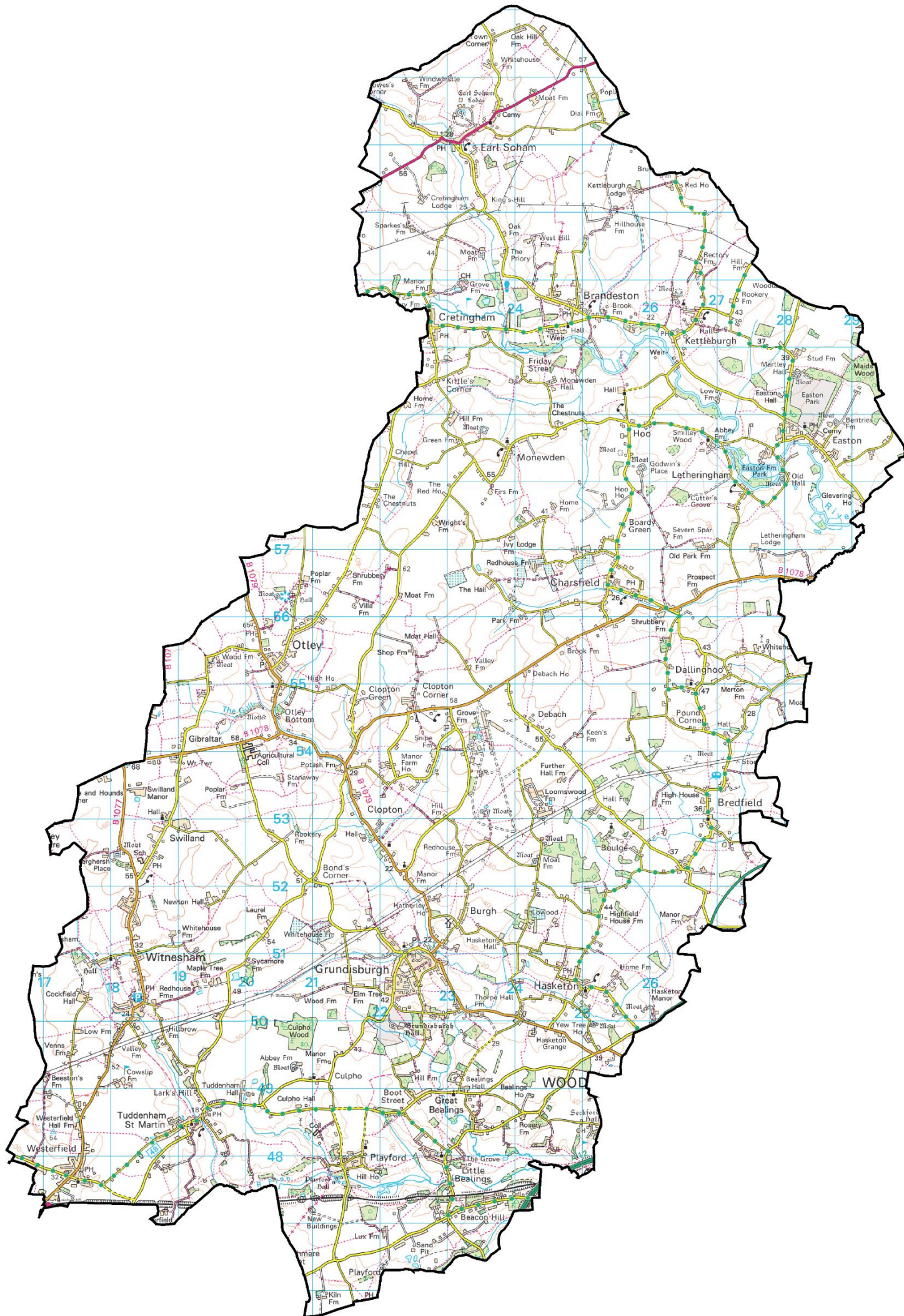


CARLFORD

ELECTORAL DIVISION PROFILE 2021

This Division comprises parts of Carlford & Fynn Valley and Framlingham Wards

www.suffolkobservatory.info



CONTENTS

- Demographic Profile: Age & Ethnicity
- Economy and Labour Market
- Schools & NEET
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ELECTORAL DIVISION PROFILES: AN INTRODUCTION

These profiles have been produced to support elected members, constituents and other interested parties in understanding the demographic, economic, social and educational profile of their neighbourhoods. We have used the latest data available at the time of publication.

Much more data is available from national and local sources than is captured here, but it is hoped that the profile will be a useful starting point for discussion, where local knowledge and experience can be used to flesh out and illuminate the information presented here.

The profile can be used to help look at some fundamental questions e.g.

- Does the age profile of the population match or differ from the national profile?
- Is there evidence of the ageing profile of the county in all the wards in the Division or just some?
- How diverse is the community in terms of ethnicity?
- What is the impact of deprivation on families and residents?
- Does there seem to be a link between deprivation and school performance?
- What is the breakdown of employment sectors in the area?
- Is it a relatively healthy area compared to the rest of the district or county?
- What sort of crime is prevalent in the community?

A vast amount of additional data is available on the **Suffolk Observatory**

www.suffolkobservatory.info

The Suffolk Observatory is a free online resource that contains all Suffolk's vital statistics; it is the one-stop-shop for information and intelligence about Suffolk. Through data, reports and maps, the Suffolk Observatory provides a comprehensive picture of the County. It is a great source for useful facts and figures that can be used for writing reports and presentations, informing strategic and business planning, preparing funding applications or supporting academic research. Data is presented around the key themes of population, children and young people, health and social care, housing, crime and community safety, deprivation, economy and employment and environment. All areas of the county are covered, right down to district, electoral division, ward and parish level, with information easily accessible in a variety of formats. You can also build your own reports for custom areas.

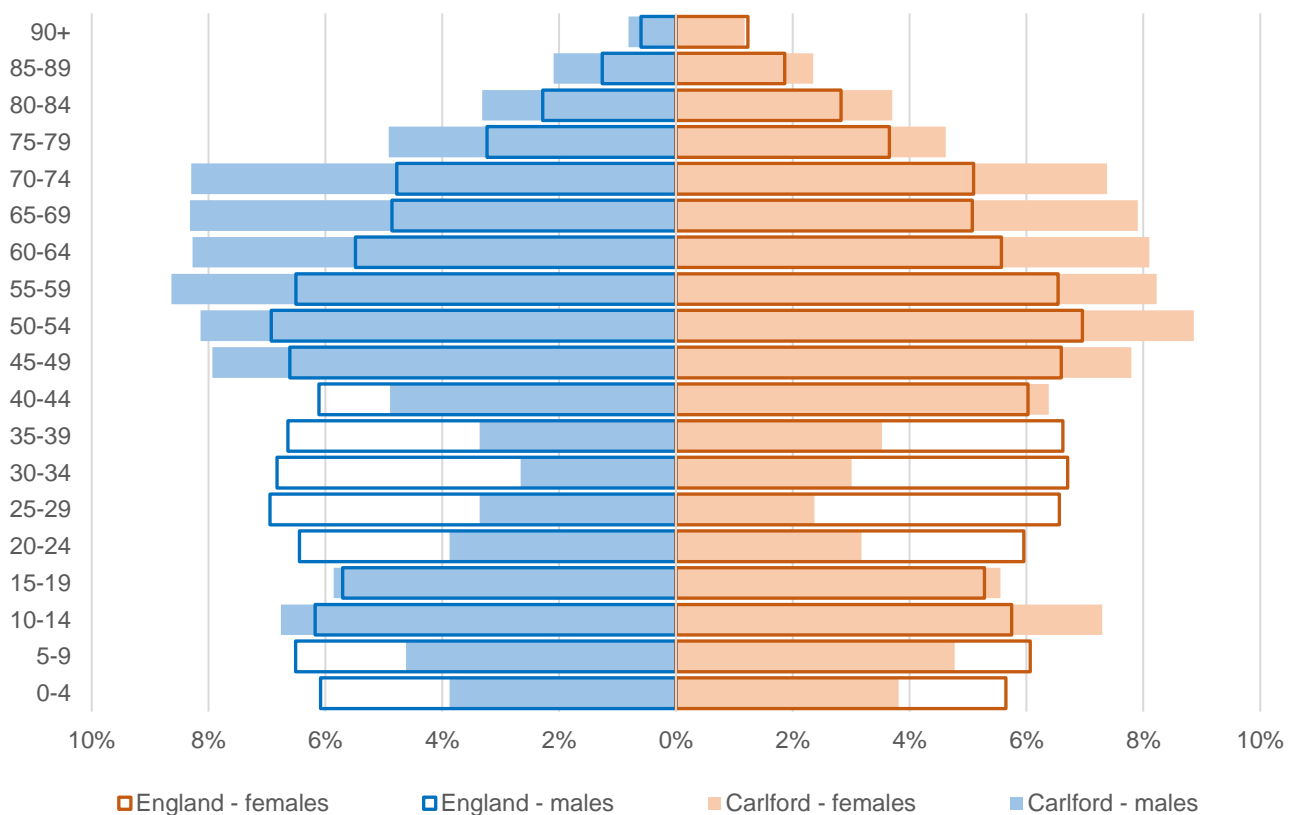
Technical Notes:

1. Where electoral divisions do not exactly match the boundaries at which the data is available (e.g. ward, Output Area or Lower Super Output Area), we have adopted a "best-fit" approach to produce a dataset.
2. District, county and national level data is provided where possible to provide a context for comparisons. Where possible we have used the most recent district boundaries for comparison purposes, but in some cases it has been necessary to use the pre-2019 districts.

DEMOGRAPHIC PROFILE - AGE

In mid-2019, the population of Carlford stood at 9,029, an increase of 3.9% since the 2011 Census. The age structure of the the division is set out below.

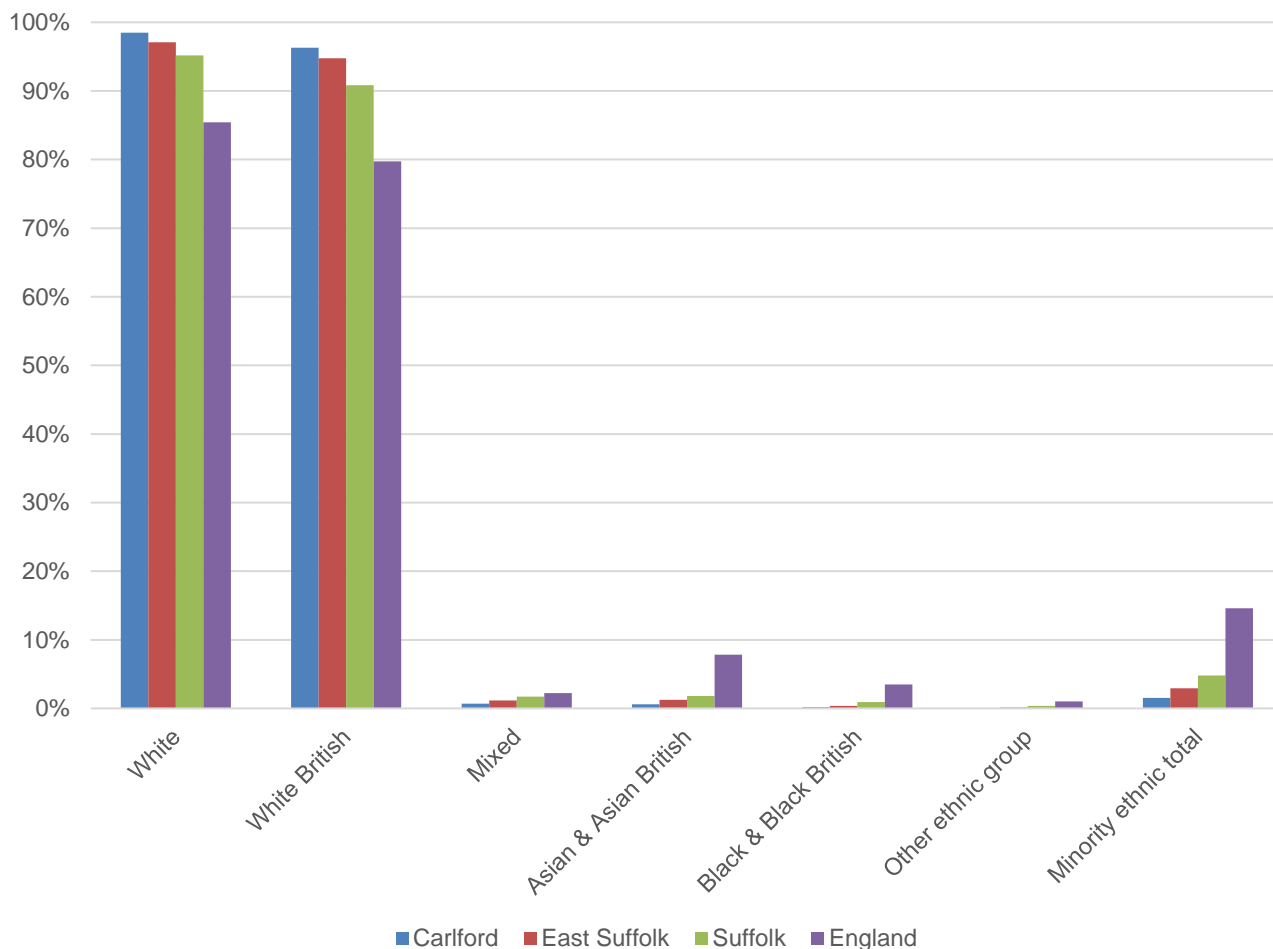
	Carlford Division	Carlford & Fynn Valley	Framlingham
All Ages	9,029	7,203	1,826
0-4	347	267	80
5-9	424	345	79
10-14	635	514	121
15-19	515	392	123
20-24	318	255	63
25-29	258	205	53
30-34	256	211	45
35-39	311	237	74
40-44	510	411	99
45-49	710	597	113
50-54	768	625	143
55-59	761	590	171
60-64	739	603	136
65-69	732	572	160
70-74	707	563	144
75-79	430	344	86
80-84	317	243	74
85-89	201	154	47
90+	90	75	15



- The age pyramid for Carlford shows a considerably higher-than-average proportion of people over the age of 45. The division has a relatively elderly age profile.

- The most common age group in Carlford is 50-54-year-olds, followed by 55-59-year-olds. The retirement age population currently accounts for 27% of the population of the division and looks set to continue to increase in the coming years.
- There is a much lower than average number of people between the ages of 20 and 39, and also under the age of 9.

ETHNICITY

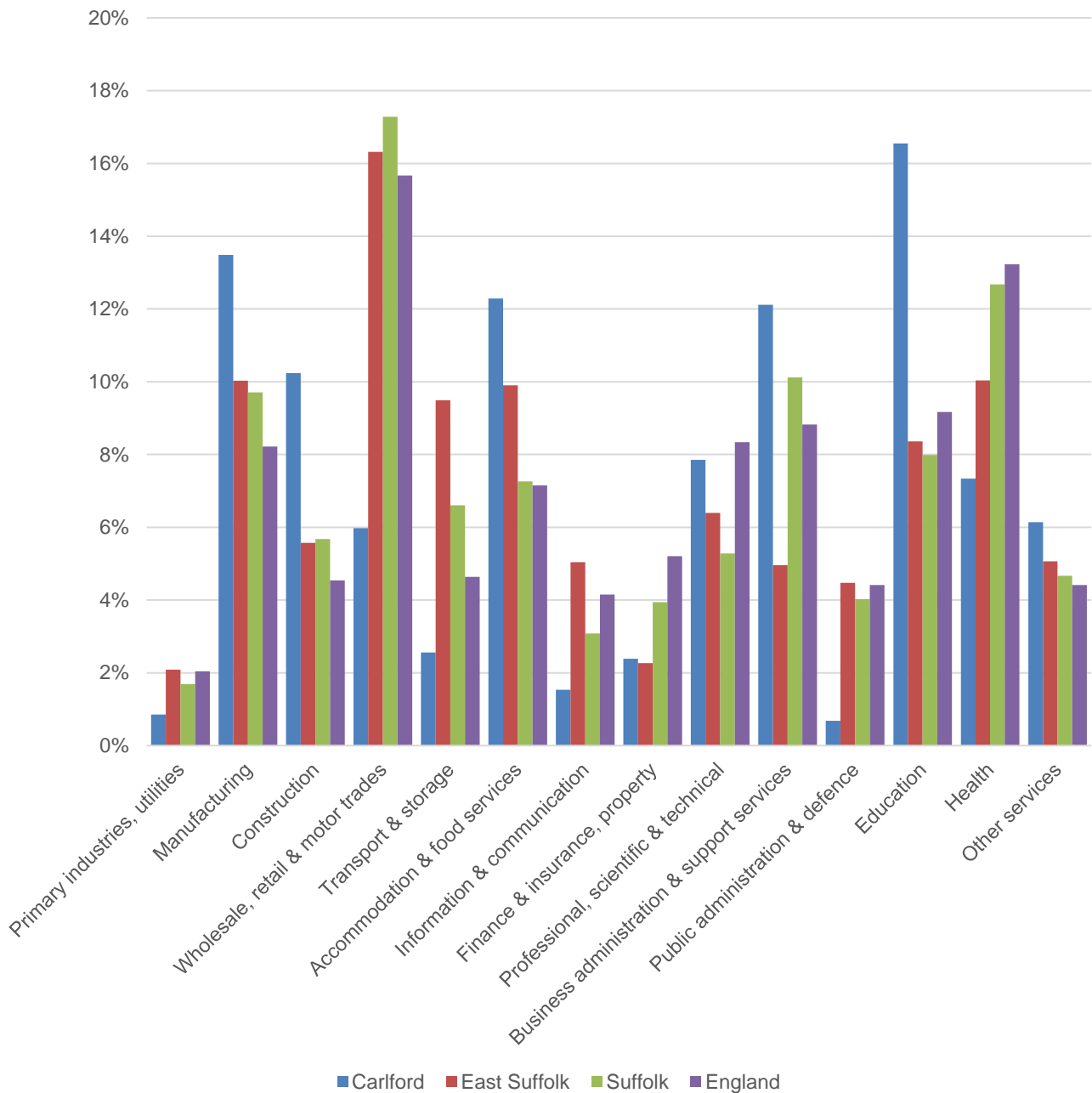


- According to the latest ethnicity data (2011 Census), 98.5% (8,555) of the population of Carlford are white, one of the highest percentages for a division in Suffolk.
- There are 135 (1.5%) people of minority ethnic origin in the division.
- Carlford has lower proportions of minority ethnic groups than East Suffolk and Suffolk as a whole.

	All people		White		White British		Mixed		Asian and Asian British		Black and Black British		Other Ethnic Group		Total minority ethnic population	
	Count		Count	%	Count	%	Count	%	Count	%	Count	%	Count	%	Count	%
Carlford	8,687		8,555	98.5	8,364	96.3	62	0.7	54	0.6	14	0.2	2	0.0	132	1.5
East Suffolk	239,552		232,565	97.1	227,040	94.8	2,728	1.1	2,991	1.2	925	0.4	343	0.1	6,987	2.9
Suffolk	728,163		693,195	95.2	661,458	90.8	12,472	1.7	13,131	1.8	6,854	0.9	2,511	0.3	34,968	4.8
England				85.4		79.8		2.3		7.8		3.5		1.0		14.6

ECONOMY

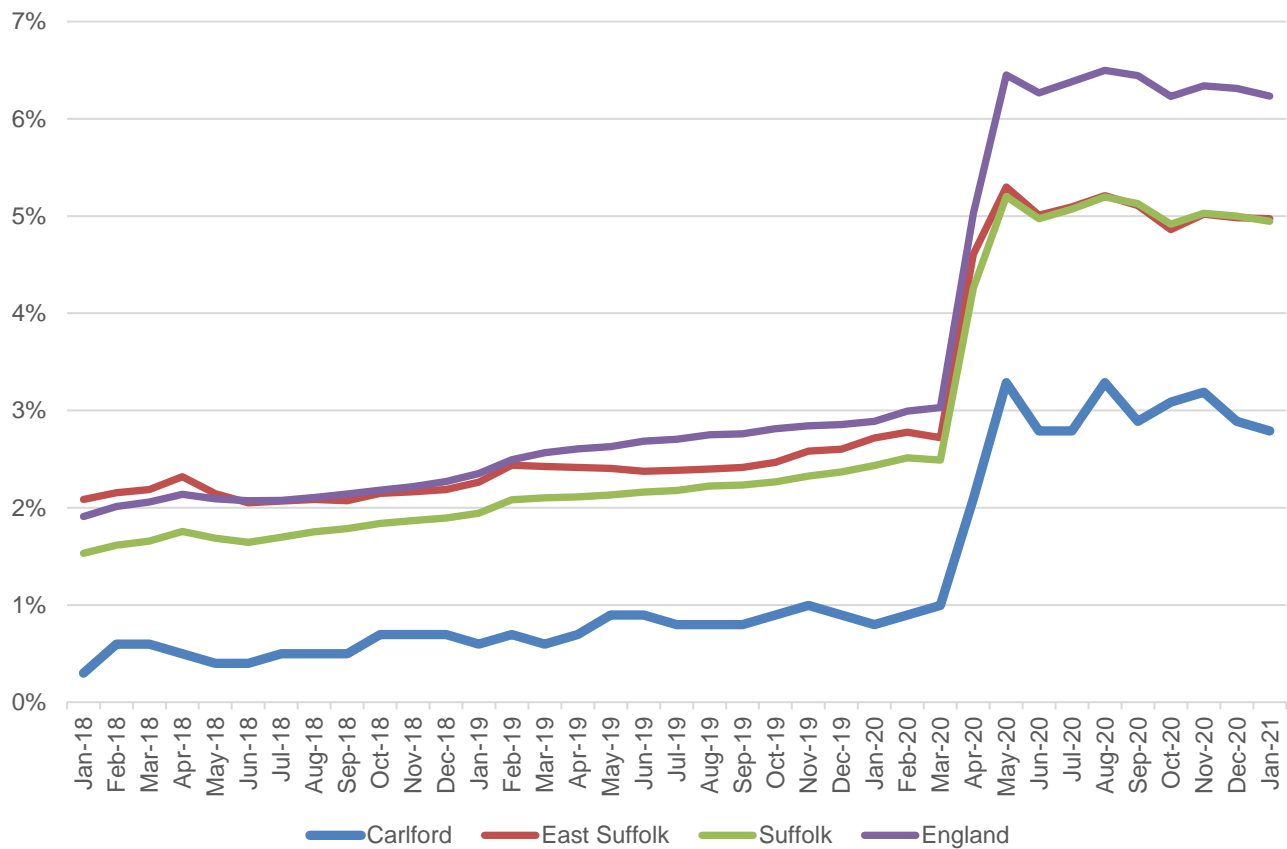
There are 2,900 people employed in Carlford.



- The key employment sectors in Carlford are education, manufacturing, accommodation and food services, business administration and support services and construction.
- These five sectors account for two-thirds of jobs in the division.
- Education is a particular specialism in Carlford as it accounts for a much higher proportion of jobs in the division than elsewhere.

LABOUR MARKET

OUT-OF-WORK BENEFIT CLAIMANT RATE



- Carlford saw a sharp increase in claimants of out-of-work benefits in the first half of 2020 as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic, much like the rest of the county and England as a whole.
- Claimant unemployment levels in the division are consistently below those of the district, county and England as a whole.
- In percentage terms, approximately 2.8% of the working age population of Carlford are claiming out-of-work benefits in January 2021.

SCHOOLS

SCHOOL INFORMATION

Schools in the Division

Name	Phase	Academy Status	Average cohort size at:				Latest Ofsted	Latest Ofsted Date
			Foundation Stage (age 5)	KS2 (age 11)	KS4 (age 16)	KS5 (age 18)		
Bealings School	Primary	LA	15	14			Outstanding	11/07/2012
Charsfield CofE Primary School	Primary	AC	7	8			Good*	20/03/2014
Earl Soham Community Primary School	Primary	LA	7	10			Good	13/03/2012
Easton Primary School	Primary	AC	12	11			Good*	17/10/2012
Grundisburgh Primary School	Primary	LA	18	28			Good	23/03/2012
Otley Primary School	Primary	LA	8	10			Good	12/09/2013
Witnesham Primary School	Primary	LA	15	14			Good	14/10/2011

Schools with catchments that overlap with the Division

Name	Phase	Academy Status	Average cohort size at:				Latest Ofsted	Latest Ofsted Date
			Foundation Stage (age 5)	KS2 (age 11)	KS4 (age 16)	KS5 (age 18)		
Kyson Primary School	Primary	LA	52	60			Good	14/01/2015
Rushmere Hall Primary School	Primary	AC	80	80			Good	29/06/2017
Woodbridge Primary School	Primary	LA	29	30			Good	20/06/2014
Claydon High School	Secondary	AC			128		Good*	19/06/2014
Debenham High School	Secondary	AC			134		Outstanding*	22/01/2008
Farlingaye High School	Secondary	AC			292	234	Outstanding	26/04/2013
Kesgrave High School	Secondary	AC			281	173	Good	12/09/2013
Northgate High School	Secondary	LA			228	241	Good	17/05/2012
Thomas Mills High School	Secondary	AC			165	133	Outstanding*	05/10/2006

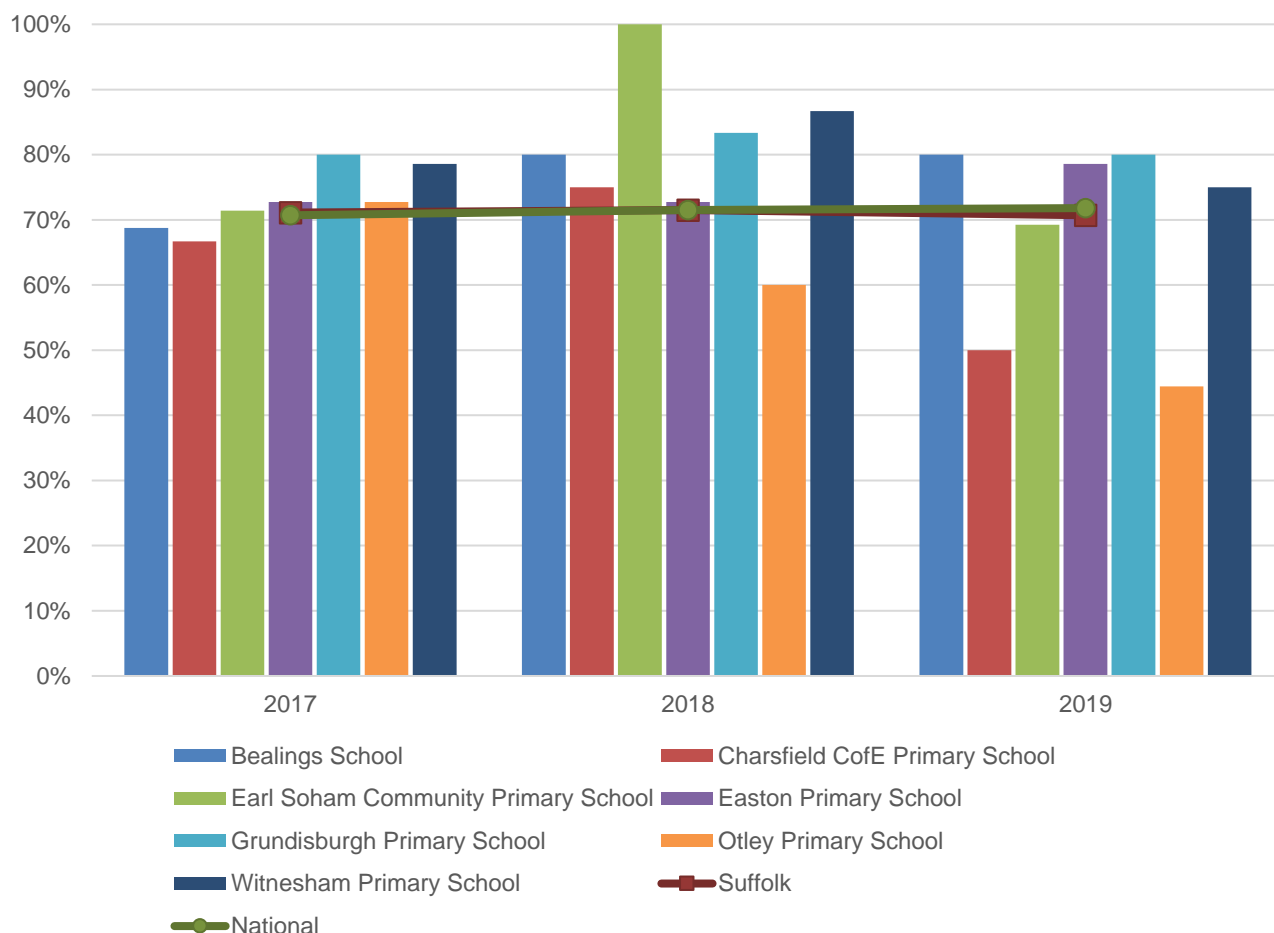
Academy Status key: AS = Academy Sponsored, AC = Academy Converter, LA = LA Maintained, F = Free

*The latest full inspection judgement does not relate to the current school

SCHOOL ATTAINMENT

Foundation Stage Profile (reception)

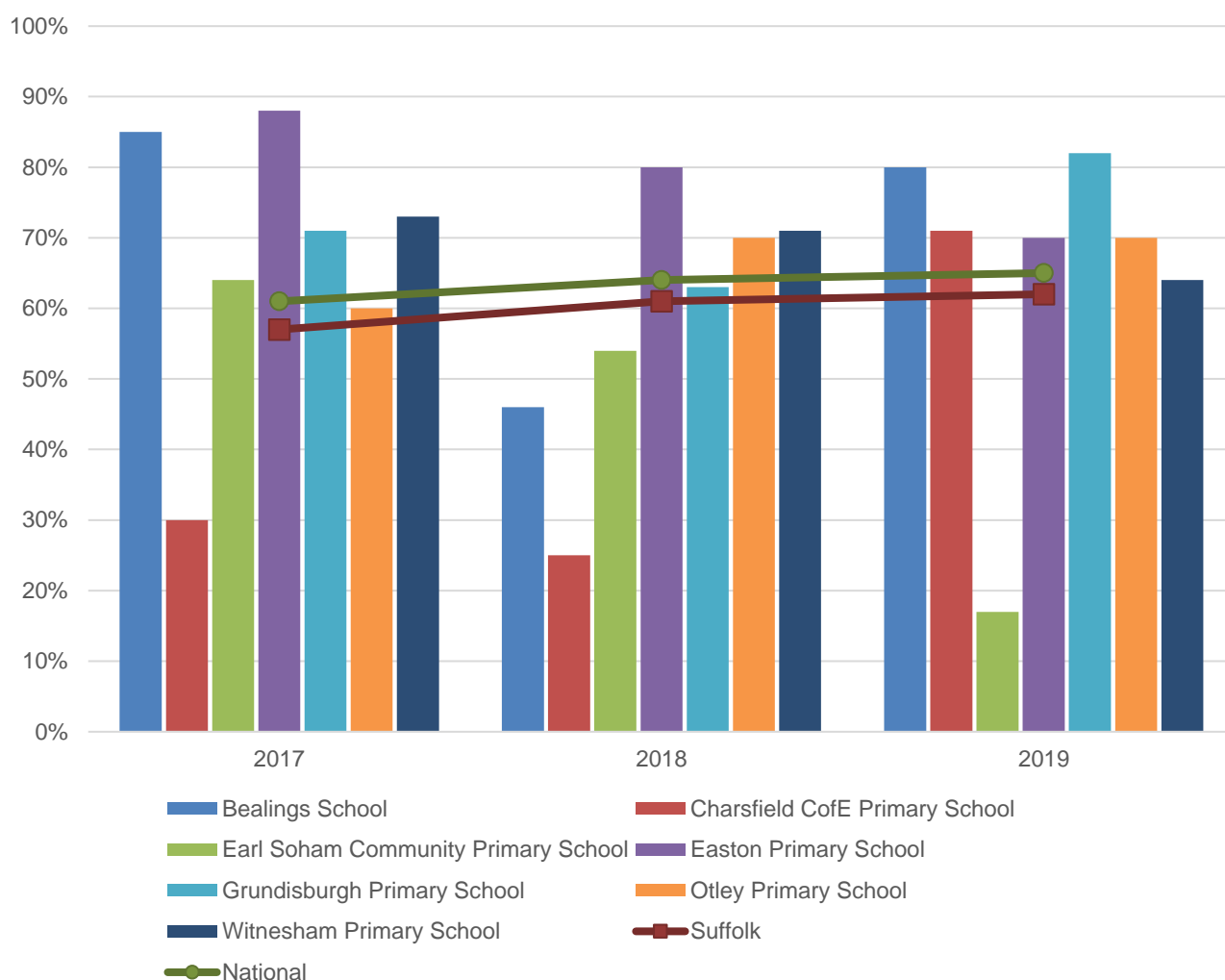
% pupils achieving Good Level of Development (GLD)



- Foundation Stage attainment in the division has been relatively consistent according to the past three years of data, though some declines in performance were evident in 2019.
- Pupil attainment at Easton, Grundisburgh and Witnesham Primary Schools was above the county and national average in each of the last three years.
- Attainment at Otley Primary School has declined in the last two years and was well below average in 2019 in particular.
- Earl Soham Community Primary School had the highest Foundation Stage attainment of any school in the division in 2018, and a similar level of performance to the national average in 2017 and 2019.
- Attainment at Charsfield Church of England Primary School also peaked in 2018 but was otherwise below average.
- Bealings School saw slightly below average Foundation Stage attainment in 2017 before maintaining a strong level of performance in the two subsequent years.

Key Stage 2 (age 11)

% pupils achieving the Expected Level or better in Reading, Writing and Mathematics



- KS2 attainment has fluctuated markedly according to the past three years of data, perhaps due to the small cohort sizes at schools in the division.
- Easton Primary School has maintained KS2 attainment levels above the county and national average throughout this period.
- Attainment at Witnesham Primary School was also above both benchmarks in 2017 and 2018 and above the county level in 2019. Otley Primary School also saw two years of performance (2018 and 2019), as did Grundisburgh Primary School (2017 and 2019) that was above the county and national level and one year that exceeded the Suffolk average.
- No school has seen consistently below average attainment during this period.
- Pupil attainment at Earl Soham Community Primary School has declined over the course of the three years and was the lowest in the division in 2019.
- Bealings School saw attainment among the highest in the division in 2017 and 2019 but lower performance in 2018.
- Attainment at Charsfield Church of England Primary School was low in 2017 and 2018 but above the county and national averages in 2019.

Key Stage 4 (GCSE) (age 16) and Key Stage 5 (A Level) (age 18)

There are no Upper Schools located within the division.

NEET % (NOT IN EDUCATION, EMPLOYMENT OR TRAINING)

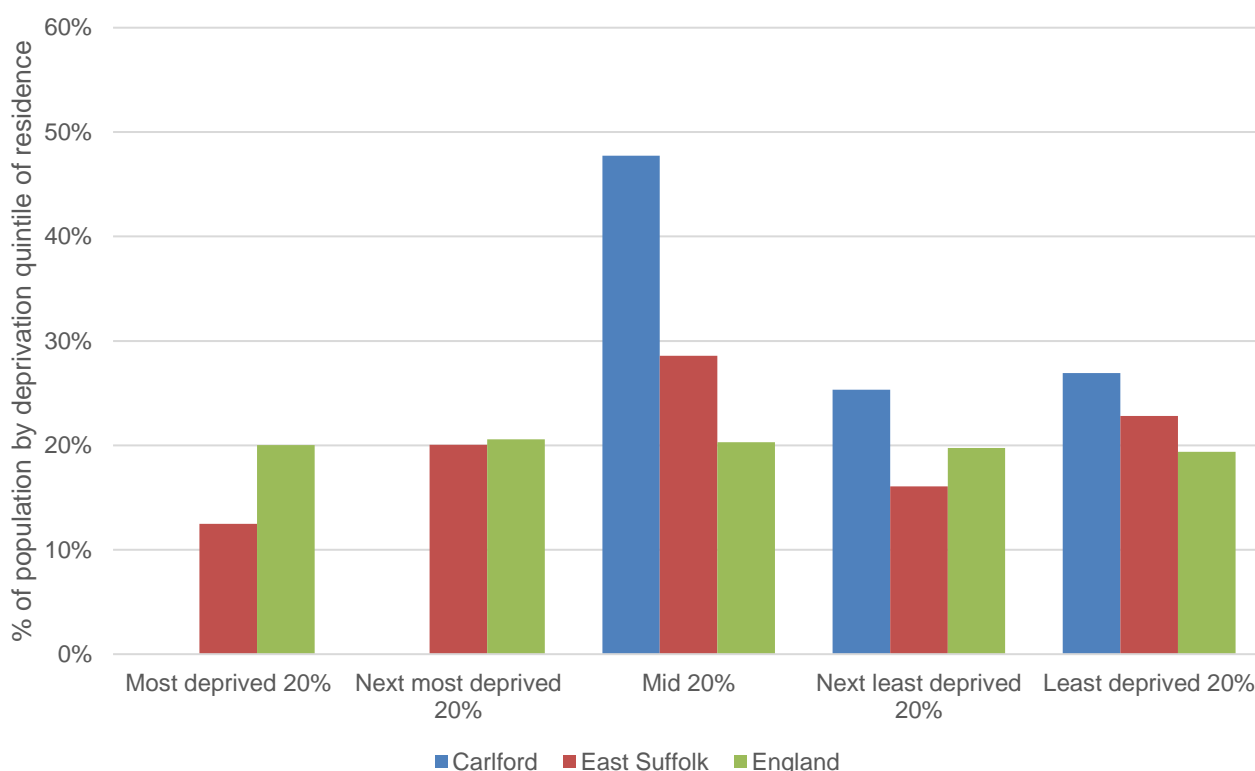


- In January 2021, 2.7% of 16–18-year-olds in Carlford were classified as NEET (where current activity is known).
- NEET levels in Carlford are generally lower than the rate for East Suffolk and Suffolk.

INDEX OF MULTIPLE DEPRIVATION (IMD) 2019 (SEE MAP OVERLEAF)

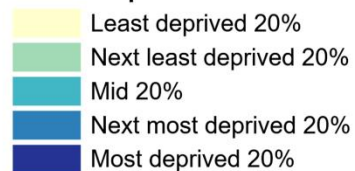
The IMD combines a number of indicators, chosen to cover a range of economic, social and housing issues, into a single deprivation score for each small area in England. This allows each area to be ranked relative to one another according to their level of deprivation. Small areas (Lower Super Output Areas, average population 1,700) are most commonly described as being in 1 of 5 quintile bands. The bottom quintile represents the 20% of areas that are the most deprived in England; these are shaded pale yellow on the map. The top quintile represents the least deprived areas in England and is shaded dark blue.

The Index is widely used to analyse patterns of deprivation, identify areas that would benefit from special initiatives or programmes and as a tool to determine eligibility for specific funding streams.

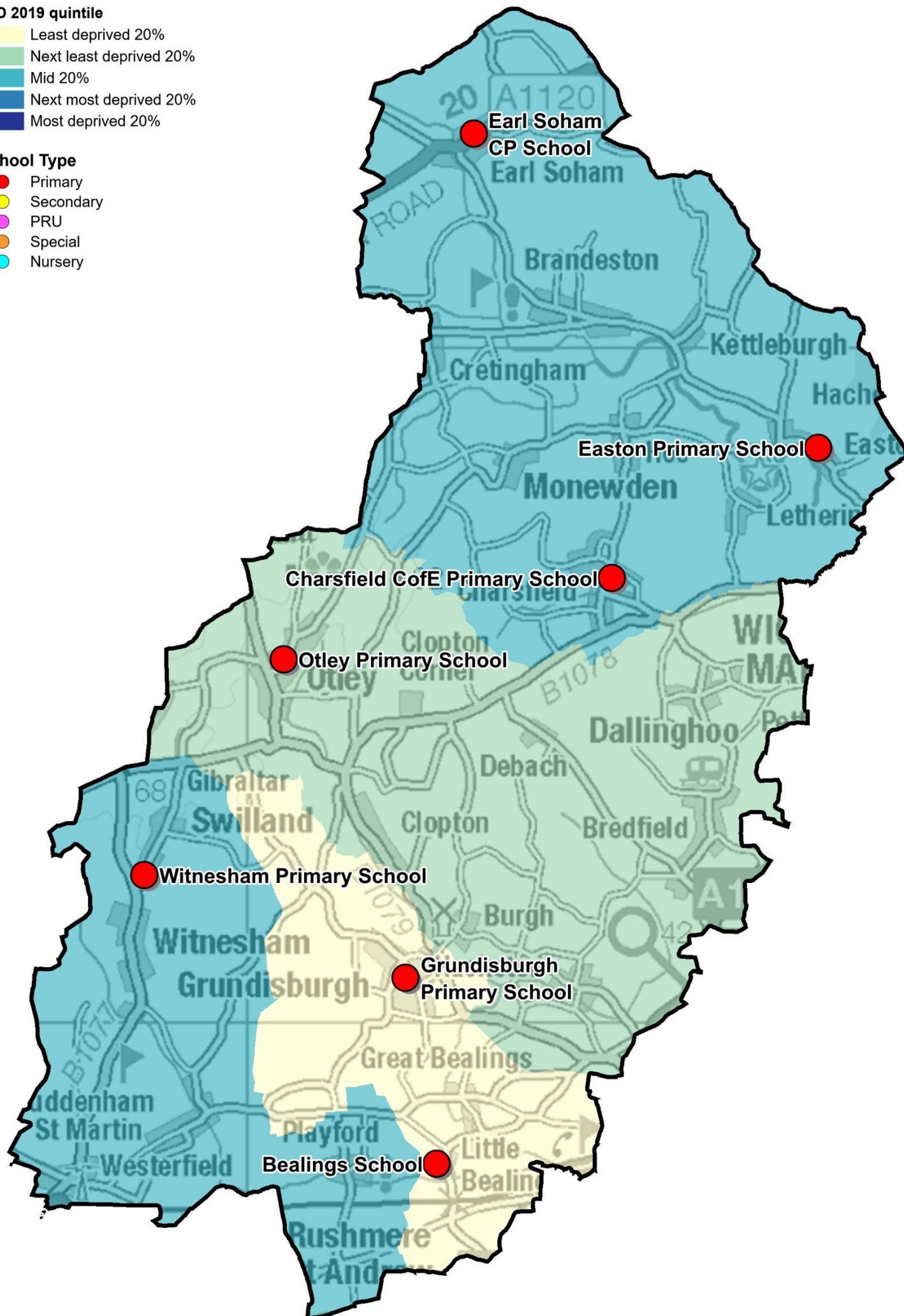


- The IMD 2019 shows that deprivation levels in Carlford are moderate to low, with all LSOAs in the division classified among the least deprived 60% in England.
- Of the four Lower Layer Super Output Areas (LSOA) comprising the division, one is ranked in the top 20% least deprived LSOAs in the country, one in the next least deprived 20% and two are in the mid-20%. The distribution of the population across these LSOAs is shown in the chart above.
- No part of the division is ranked in the most deprived 40% of areas in England.

IMD 2019 quintile



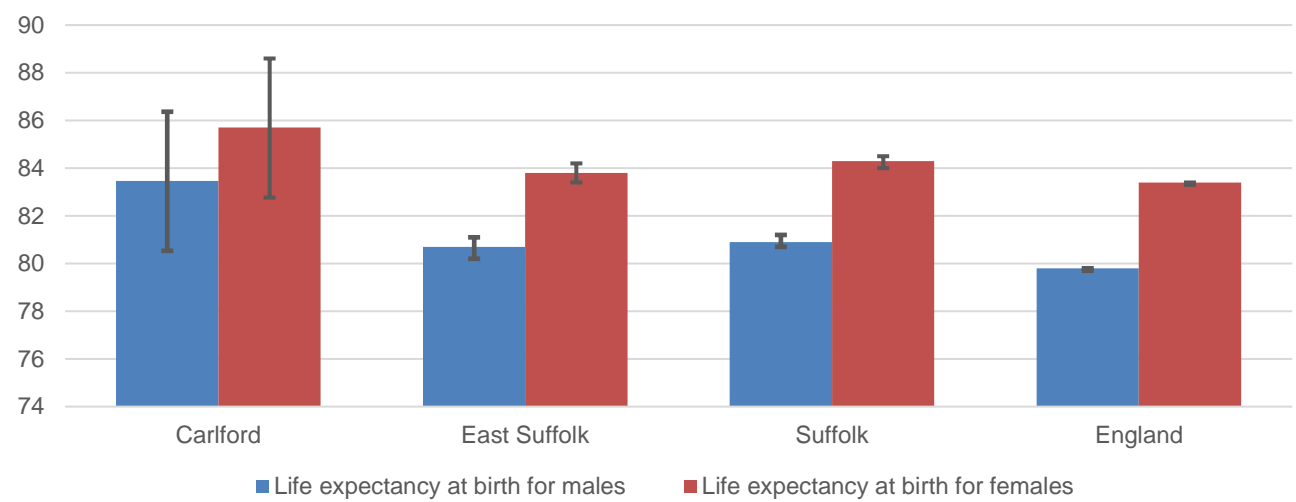
School Type



HEALTH

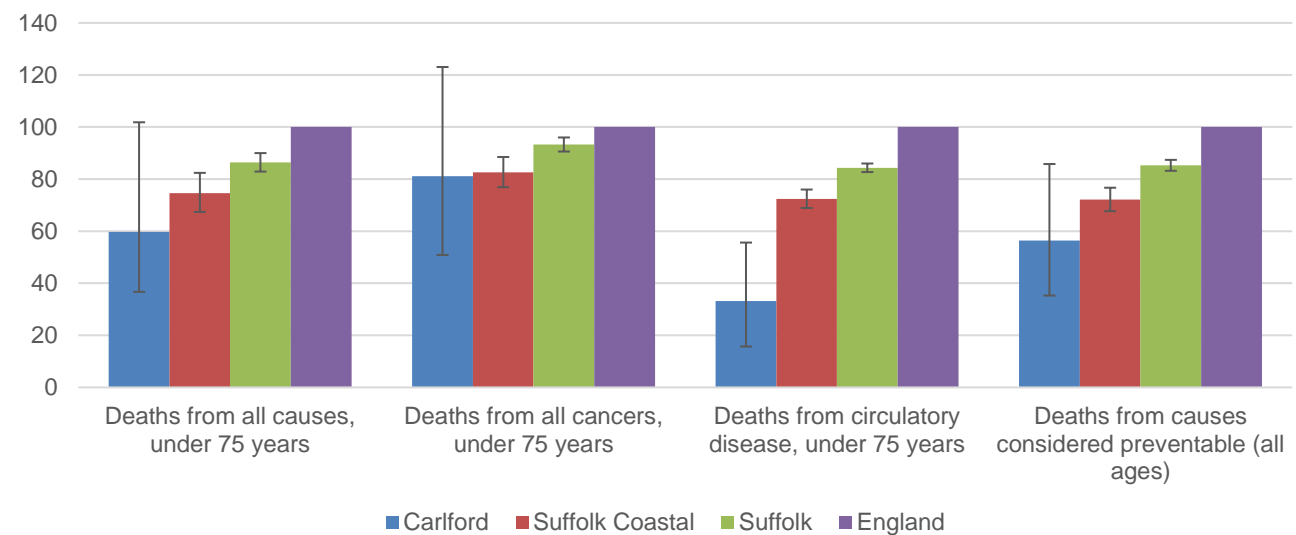
The local data used here is based on relatively small numbers of deaths. The confidence limits provide an indication of the reliability of the data. The 95% confidence intervals utilised on the chart provide a range within which there is 95% chance of the true result lying.

LIFE EXPECTANCY AT BIRTH



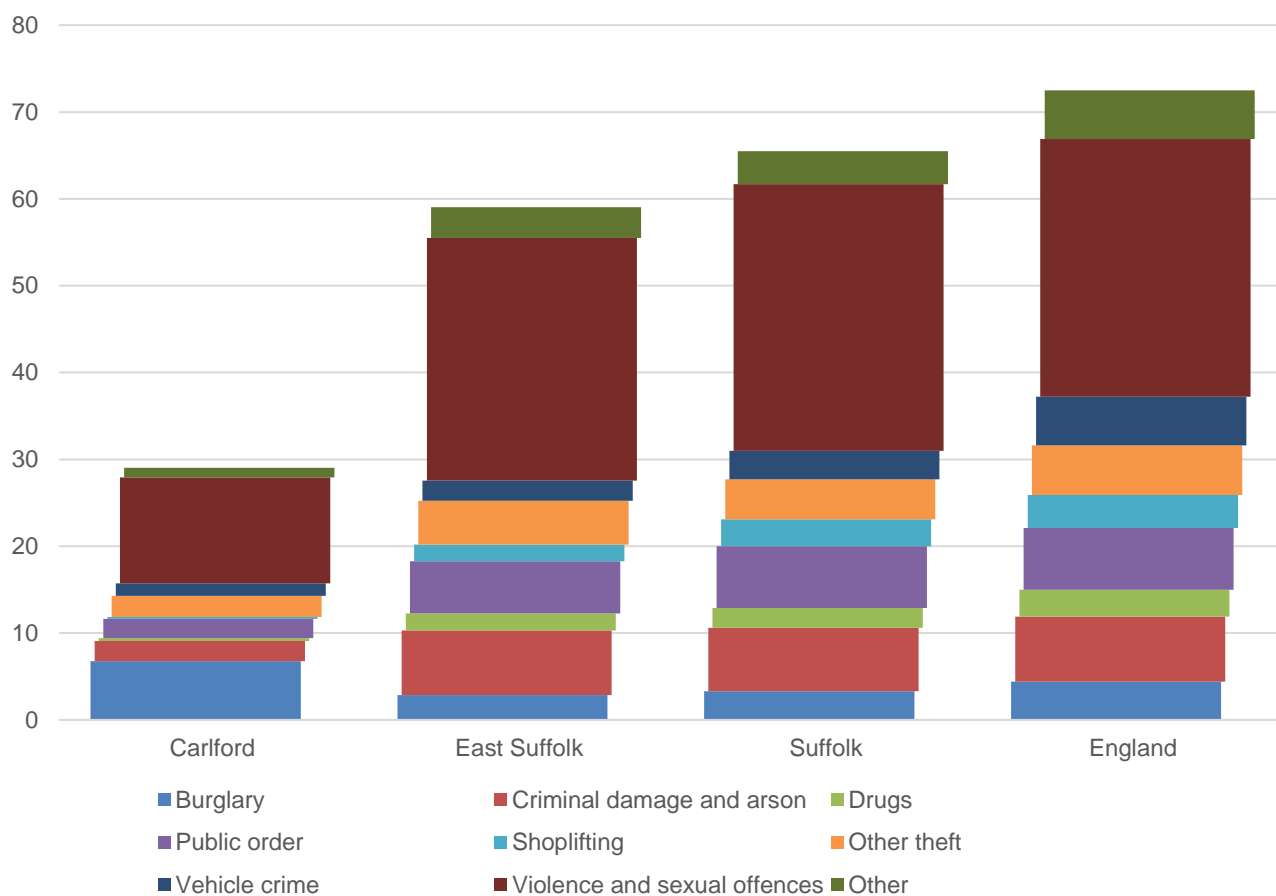
- Estimated life expectancy at birth for both males and females in Carlford is above the East Suffolk, Suffolk and England averages.
- The estimated figure for male life expectancy in the division is 83.5 years (80.9 across Suffolk), while for females it is more than 2 years longer, at 85.7 years (84.3 is the Suffolk average).

DEATHS, UNDER 75 YEARS, STANDARDISED MORTALITY RATIO



- The estimates for rates of early deaths from all causes, cancers and circulatory disease are lower in Carlford than the district, county and national levels.
- The standardised mortality ratio data shown here means that for every 100 early deaths from all causes across England as a whole, there are an estimated 60 comparable deaths in Carlford.
- It should be noted that the confidence intervals around these data are particularly wide due to the small number of deaths at the local level.

CRIME & COMMUNITY SAFETY



- Carlford has a lower rate of crime than the district, county and national average.
- In the year to the end of January 2021, there were 29 recorded crimes per 1,000 residents in Carlford compared to 59 in East Suffolk and 66 across the county as a whole.
- Violence and sexual offences accounted for almost half of all recorded crimes in the division during this period.
- The rate of burglaries in Carlford is noticeably higher than the district average with 6.6 incidents recorded per 1,000 people compared to 2.9 in East Suffolk. Otherwise, all types of crime are recorded at a lower rate than across East Suffolk as a whole.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Parishes in Division

Boulge	Debach	Little Bealings
Brandeston	Earl Soham	Monewden
Bredfield	Easton	Otley
Burgh	Great Bealings	Playford
Charsfield	Grundisburgh	Swilland
Clopton	Hasketon	Tuddenham St. Martin
Cretingham	Hoo	Westerfield
Culpho	Kettleburgh	Witnesham
Dallinghoo	Letheringham	

DATA SOURCES

Category	Indicator	Source
Demographic Profile	Quinary population table 2019	ONS 2019 mid-year population estimates
	Population pyramid 2019	ONS 2019 mid-year population estimates
	Ethnicity 2011	ONS 2011 Census
Economy	Employment by broad industrial sector 2019	ONS Business Register and Employment Survey via NOMIS
Labour market	Claimant count: The number of people claiming Jobseeker's Allowance plus those who claim Universal Credit who are out of work (% 16-64 population) January 2018- February 2021	DWP via NOMIS
Education	School information and attainment 2017-2019	Suffolk County Council
	% 16-18-year-olds NEET (Not in Employment, Education or Training) 2017-2021	Suffolk County Council via the Suffolk Observatory
Deprivation	Index of Multiple Deprivation 2019	Ministry for Housing, Communities and Local Government
Health	Life expectancy at birth 2013-2017	Public Health England
Health	Standardised mortality ratio for deaths from all causes, cancer and circulatory disease, (aged under 75), and death from causes considered preventable (all ages), 2013-2017. The standardised mortality ratio is the ratio of observed deaths in the study group to expected deaths in the general population.	Public Health England
Community Safety	Recorded crime rate per 1,000 resident population February 2020 to January 2021	Data.police.uk via the Suffolk Observatory

For more data and information about Carlford Electoral Division, see the Suffolk Observatory www.suffolkobservatory.info

