



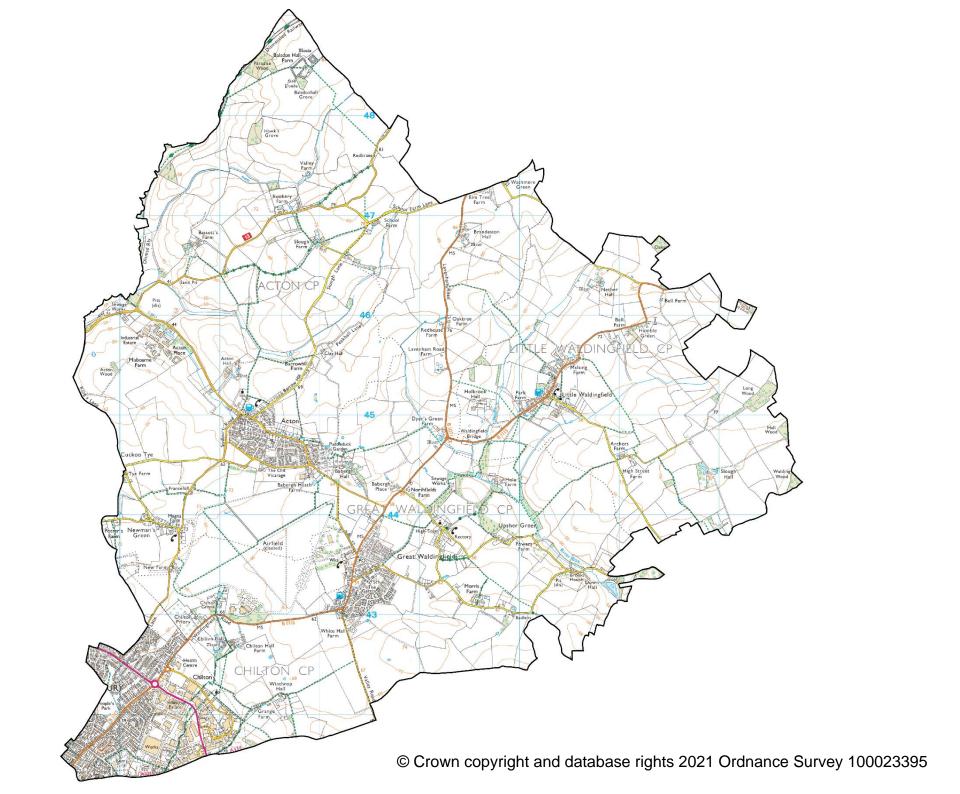


SUDBURY EAST & WALDINGFIELD

ELECTORAL DIVISION PROFILE 2021

This Division comprises large parts of Sudbury North East, Sudbury South East and Lavenham Wards and small parts of Long Melford and Sudbury South West Wards

www.suffolkobservatory.info



CONTENTS

- Demographic Profile: Age & Ethnicity
- Economy and Labour Market
- Schools & NEET
- Index of Multiple Deprivation
- Health
- Crime & Community Safety
- Additional Information
- Data Sources

ELECTORAL DIVISION PROFILES: AN INTRODUCTION

These profiles have been produced to support elected members, constituents and other interested parties in understanding the demographic, economic, social and educational profile of their neighbourhoods. We have used the latest data available at the time of publication.

Much more data is available from national and local sources than is captured here, but it is hoped that the profile will be a useful starting point for discussion, where local knowledge and experience can be used to flesh out and illuminate the information presented here.

The profile can be used to help look at some fundamental questions e.g.

- Does the age profile of the population match or differ from the national profile?
- Is there evidence of the ageing profile of the county in all the wards in the Division or just some?
- How diverse is the community in terms of ethnicity?
- What is the impact of deprivation on families and residents?
- Does there seem to be a link between deprivation and school performance?
- What is the breakdown of employment sectors in the area?
- Is it a relatively healthy area compared to the rest of the district or county?
- What sort of crime is prevalent in the community?

A vast amount of additional data is available on the Suffolk Observatory

www.suffolkobservatory.info

The Suffolk Observatory is a free online resource that contains all Suffolk's vital statistics; it is the one-stop-shop for information and intelligence about Suffolk. Through data, reports and maps, the Suffolk Observatory provides a comprehensive picture of the County. It is a great source for useful facts and figures that can be used for writing reports and presentations, informing strategic and business planning, preparing funding applications or supporting academic research. Data is presented around the key themes of population, children and young people, health and social care, housing, crime and community safety, deprivation, economy and employment and environment. All areas of the county are covered, right down to district, electoral division, ward and parish level, with information easily accessible in a variety of formats. You can also build your own reports for custom areas.

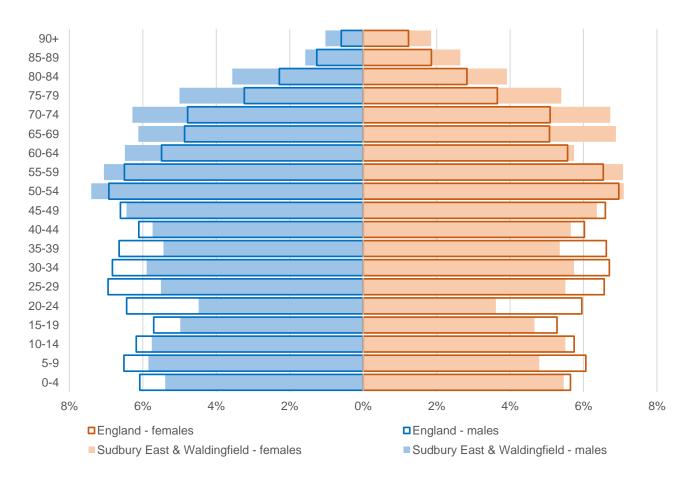
Technical Notes:

- 1. Where electoral divisions do not exactly match the boundaries at which the data is available (e.g. ward, Output Area or Lower Super Output Area), we have adopted a "best-fit" approach to produce a dataset.
- District, county and national level data is provided where possible to provide a context for comparisons. Where possible we have used the most recent district boundaries for comparison purposes, but in some cases it has been necessary to use the pre-2019 districts.

DEMOGRAPHIC PROFILE - AGE

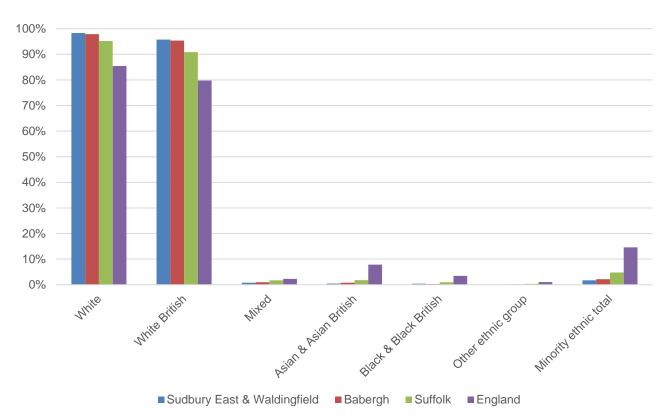
In mid-2019 the population of Sudbury East and Waldingfield stood at 9,027, an increase of 8.9% since the 2011 Census. The age structure of the component wards and the division as a whole is set out below.

	Sudbury East and Waldingfield Division	Sudbury North East	Lavenham	Long Melford	Sudbury South East	Sudbury South West
All Ages	9,027	2,823	2,452	1,865	1,546	341
0-4	490	201	124	79	82	<5
5-9	479	184	131	100	56	8
10-14	508	191	144	103	55	15
15-19	435	145	105	105	62	18
20-24	364	139	79	85	52	9
25-29	497	201	104	84	98	10
30-34	525	212	105	95	93	20
35-39	487	195	109	115	59	9
40-44	514	189	141	108	65	11
45-49	578	189	146	109	107	27
50-54	654	168	182	155	118	31
55-59	638	163	196	154	108	17
60-64	551	153	169	124	84	21
65-69	588	127	187	146	96	32
70-74	588	134	180	130	101	43
75-79	470	105	138	88	107	32
80-84	338	77	118	39	87	17
85-89	192	37	58	29	54	14
90+	131	13	36	17	62	<5



- The age pyramid for Sudbury East and Waldingfield shows a higher-than-average proportion of people in every age band over the age of 50.
- The most common age group is 50-54-year-olds, followed by 55-59-year-olds.
- There is a much lower than average proportion of people of working age in the division, particularly 20-39-year-olds.

ETHNICITY

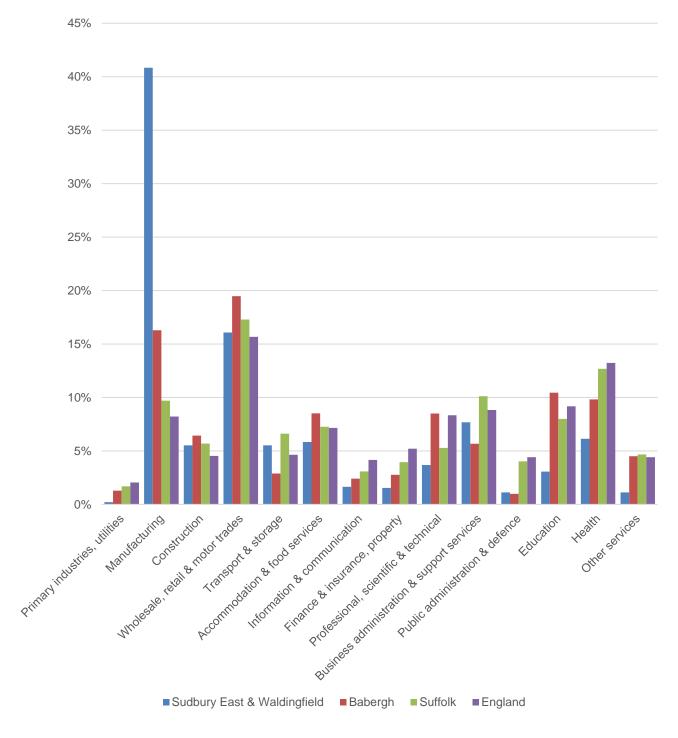


- According to the latest data (2011 Census), 98.3% of the population of Sudbury East and Waldingfield are white
- 1.7% of the population are of minority ethnic origin in the division.
- Sudbury East and Waldingfield has a similar diversity profile to Babergh district, and generally lower proportions of minority ethnic groups than Suffolk as a whole.

		Sudbury East & Waldingfield	Babergh	Suffolk	England
All people	Count	8,293	87,740	728,163	
White	Count	8,153	85,845	693,195	
wille	%	98.3	97.8	95.2	85.4
White British	Count	7,942	83,666	661,458	
white british	%	95.8	95.4	90.8	79.8
Mixed	Count	66	827	12,472	
Wilked	%	0.8	0.9	1.7	2.3
Asian and Asian	Count	37	666	13,131	
British	%	0.4	0.8	1.8	7.8
Black and Black	Count	31	264	6,854	
British	%	0.4	0.3	0.9	3.5
Other Ethnic	Count	6	138	2,511	
Group	%	0.1	0.2	0.3	1.0
Total minority	Count	140	1,895	34,968	
ethnic population	%	1.7	2.2	4.8	14.6

ECONOMY

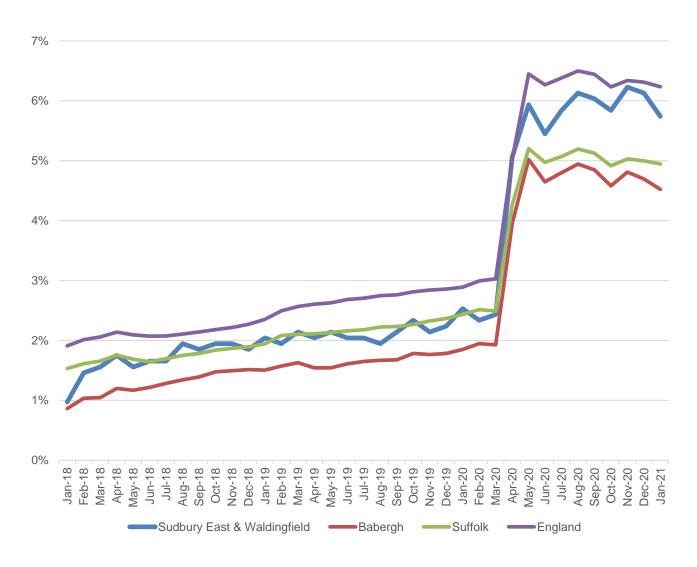
There are 4,900 people employed in Sudbury East and Waldingfield.



- Employment in Sudbury East and Waldingfield is dominated by the manufacturing sector, which accounts for over 40% of jobs in the division. This is more than four times the proportion of manufacturing jobs seen across Suffolk and England as a whole.
- Wholesale, retail and motor trades is the second most important sector in the division, supporting over 15% of jobs.
- Business administration and support services accounts for around 1 in 13 jobs, with construction, transport and storage and health also supporting significant numbers of jobs.

LABOUR MARKET

OUT-OF-WORK BENEFIT CLAIMANT RATE



- Sudbury East and Waldingfield saw a sharp increase in claimants of out-of-work benefits in the first half of 2020 as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.
- In January 2021, 5.7% of the working age population (aged 16-64) were claiming out-of-work benefits, half a percentage point below the England average but 1.2 percentage points higher than the Babergh figure.
- Claimant unemployment levels in the division are consistently slightly higher than the Babergh level, similar to the Suffolk figure and below the England average.

SCHOOLS

SCHOOL INFORMATION

Schools in the Division

	Average cohort size at:							
Name	Phase	Academy Status	Foundation Stage (age 5)	KS2 (age 11)	KS4 (age 16)	KS5 (age 18)	Latest Ofsted	Latest Ofsted Date
Acton CEVCP School	Primary	LA	24	21			Good	08/11/2017
Great Waldingfield CEVCP School	Primary	LA	21	22			Good	05/05/2016

Schools with catchments that overlap with the Division

	Average cohort size at:							
Name	Phase	Academy Status	Foundation Stage (age 5)	KS2 (age 11)	KS4 (age 16)	KS5 (age 18)	Latest Ofsted	Latest Ofsted Date
St Gregory CEVCP School	Primary	LA	29	34			Good	21/04/2017
Tudor CofE Primary School, Sudbury	Primary	AS	25	38			Good	10/05/2018
Woodhall Primary School	Primary	AS	53	52			Good*	03/12/2019
Ormiston Sudbury Academy	Secondary	AS			108	40	Good	06/06/2014

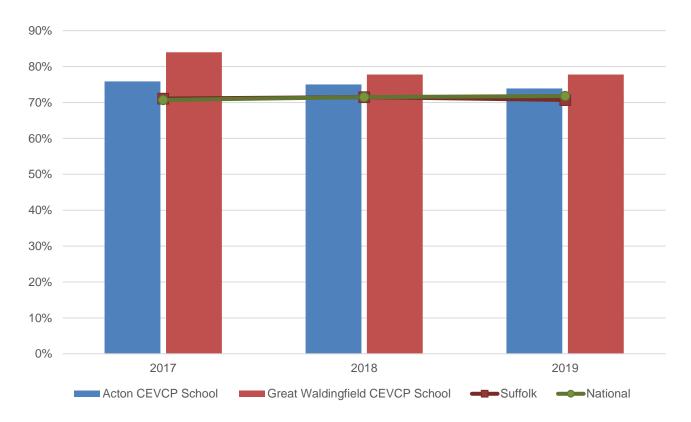
Academy Status key: AS = Academy Sponsored, AC = Academy Converter, LA = LA Maintained, F = Free

^{*}The latest full inspection judgement does not relate to the current school

SCHOOL ATTAINMENT

Foundation Stage Profile (reception)

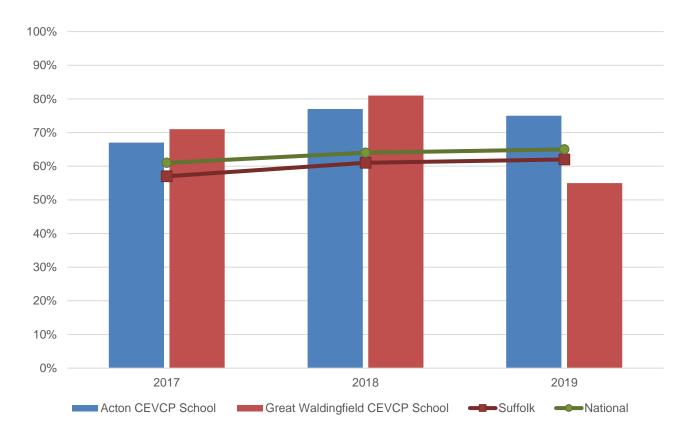
% pupils achieving Good Level of Development (GLD)



- Foundation Stage attainment at both primary schools in Sudbury East and Waldingfield has been consistently above average during the most recent three years of available data.
- Great Waldingfield CEVCP School has seen slightly the higher attainment of the two schools in each year.
- Attainment has remained fairly stable at both schools, with little in the way of variation year on year.

Key Stage 2 (age 11)

% pupils achieving the Expected Level or better in Reading, Writing and Mathematics



- Key Stage 2 attainment at the two schools in Sudbury East and Waldingfield has generally been very high and above the county and national average.
- Only Great Waldingfield CEVCP School's 2019 attainment was below average of the three years of data from both schools.
- Attainment improved at both Acton CEVCP and Great Waldingfield CEVCP Schools from 2017 to 2018.

Key Stage 4 (GCSE) (age 16) and Key Stage 5 (A Level) (age 18)

There are no Upper Schools located within the division

NEET % (NOT IN EDUCATION, EMPLOYMENT OR TRAINING)

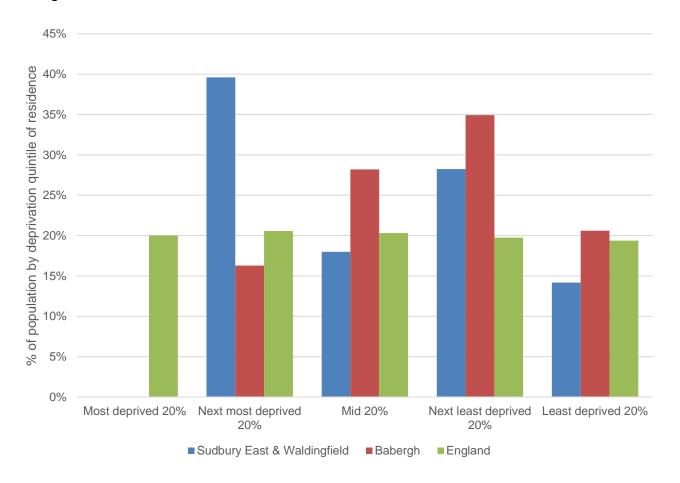


- In January 2021 5.3% of 16-18-year-olds were classified as NEET in Sudbury East and Waldingfield (where current activity is known).
- Levels of NEET in Sudbury East and Waldingfield have fluctuated considerably from 2017 to 2021. Earlier in the period the rate in the division was similar to or below the Babergh level but over the past 18 months or so it has been considerably higher.

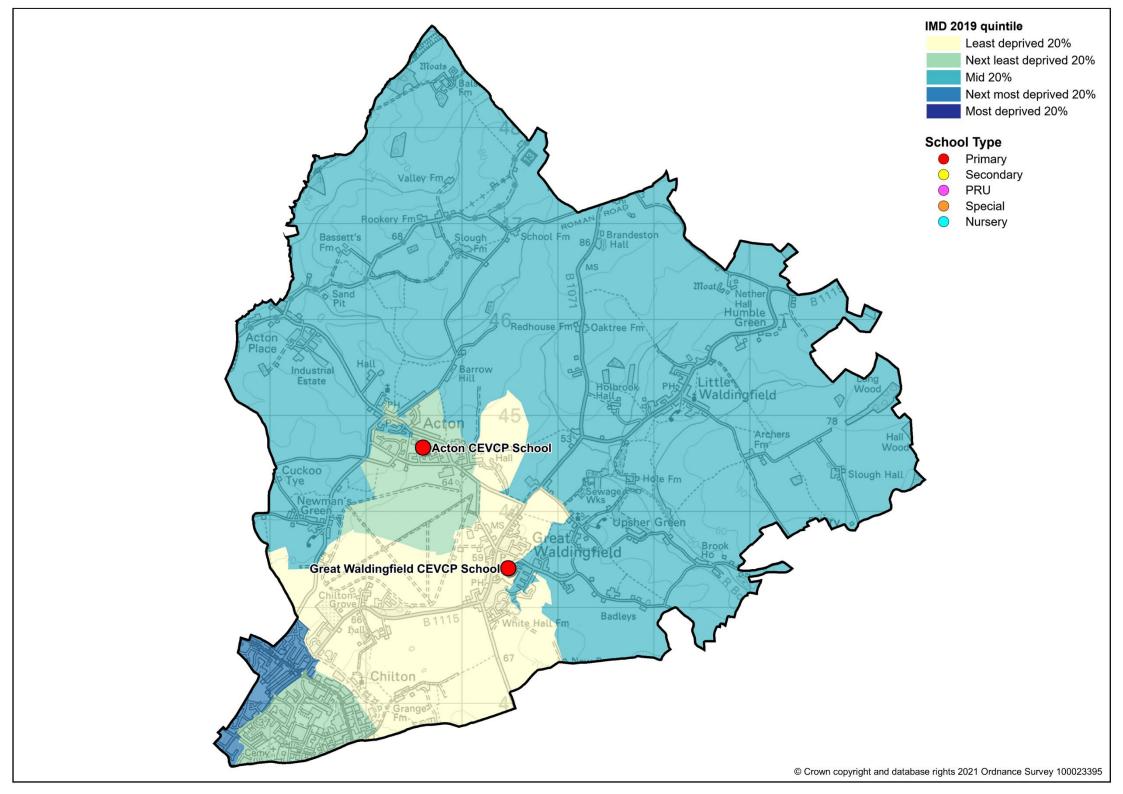
INDEX OF MULTIPLE DEPRIVATION (IMD) 2019 (SEE MAP OVERLEAF)

The IMD combines a number of indicators, chosen to cover a range of economic, social and housing issues, into a single deprivation score for each small area in England. This allows each area to be ranked relative to one another according to their level of deprivation. Small areas (Lower Super Output Areas, average population 1,700) are most commonly described as being in 1 of 5 quintile bands. The bottom quintile represents the 20% of areas that are the most deprived in England; these are shaded pale yellow on the map. The top quintile represents the least deprived areas in England and is shaded dark blue.

The Index is widely used to analyse patterns of deprivation, identify areas that would benefit from special initiatives or programmes and as a tool to determine eligibility for specific funding streams.



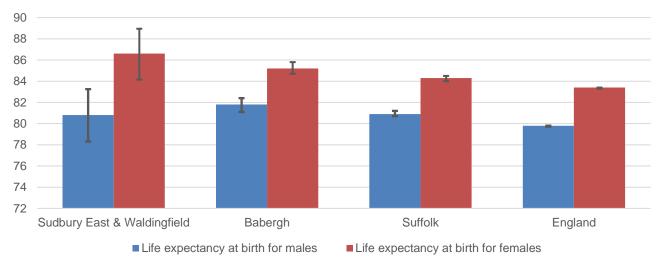
- The IMD 2019 shows that deprivation levels in Sudbury East and Waldingfield are varied, with parts of the division among the next most deprived 20% nationally but also in the least deprived 20%.
- Of the six Lower Layer Super Output Areas (LSOA) comprising the division, two are ranked in the next least deprived 20% LSOAs in the country (home to almost 40% of the population of the division), one is in the mid quintile, two are in the second least deprived quintile and one is in the least deprived quintile.



HEALTH

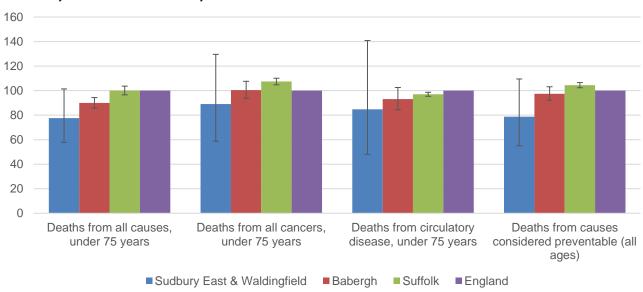
The local data used here is based on relatively small numbers. The confidence limits provide an indication of the reliability of the data. The 95% confidence intervals utilised on the chart provide a range within which there is 95% chance of the true result lying.

LIFE EXPECTANCY AT BIRTH



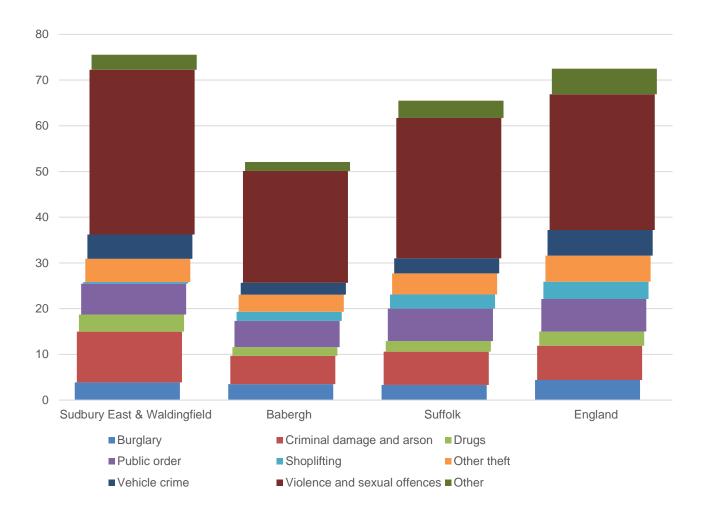
- The life expectancy estimate for females in Sudbury East and Waldingfield (86.6 years) is above the district (85.2), county (84.3) and national (83.4) averages.
- Male life expectancy at birth in the division is similar to the Suffolk figure of 81, but around one year below the Babergh level (81.8).

DEATHS, UNDER 75 YEARS, STANDARDISED MORTALITY RATIO



- Rates of early deaths across Sudbury East and Waldingfield are below the Babergh, Suffolk and national averages.
- The standardised mortality ratio data shown here means that for every 100 early deaths
 from all causes across England as a whole, there are an estimated 78 comparable deaths
 in Sudbury East and Waldingfield.

CRIME & COMMUNITY SAFETY



- Sudbury East and Waldingfield has a higher rate of crime than Babergh district, Suffolk county and England as a whole.
- Approximately 76 crimes per 1,000 residents were recorded in the division in the year to the end of January 2021 compared to 52 in Babergh and 66 across Suffolk.
- Violence and sexual offences accounted for almost half of all crimes recorded in the division during this period. The rate of all crimes was higher in the division than the comparator areas shown here, with the exception of shoplifting.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Parishes in Division

Acton
Chilton
Great Waldingfield
Little Waldingfield
Sudbury (part)

DATA SOURCES

Category	Indicator	Source		
	Quinary population table 2019	ONS 2019 mid-year population estimates		
Demographic Profile	Population pyramid 2019	ONS 2019 mid-year population estimates		
	Ethnicity 2011	ONS 2011 Census		
Economy	Employment by broad industrial sector 2019	ONS Business Register and Employment Survey via NOMIS		
Labour market	Claimant count: The number of people claiming Jobseeker's Allowance plus those who claim Universal Credit who are out of work (% 16-64 population) January 2018- February 2021	DWP via NOMIS		
	School information and attainment 2017-2019	Suffolk County Council		
Education	% 16-18-year-olds NEET (Not in Employment, Education or Training) 2017-2021	Suffolk County Council via the Suffolk Observatory		
Deprivation	Index of Multiple Deprivation 2019	Ministry for Housing, Communities and Local Government		
Health	Life expectancy at birth 2013-2017	Public Health England		
Health	Standardised mortality ratio for deaths from all causes, cancer and circulatory disease, (aged under 75), and death from causes considered preventable (all ages), 2013-2017. The standardised mortality ratio is the ratio of observed deaths in the study group to expected deaths in the general population.	Public Health England		
Community Safety	Recorded crime rate per 1,000 resident population February 2020 to January 2021	Data.police.uk via the Suffolk Observatory		

For more data and information about Sudbury East and Waldingfield Electoral Division, see the Suffolk Observatory www.suffolkobservatory.info

