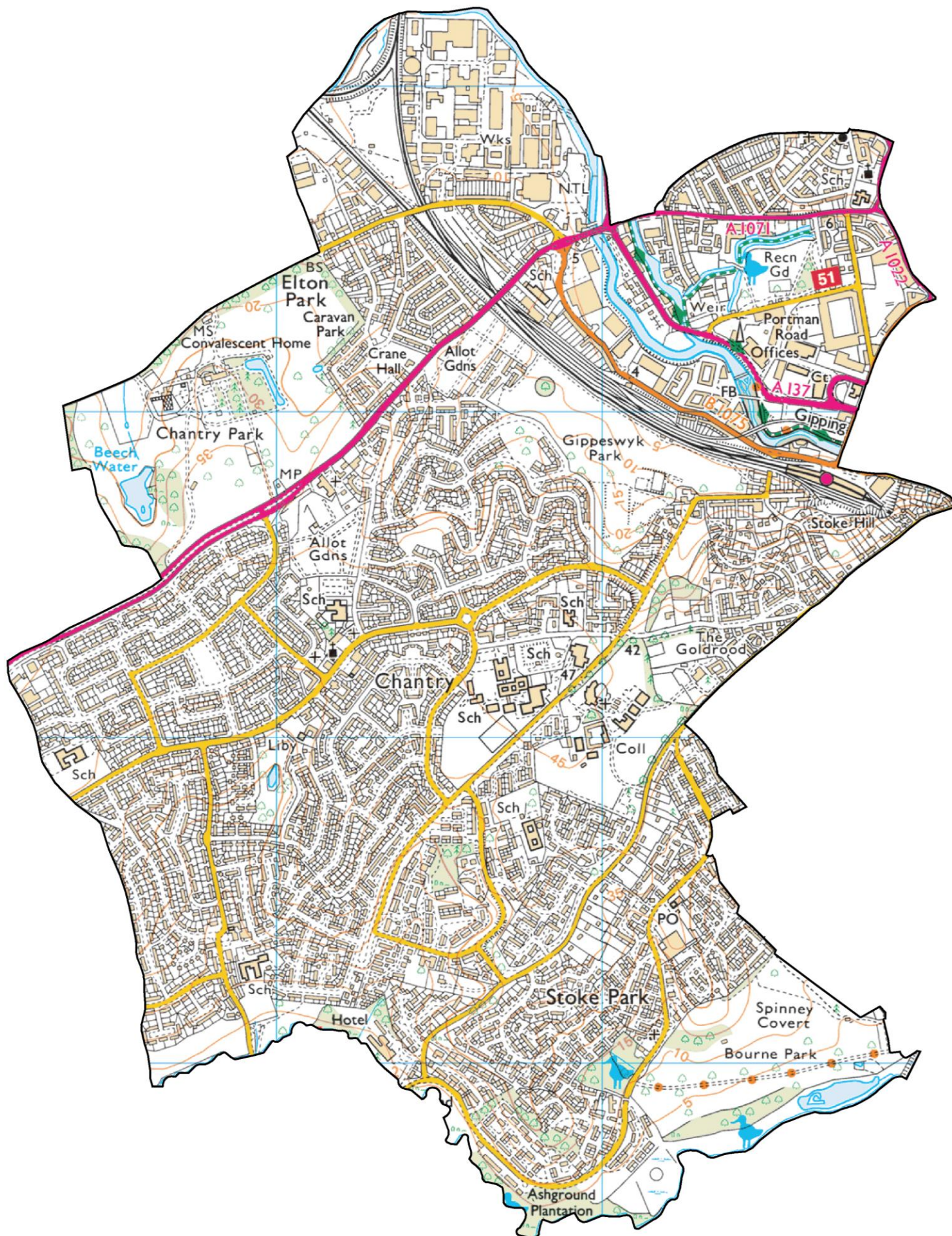


CHANTRY

ELECTORAL DIVISION PROFILE 2021

This Division comprises Gipping, Sprites and Stoke Park Wards

www.suffolkobservatory.info



CONTENTS

- Demographic Profile: Age & Ethnicity
- Economy and Labour Market
- Schools & NEET
- Index of Multiple Deprivation
- Health
- Crime & Community Safety
- Additional Information
- Data Sources

ELECTORAL DIVISION PROFILES: AN INTRODUCTION

These profiles have been produced to support elected members, constituents and other interested parties in understanding the demographic, economic, social and educational profile of their neighbourhoods. We have used the latest data available at the time of publication.

Much more data is available from national and local sources than is captured here, but it is hoped that the profile will be a useful starting point for discussion, where local knowledge and experience can be used to flesh out and illuminate the information presented here.

The profile can be used to help look at some fundamental questions e.g.

- Does the age profile of the population match or differ from the national profile?
- Is there evidence of the ageing profile of the county in all the wards in the Division or just some?
- How diverse is the community in terms of ethnicity?
- What is the impact of deprivation on families and residents?
- Does there seem to be a link between deprivation and school performance?
- What is the breakdown of employment sectors in the area?
- Is it a relatively healthy area compared to the rest of the district or county?
- What sort of crime is prevalent in the community?

A vast amount of additional data is available on the **Suffolk Observatory**

www.suffolkobservatory.info

The Suffolk Observatory is a free online resource that contains all Suffolk's vital statistics; it is the one-stop-shop for information and intelligence about Suffolk. Through data, reports and maps, the Suffolk Observatory provides a comprehensive picture of the County. It is a great source for useful facts and figures that can be used for writing reports and presentations, informing strategic and business planning, preparing funding applications or supporting academic research. Data is presented around the key themes of population, children and young people, health and social care, housing, crime and community safety, deprivation, economy and employment and environment. All areas of the county are covered, right down to district, electoral division, ward and parish level, with information easily accessible in a variety of formats. You can also build your own reports for custom areas.

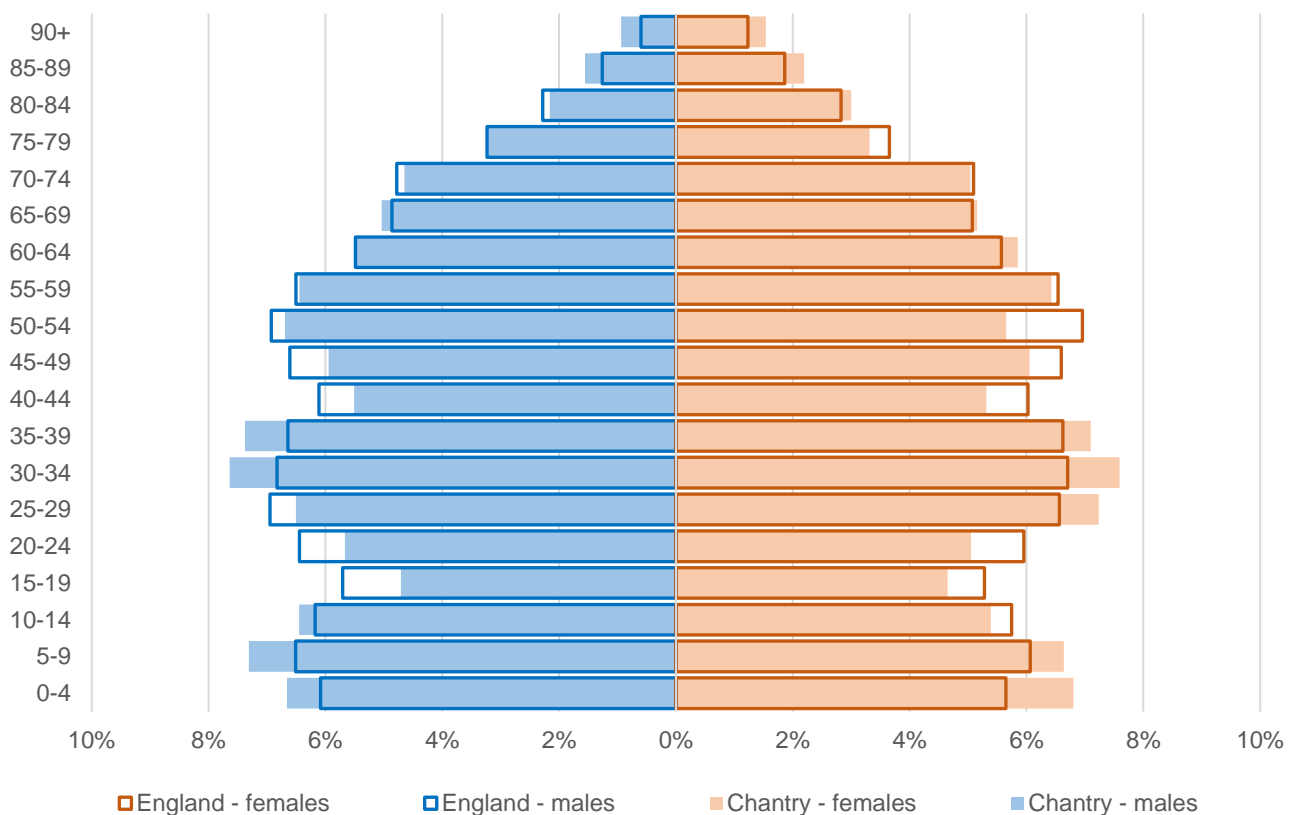
Technical Notes:

1. Where electoral divisions do not exactly match the boundaries at which the data is available (e.g. ward, Output Area or Lower Super Output Area), we have adopted a "best-fit" approach to produce a dataset.
2. District, county and national level data is provided where possible to provide a context for comparisons. Where possible we have used the most recent district boundaries for comparison purposes, but in some cases it has been necessary to use the pre-2019 districts.

DEMOGRAPHIC PROFILE - AGE

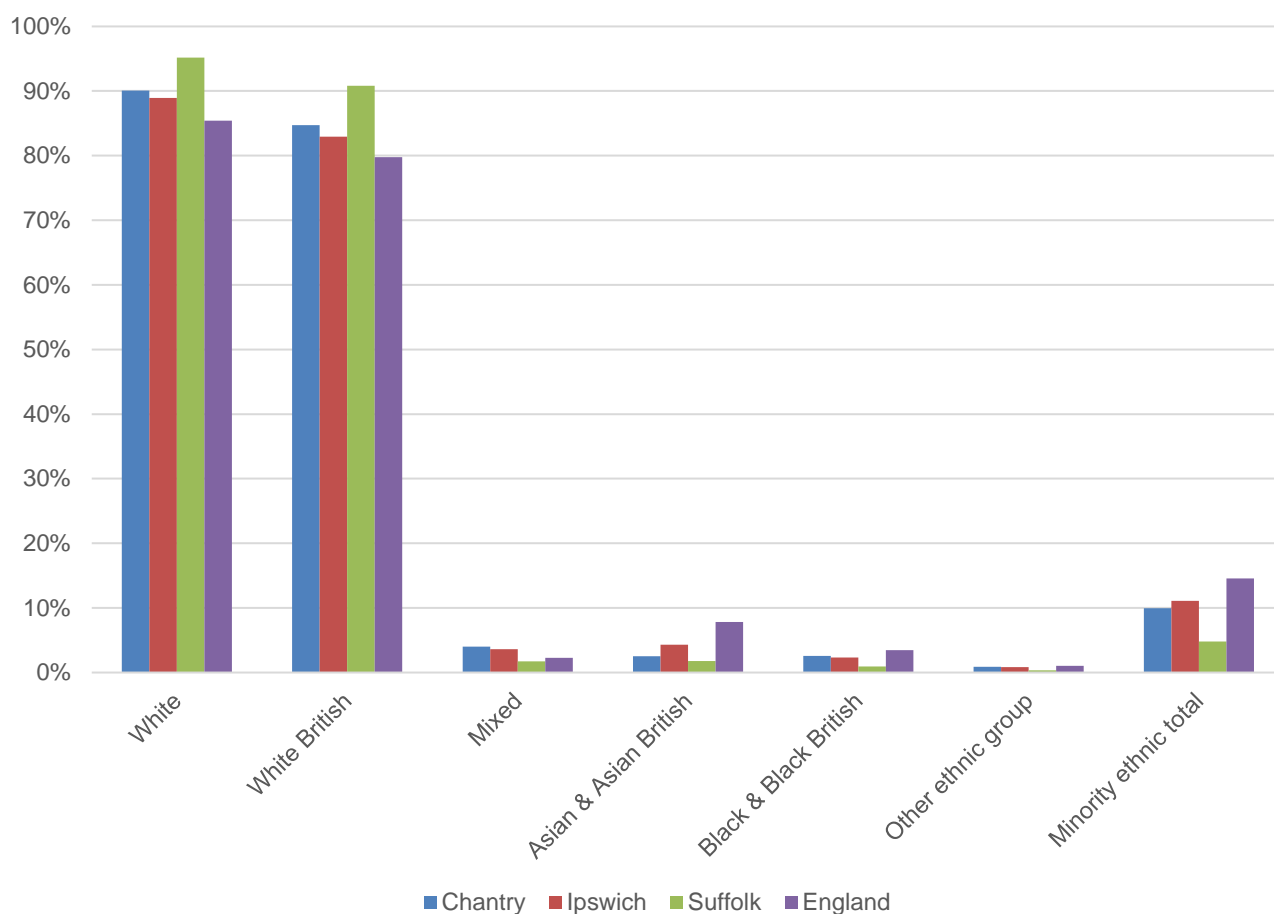
In mid-2019 the population of Chantry stood at 23,059, an increase of 1.3% since the 2011 Census. The age structure of the component wards and the division as a whole is set out below.

	Chantry Division	Gipping	Stoke Park	Sprites
All Ages	23,059	9,499	7,100	6,460
0-4	1,552	631	547	374
5-9	1,607	621	539	447
10-14	1,363	618	373	372
15-19	1,079	481	329	269
20-24	1,234	603	376	255
25-29	1,586	741	474	371
30-34	1,756	857	496	403
35-39	1,668	784	449	435
40-44	1,247	598	350	299
45-49	1,384	595	432	357
50-54	1,421	586	409	426
55-59	1,484	582	425	477
60-64	1,311	449	427	435
65-69	1,175	399	415	361
70-74	1,118	298	438	382
75-79	756	236	256	264
80-84	597	159	188	250
85-89	434	135	101	198
90+	287	126	76	85



- The age pyramid for Chantry is similar to the England average.
- There is a higher-than-average proportion of young families in the division; children aged under 10 and adults aged 30-39.
- The most common age group in Chantry is 30-34-year-olds, followed by 35-39-year-olds.

ETHNICITY

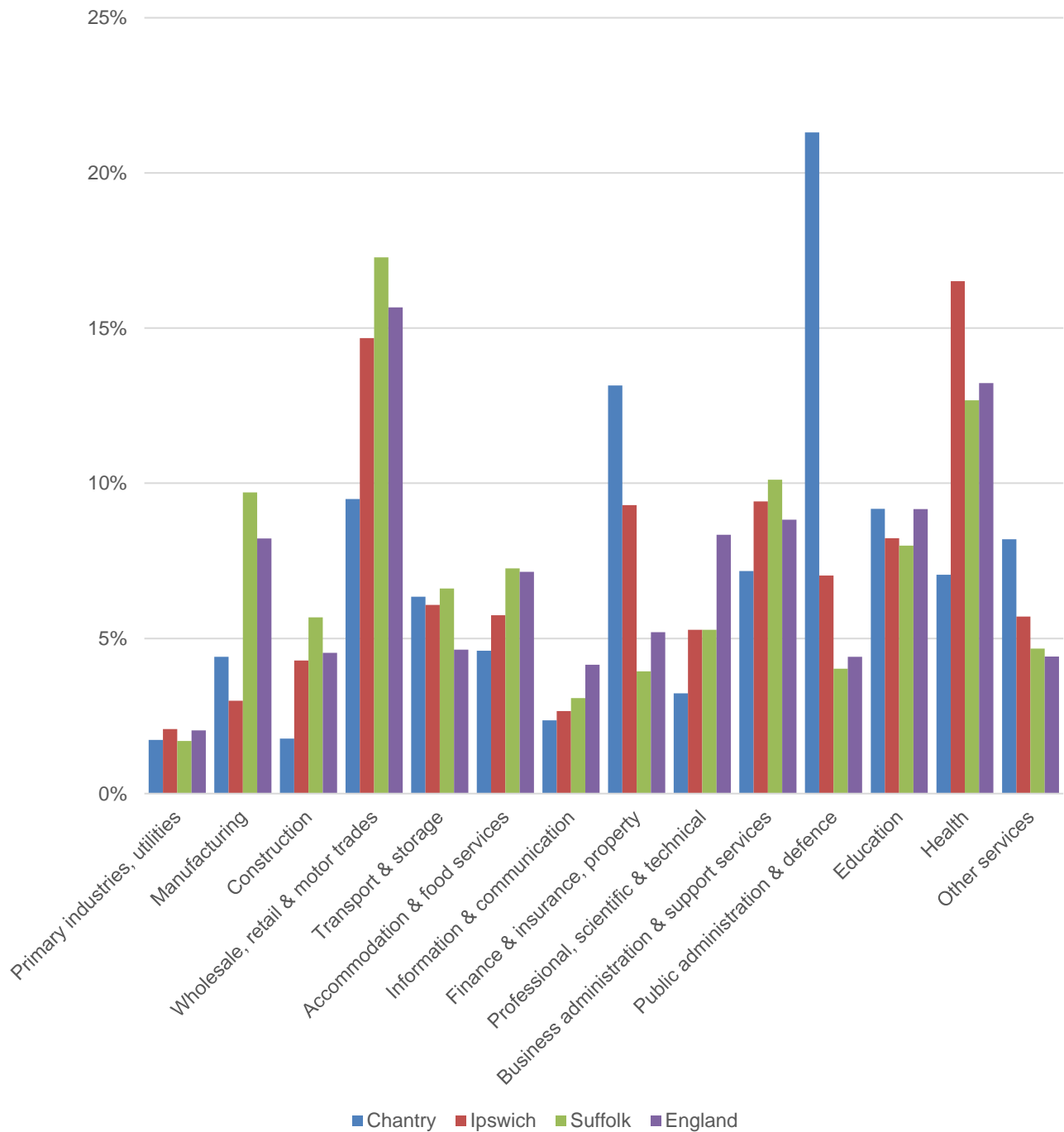


- According to the latest data (2011 Census), 90.0% (20,497) of the population of Chantry are white, with 84.7% identifying themselves as white British.
- There are 2,265 (10.0%) people of minority ethnic origin in the division.
- The ethnic breakdown of the population in Chantry is generally similar to Ipswich and more diverse than Suffolk overall.

	All people	White		White British		Mixed		Asian and Asian British		Black and Black British		Other Ethnic Group		Total minority ethnic population	
	Count	Count	%	Count	%	Count	%	Count	%	Count	%	Count	%	Count	%
Chantry	22,762	20,497	90.0	19,279	84.7	907	4.0	570	2.5	587	2.6	201	0.9	2,265	10.0
Ipswich	133,384	118,596	88.9	110,624	82.9	4,816	3.6	5,740	4.3	3,096	2.3	1,136	0.9	14,788	11.1
Suffolk	728,163	693,195	95.2	661,458	90.8	12,472	1.7	13,131	1.8	6,854	0.9	2,511	0.3	34,968	4.8
England			85.4		79.8		2.3		7.8		3.5		1.0		14.6

ECONOMY

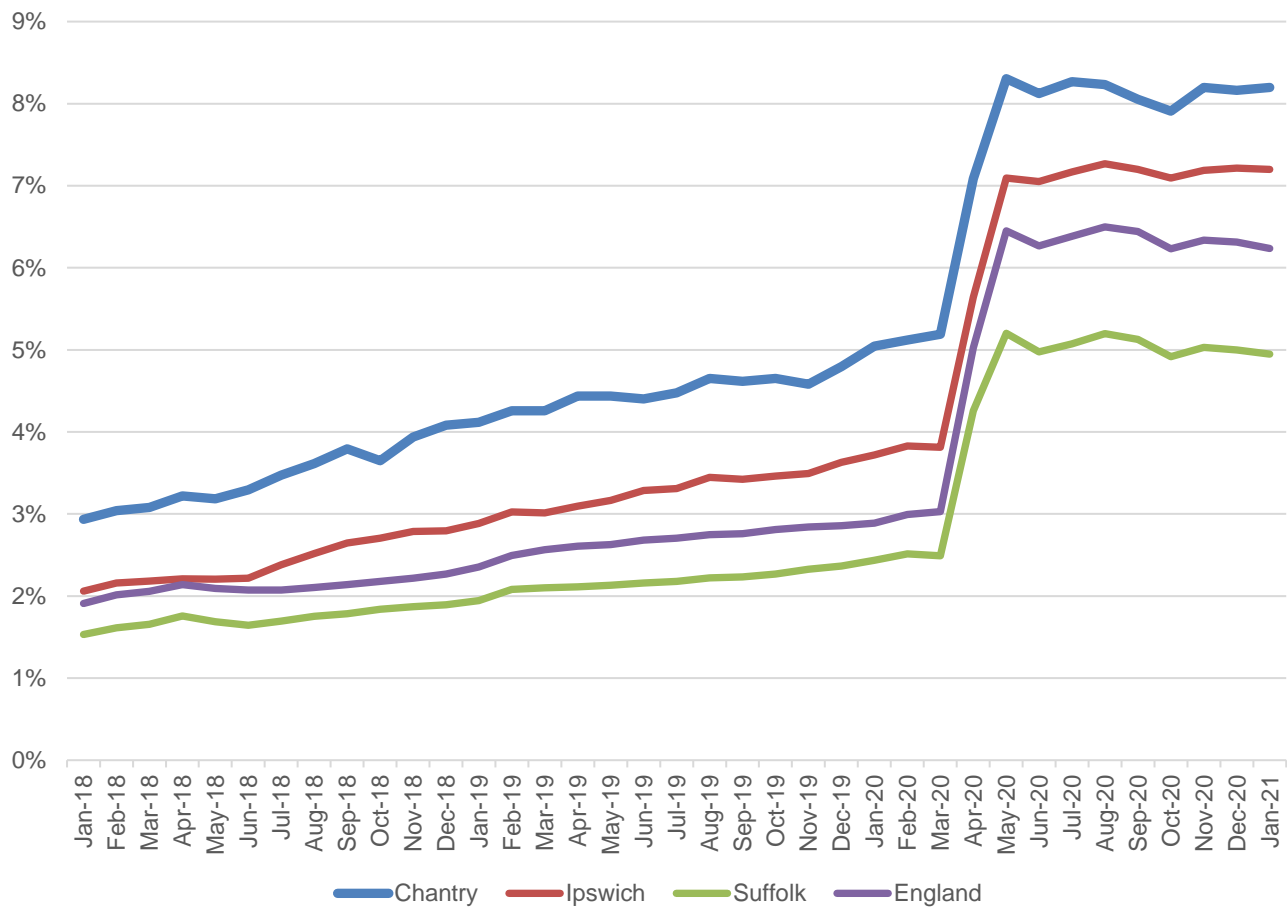
There are 12,700 people employed in Chantry.



- There is a good mix of employment in Chantry.
- The key employment sectors in Chantry are public administration and defence, finance, insurance and property, wholesale, retail and motor trades and education.
- These sectors account for more than half of jobs in the division.

LABOUR MARKET

OUT-OF-WORK BENEFIT CLAIMANT RATE



- Chantry saw a sharp increase in claimants of out-of-work benefits in the first half of 2020 as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.
- The most recent data available at the time of writing refers to January 2021, when approximately 8.2% of the working age population in Chantry are claiming out-of-work benefits. This is more than three percentage points higher than the county average.
- The claimant rate in Chantry has consistently been higher than that for Ipswich, Suffolk and England.

SCHOOLS

SCHOOL INFORMATION

Schools in the Division

Name	Phase	Academy Status	Average cohort size at:				Latest Ofsted	Latest Ofsted Date
			Foundation Stage (age 5)	KS2 (age 11)	KS4 (age 16)	KS5 (age 18)		
Gusford Community Primary School	Primary	AS	82	84			Requires improvement	28/11/2018
Ranelagh Primary School	Primary	LA	41	29			Good	09/11/2016
Sprites Primary Academy	Primary	AS	56	53			Inadequate	15/10/2019
St Mark's Catholic Primary School, Ipswich	Primary	LA	30	30			Outstanding	21/02/2008
St Matthew's CofE Primary School, Ipswich	Primary	AC	58	60			Good*	18/06/2015
The Oaks Primary School	Primary	AC	58	53			Outstanding	20/09/2018
The Willows Primary School	Primary	AC	54	30			Requires improvement*	29/01/2020
Chantry Academy	Secondary	AS			118		Good	07/11/2018
Stone Lodge Academy	Special	AS		13	23		Good	17/01/2018

Schools with catchments that overlap with the Division

Name	Phase	Academy Status	Average cohort size at:				Latest Ofsted	Latest Ofsted Date
			Foundation Stage (age 5)	KS2 (age 11)	KS4 (age 16)	KS5 (age 18)		
Halifax Primary School	Primary	AC	59	59			Good*	07/10/2015
Handford Hall Primary School	Primary	AC	49	45			Good*	26/11/2010
Stoke High School - Ormiston Academy	Secondary	AS			124		Requires improvement	09/03/2018
Westbourne Academy	Secondary	AC			184		Good	06/03/2019

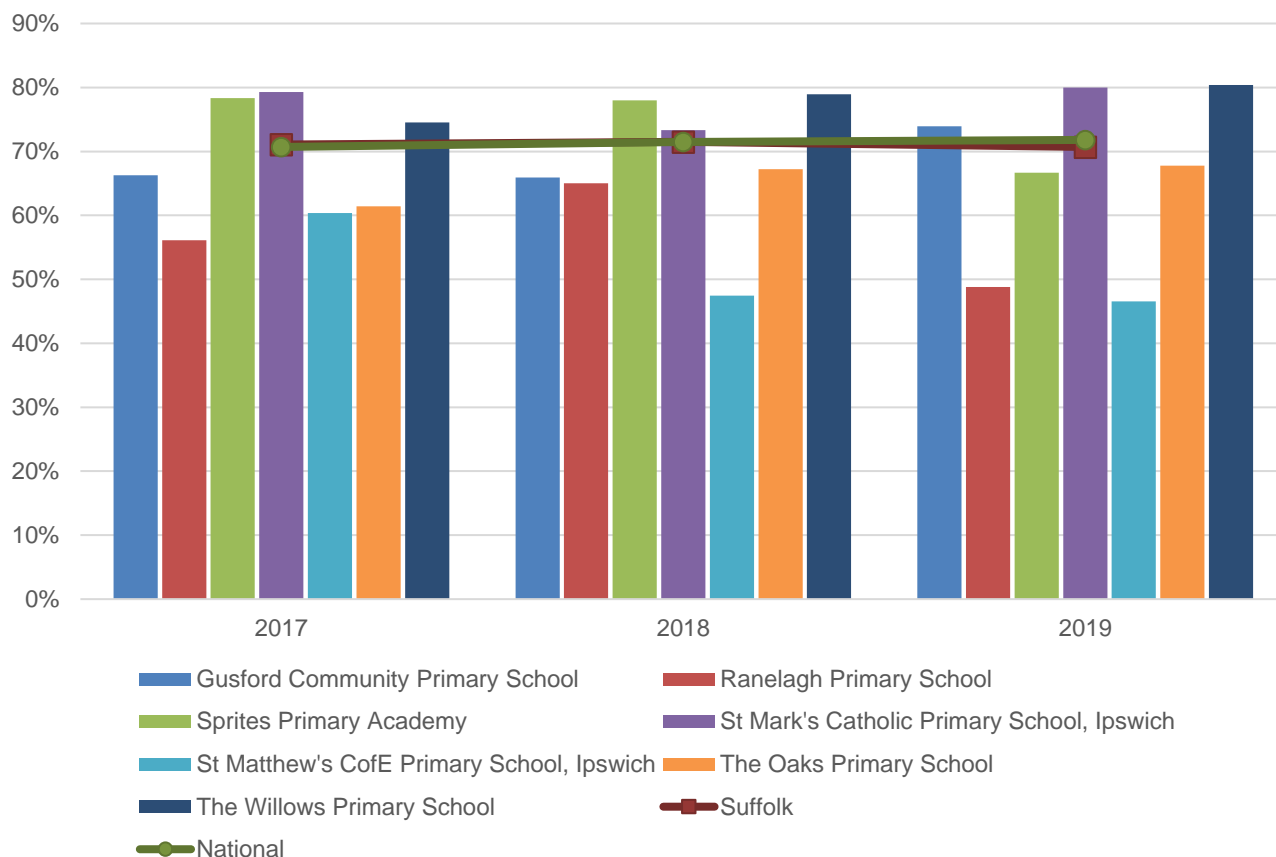
Academy Status key: AS = Academy Sponsored, AC = Academy Converter, LA = LA Maintained, F = Free

*The latest full inspection judgement does not relate to the current school

SCHOOL ATTAINMENT

Foundation Stage Profile (reception)

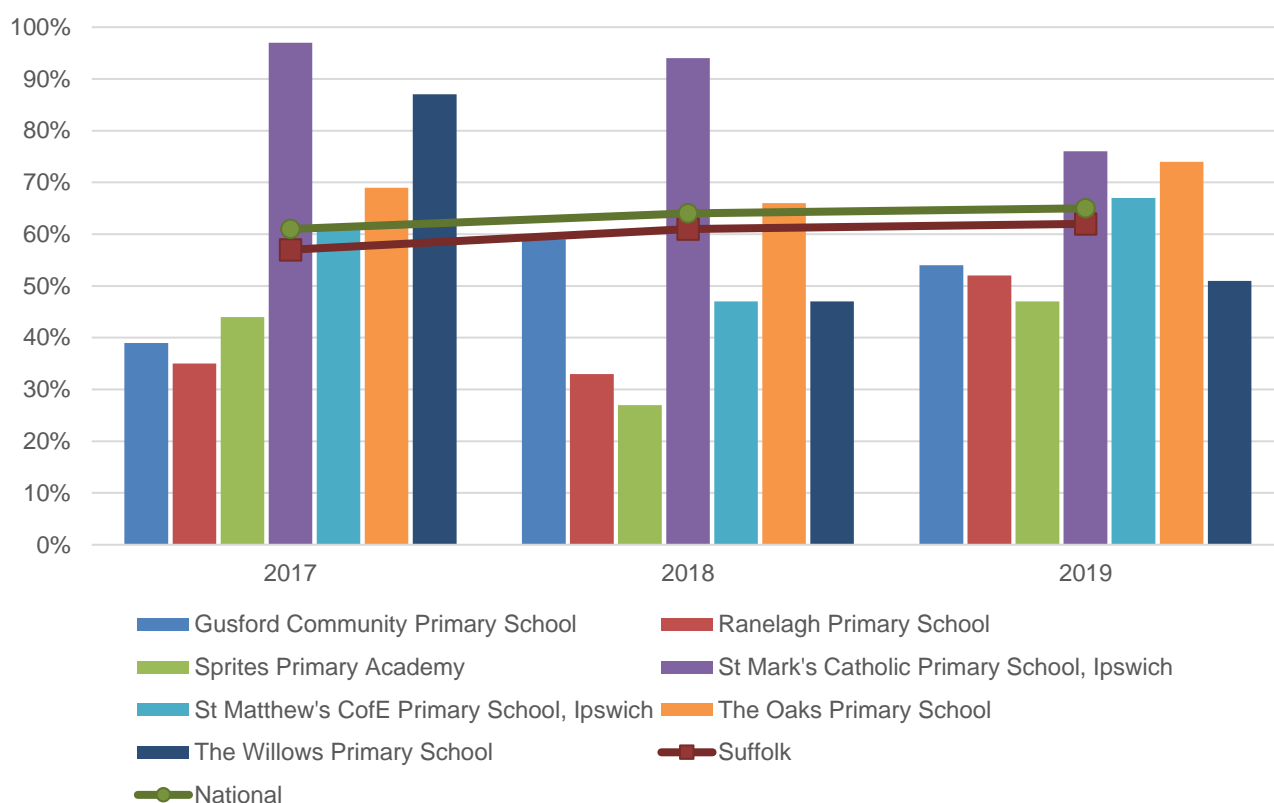
% pupils achieving Good Level of Development



- Overall, Foundation Stage attainment in Chantry has remained fairly stable from 2017 to 2019.
- Attainment at St Mark's Catholic Primary School and The Willows Primary School has been consistently above the county and national benchmarks throughout this period.
- In contrast, attainment at Ranelagh Primary, St Matthew's CEVCP and The Oaks Primary Schools has been below average in each of the last three years.
- At The Oaks Primary School, the trend has been for an improvement in attainment, with the opposite true of St Matthew's Church of England Primary School.
- Pupil attainment at Sprites Primary Academy exceeded national and county benchmarks in 2017 and 2018 but a steady decline took it marginally below average in 2019.
- Gusford Community Primary School saw above average attainment in 2019. In the two preceding years attainment at the school was around 5 percentage points below the national benchmark.

Key Stage 2 (age 11)

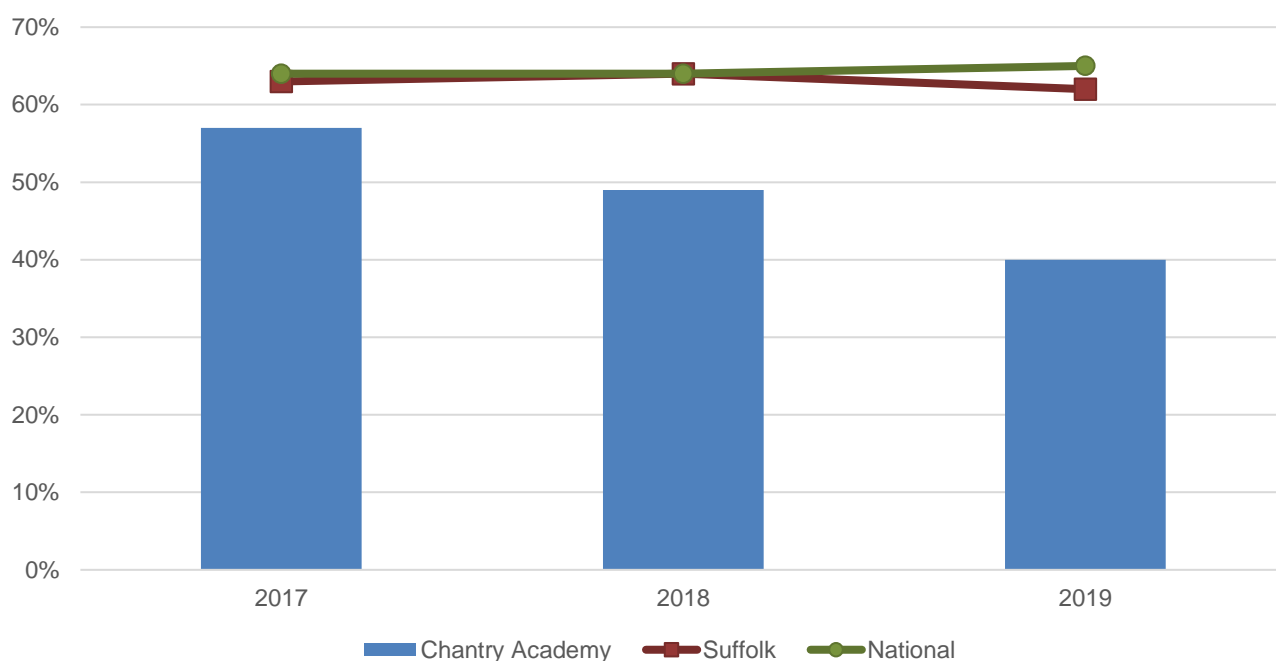
% pupils achieving the Expected Level or better in Reading, Writing and Mathematics



- Key Stage 2 attainment at schools in Chantry division have seen a great deal of variation over the last three years.
- St Mark's Catholic Primary School and The Oaks Primary School are the two schools in the division to record consistently above average attainment from 2017 to 2019.
- Gusford Community Primary, Ranelagh Primary, Sprites Primary Academy and St Matthew's Church of England Primary schools all saw attainment consistently below the county and national benchmarks during this time, though overall the trend in attainment at the three schools has seen a modest improvement.
- Pupil attainment at the Willows Primary School was among the highest of any school in the division in 2017 but has been much lower in the two subsequent years.

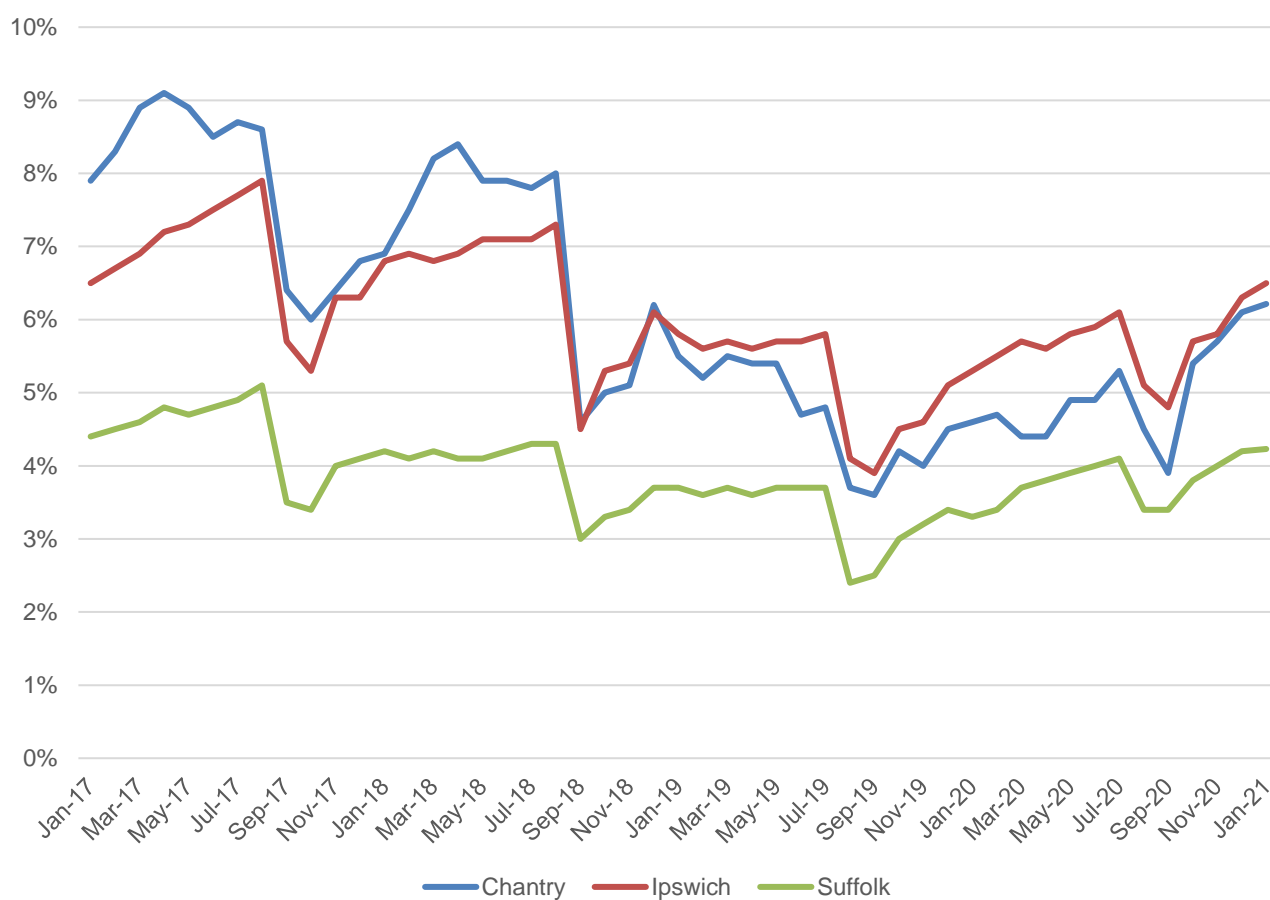
Key Stage 4 (GCSE) (age 16)

% pupils achieving level 4-9 in English and Mathematics



- GCSE attainment at Chantry Academy has been consistently below the county and national average in each of the last three years of available data.
- The percentage of pupils achieving level 4-9 in English and mathematics at the school has also declined year on year.

NEET % (NOT IN EDUCATION, EMPLOYMENT OR TRAINING)

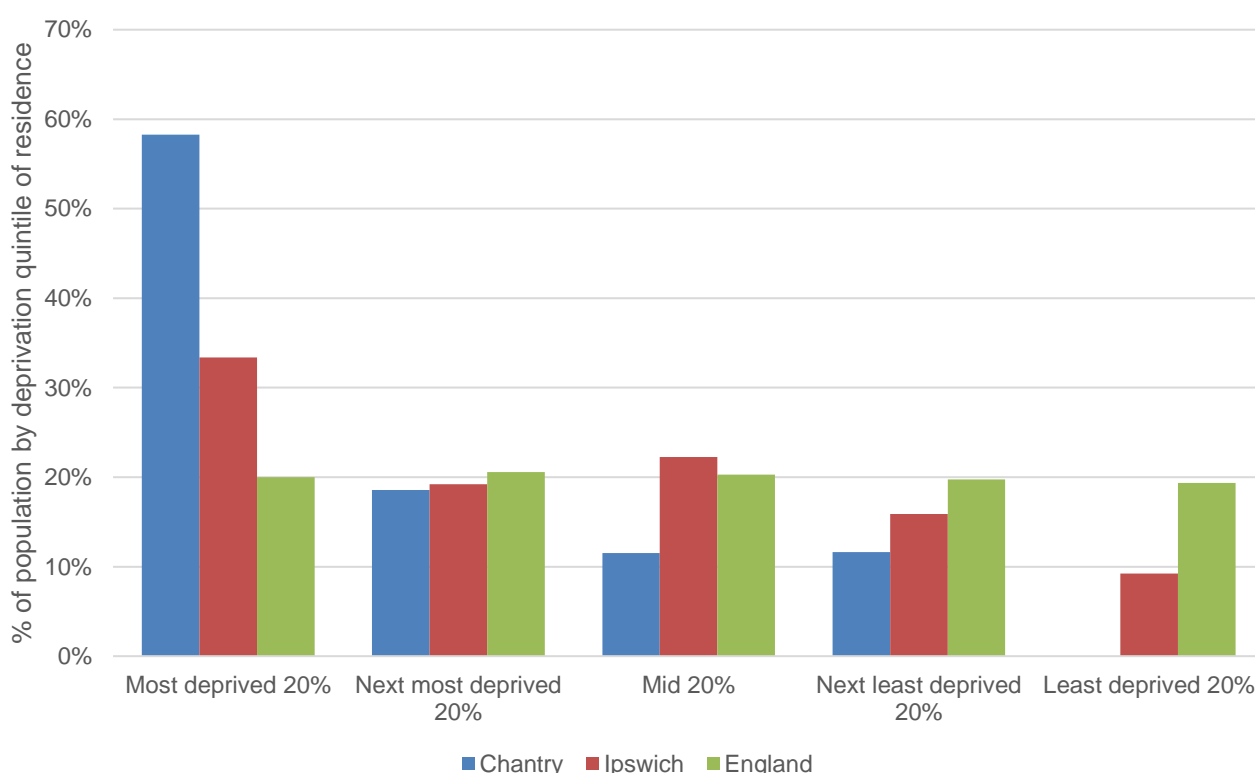


- In January 2021, 6.2% of 16–18-year-olds were classified as NEET in Chantry (where current activity was known).
- NEET levels in Chantry are generally very similar to the Ipswich Borough level, but 2 to 4 percentage points higher than the county average.

INDEX OF MULTIPLE DEPRIVATION (IMD) 2019 (SEE MAP OVERLEAF)

The IMD combines a number of indicators, chosen to cover a range of economic, social and housing issues, into a single deprivation score for each small area in England. This allows each area to be ranked relative to one another according to their level of deprivation. Small areas (Lower Super Output Areas, average population 1,700) are most commonly described as being in 1 of 5 quintile bands. The bottom quintile represents the 20% of areas that are the most deprived in England; these are shaded pale yellow on the map. The top quintile represents the least deprived areas in England and is shaded dark blue.

The Index is widely used to analyse patterns of deprivation, identify areas that would benefit from special initiatives or programmes and as a tool to determine eligibility for specific funding streams.



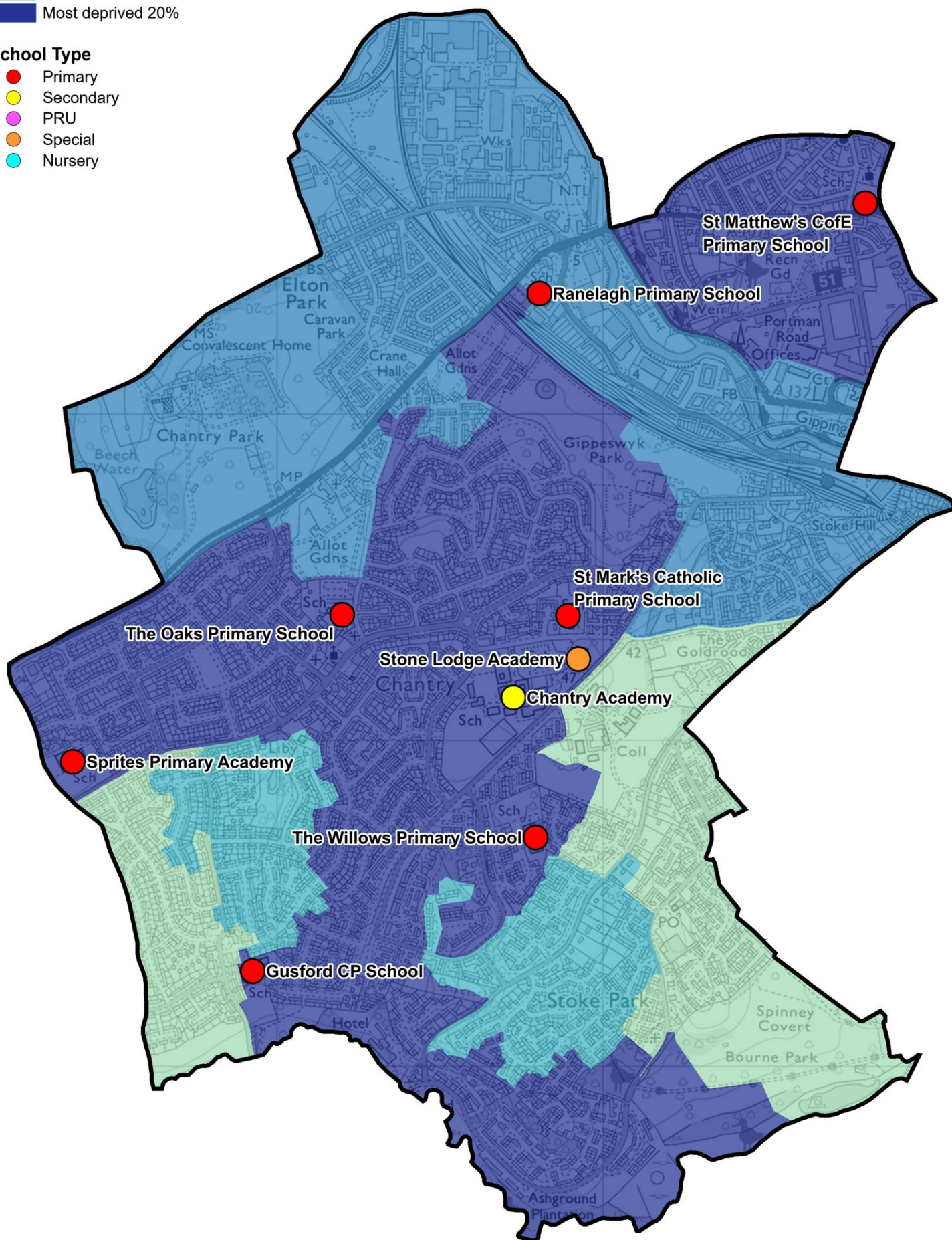
- The IMD 2019 shows that relative deprivation levels in Chantry quite varied. There is significant inequality in the division.
- Of the fifteen Lower Layer Super Output Areas (LSOA) comprising the division, nine are ranked in the top 20% most deprived LSOAs in the country (58% of the population of the division lives in these areas), two are in the next worst quintile, two are in the mid quintile, and two are in the second least deprived quintile in England.

IMD 2019 quintile

- Least deprived 20%
- Next least deprived 20%
- Mid 20%
- Next most deprived 20%
- Most deprived 20%

School Type

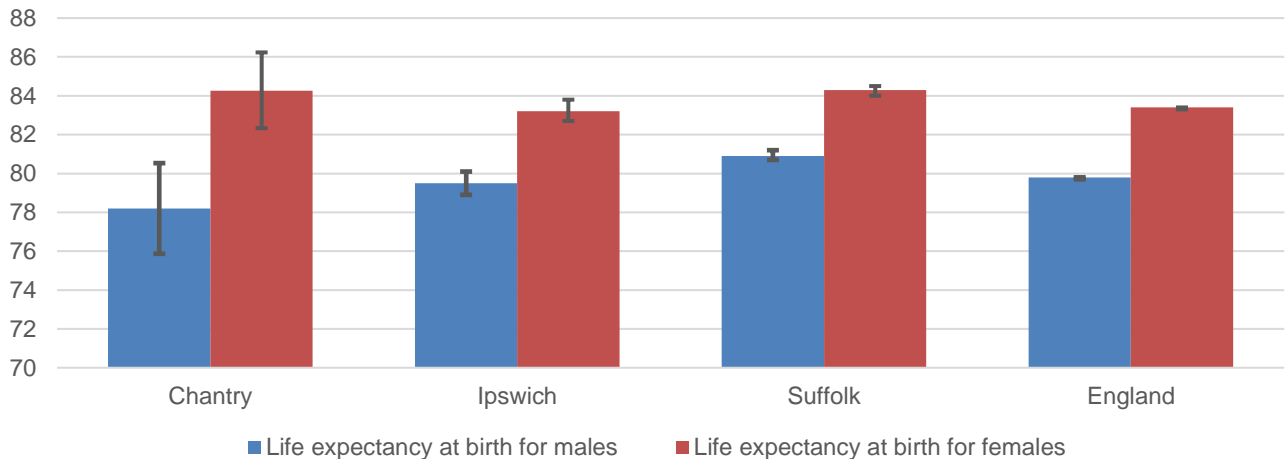
- Primary
- Secondary
- PRU
- Special
- Nursery



HEALTH

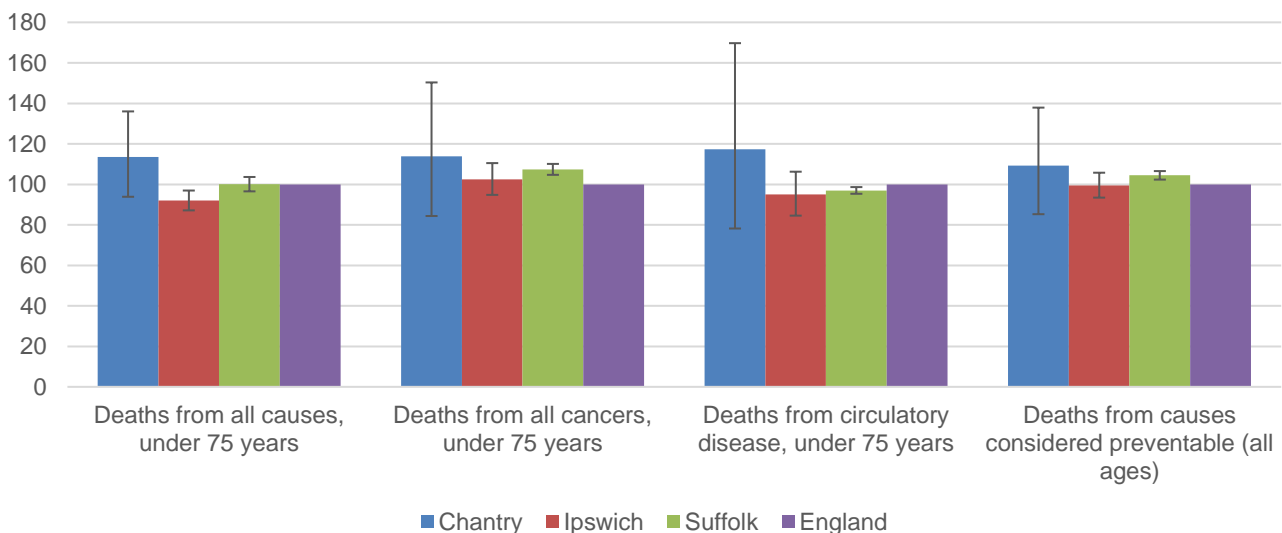
The local data used here is based on relatively small numbers. The confidence limits provide an indication of the reliability of the data. The 95% confidence intervals utilised on the chart provide a range within which there is 95% chance of the true result lying.

LIFE EXPECTANCY AT BIRTH



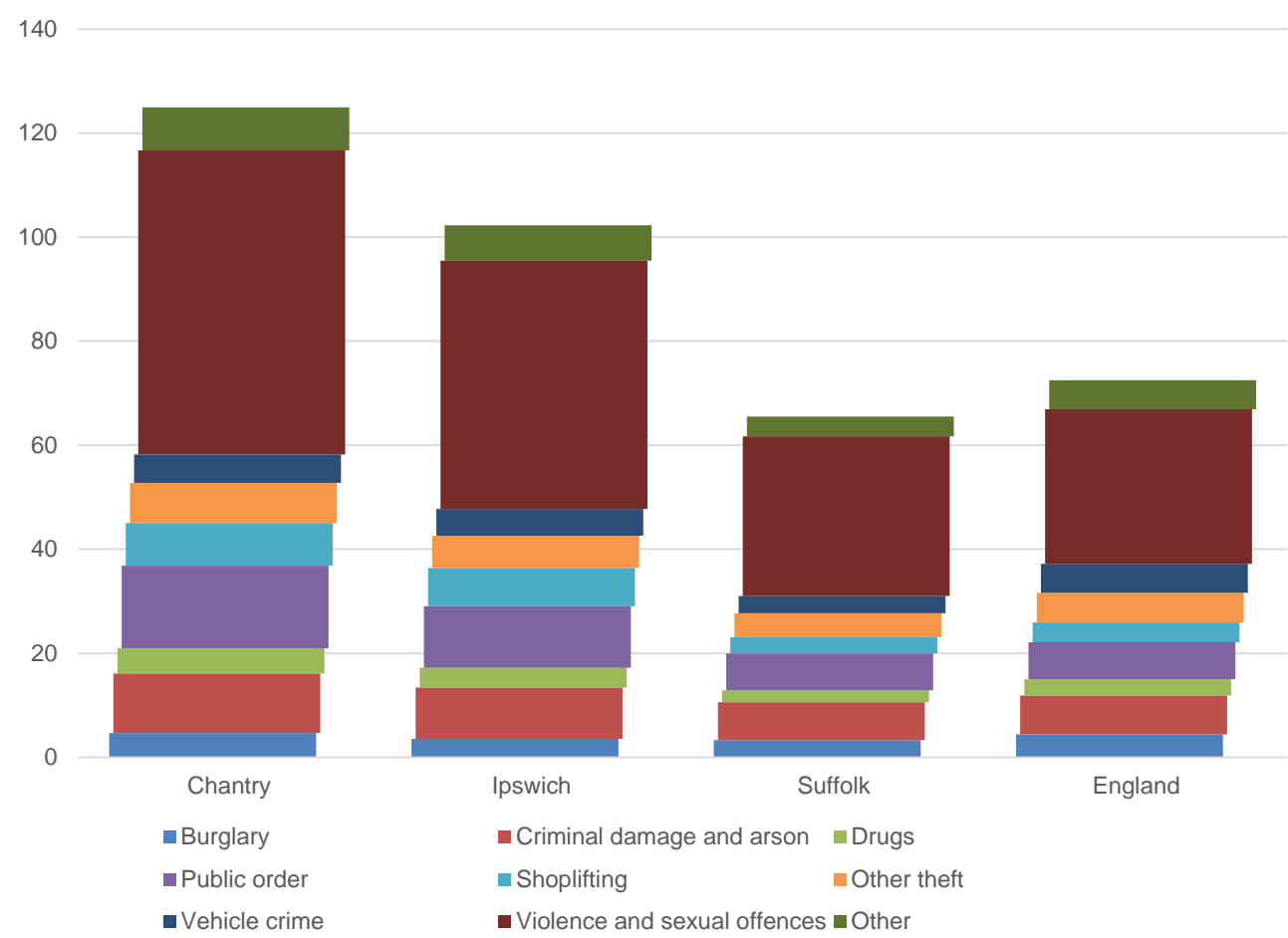
- Estimated life expectancy for males in Chantry, at 78.2 years, is slightly below the Ipswich and national averages and more than 2.5 years below the Suffolk average.
- However, the life expectancy estimate for females, at 84.3 years, is level with the county average and above the Ipswich and national averages.

DEATHS, UNDER 75 YEARS, STANDARDISED MORTALITY RATIO



- The rate of deaths from all causes for those aged under 75 years in Chantry is higher than the Ipswich, Suffolk and national figure.
- The standardised mortality ratio data shown here means that for every 100 early deaths from all causes across England as a whole, there are an estimated 114 comparable deaths in Chantry.
- Deaths from causes considered preventable among all age groups are also estimated to occur at a higher rate than the benchmark areas.
- The confidence intervals around these data are wide due to the small number of deaths at a local level.

CRIME & COMMUNITY SAFETY



- Chantry has a substantially higher crime rate than Suffolk as a whole, while the rate is also slightly above that for Ipswich.
- In Chantry, 125 crimes per 1,000 residents were recorded in the year to the end of January 2021, compared to 102 in Ipswich and 66 countywide.
- Violence and sexual offences accounted for more than 45% of crimes recorded during this period; a similar ratio to that seen elsewhere.
- All types of crime are recorded at a higher rate in Chantry than in Ipswich, Suffolk or England as a whole.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Parishes in Division

Ipswich (part)

DATA SOURCES

Category	Indicator	Source
Demographic Profile	Quinary population table 2019	ONS 2019 mid-year population estimates
	Population pyramid 2019	ONS 2019 mid-year population estimates
	Ethnicity 2011	ONS 2011 Census
Economy	Employment by broad industrial sector 2019	ONS Business Register and Employment Survey via NOMIS
Labour market	Claimant count: The number of people claiming Jobseeker's Allowance plus those who claim Universal Credit who are out of work (% 16-64 population) January 2018- February 2021	DWP via NOMIS
Education	School information and attainment 2017-2019	Suffolk County Council
	% 16-18-year-olds NEET (Not in Employment, Education or Training) 2017-2021	Suffolk County Council via the Suffolk Observatory
Deprivation	Index of Multiple Deprivation 2019	Ministry for Housing, Communities and Local Government
Health	Life expectancy at birth 2013-2017	Public Health England
Health	Standardised mortality ratio for deaths from all causes, cancer and circulatory disease, (aged under 75), and death from causes considered preventable (all ages), 2013-2017. The standardised mortality ratio is the ratio of observed deaths in the study group to expected deaths in the general population.	Public Health England
Community Safety	Recorded crime rate per 1,000 resident population February 2020 to January 2021	Data.police.uk via the Suffolk Observatory

S

For more data and information about Chantry Electoral Division, see the Suffolk Observatory www.suffolkobservatory.info

