

PENINSULA

ELECTORAL DIVISION PROFILE 2021

This Division comprises Brantham, Ganges and Stour Wards in their entirety plus part of Orwell Ward

www.suffolkobservatory.info



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ELECTORAL DIVISION PROFILES: AN INTRODUCTION

These profiles have been produced to support elected members, constituents and other interested parties in understanding the demographic, economic, social and educational profile of their neighbourhoods. We have used the latest data available at the time of publication.

Much more data is available from national and local sources than is captured here, but it is hoped that the profile will be a useful starting point for discussion, where local knowledge and experience can be used to flesh out and illuminate the information presented here.

The profile can be used to help look at some fundamental questions e.g.

- Does the age profile of the population match or differ from the national profile?
- Is there evidence of the ageing profile of the county in all the wards in the Division or just some?
- How diverse is the community in terms of ethnicity?
- What is the impact of deprivation on families and residents?
- Does there seem to be a link between deprivation and school performance?
- What is the breakdown of employment sectors in the area?
- Is it a relatively healthy area compared to the rest of the district or county?
- What sort of crime is prevalent in the community?

A vast amount of additional data is available on the **Suffolk Observatory**

www.suffolkobservatory.info

The Suffolk Observatory is a free online resource that contains all Suffolk's vital statistics; it is the one-stop-shop for information and intelligence about Suffolk. Through data, reports and maps, the Suffolk Observatory provides a comprehensive picture of the County. It is a great source for useful facts and figures that can be used for writing reports and presentations, informing strategic and business planning, preparing funding applications or supporting academic research. Data is presented around the key themes of population, children and young people, health and social care, housing, crime and community safety, deprivation, economy and employment and environment. All areas of the county are covered, right down to district, electoral division, ward and parish level, with information easily accessible in a variety of formats. You can also build your own reports for custom areas.

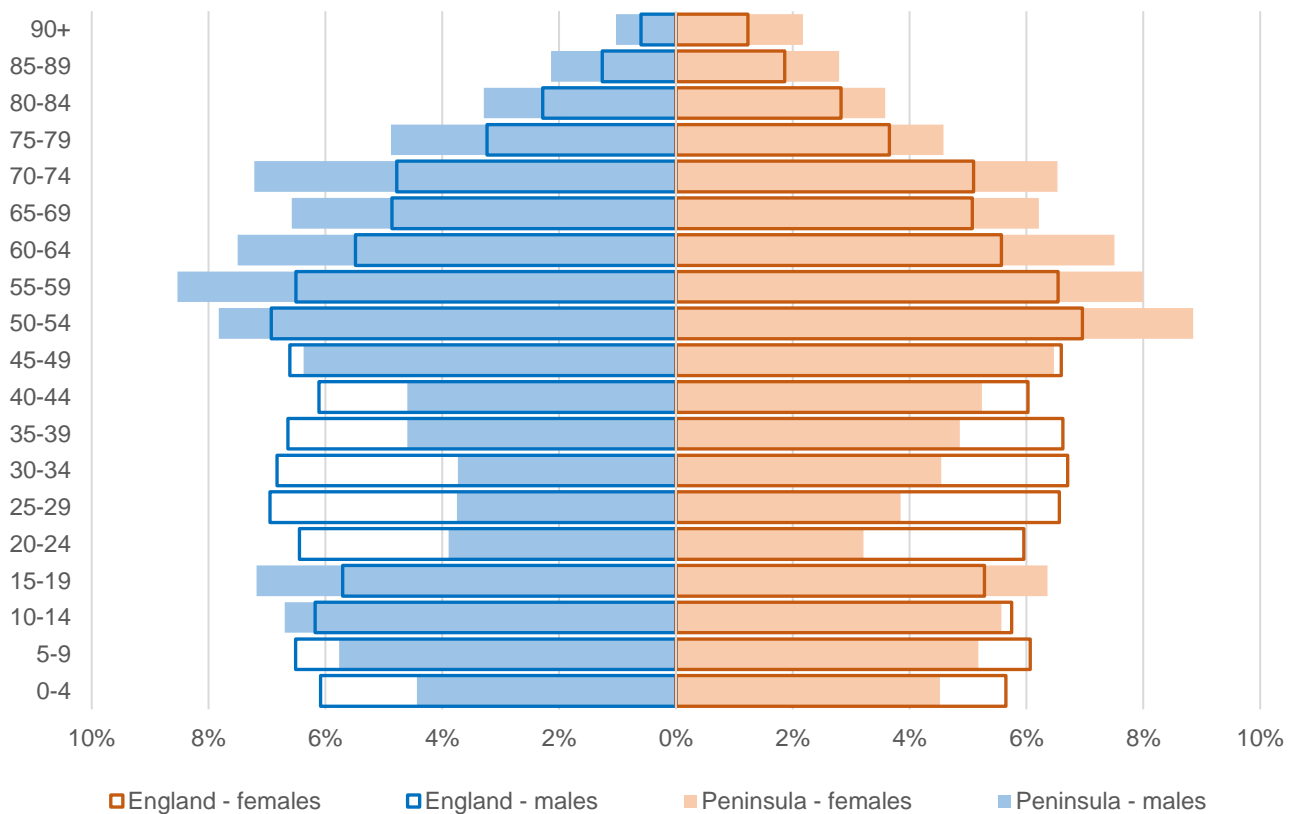
Technical Notes:

1. Where electoral divisions do not exactly match the boundaries at which the data is available (e.g. ward, Output Area or Lower Super Output Area), we have adopted a "best-fit" approach to produce a dataset.
2. District, county and national level data is provided where possible to provide a context for comparisons. Where possible we have used the most recent district boundaries for comparison purposes, but in some cases it has been necessary to use the pre-2019 districts.

DEMOGRAPHIC PROFILE - AGE

In mid-2019 the population of Peninsula stood at 10,290, virtually unchanged since the 2011 Census. The age structure of the component wards and the division as a whole is set out below.

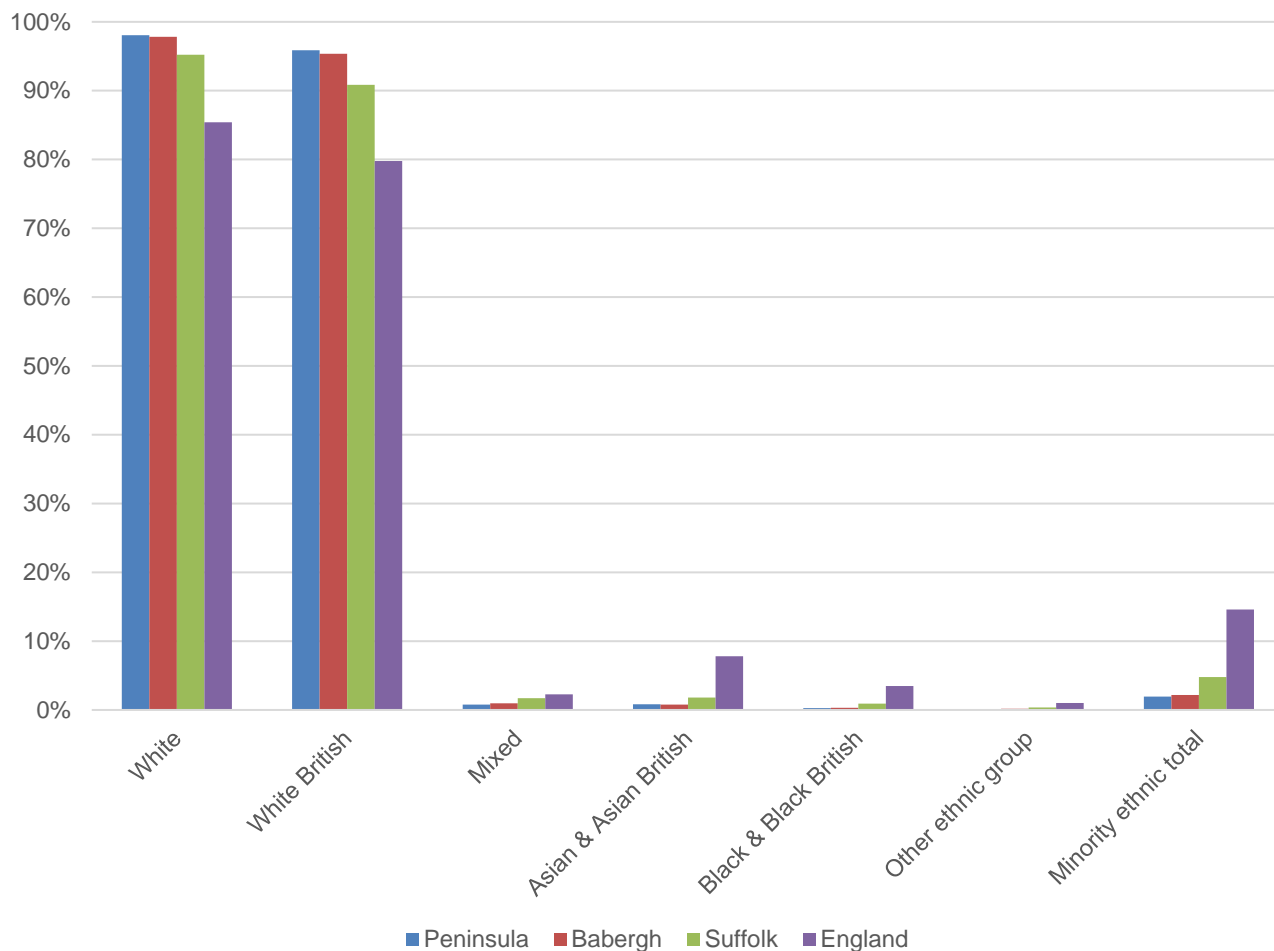
	Peninsula Division	Stour	Brantham	Ganges	Orwell
All Ages	10,290	3,232	2,559	2,458	2,041
0-4	461	151	144	106	60
5-9	562	162	158	138	104
10-14	629	238	161	122	108
15-19	695	311	152	128	104
20-24	364	100	98	113	53
25-29	391	122	86	119	64
30-34	427	103	125	135	64
35-39	487	155	141	116	75
40-44	507	150	138	101	118
45-49	661	176	167	172	146
50-54	860	247	229	209	175
55-59	849	249	199	239	162
60-64	772	232	184	201	155
65-69	657	192	165	149	151
70-74	706	203	158	171	174
75-79	486	159	103	93	131
80-84	354	116	76	68	94
85-89	255	95	53	48	59
90+	167	71	22	30	44



- The age pyramid for Peninsula shows a higher-than-average proportion of people over the age of 50, with the most common age group in the division being 50-54.

- Inclusion of the two boarding schools is evident as there are large proportions of children aged 10-19 but below average proportions of 20-39-year-old adults or children aged under 10.
- Another common age group in this division is 50-64-year-olds. The number of people of retirement age looks set to increase in the coming years.

ETHNICITY

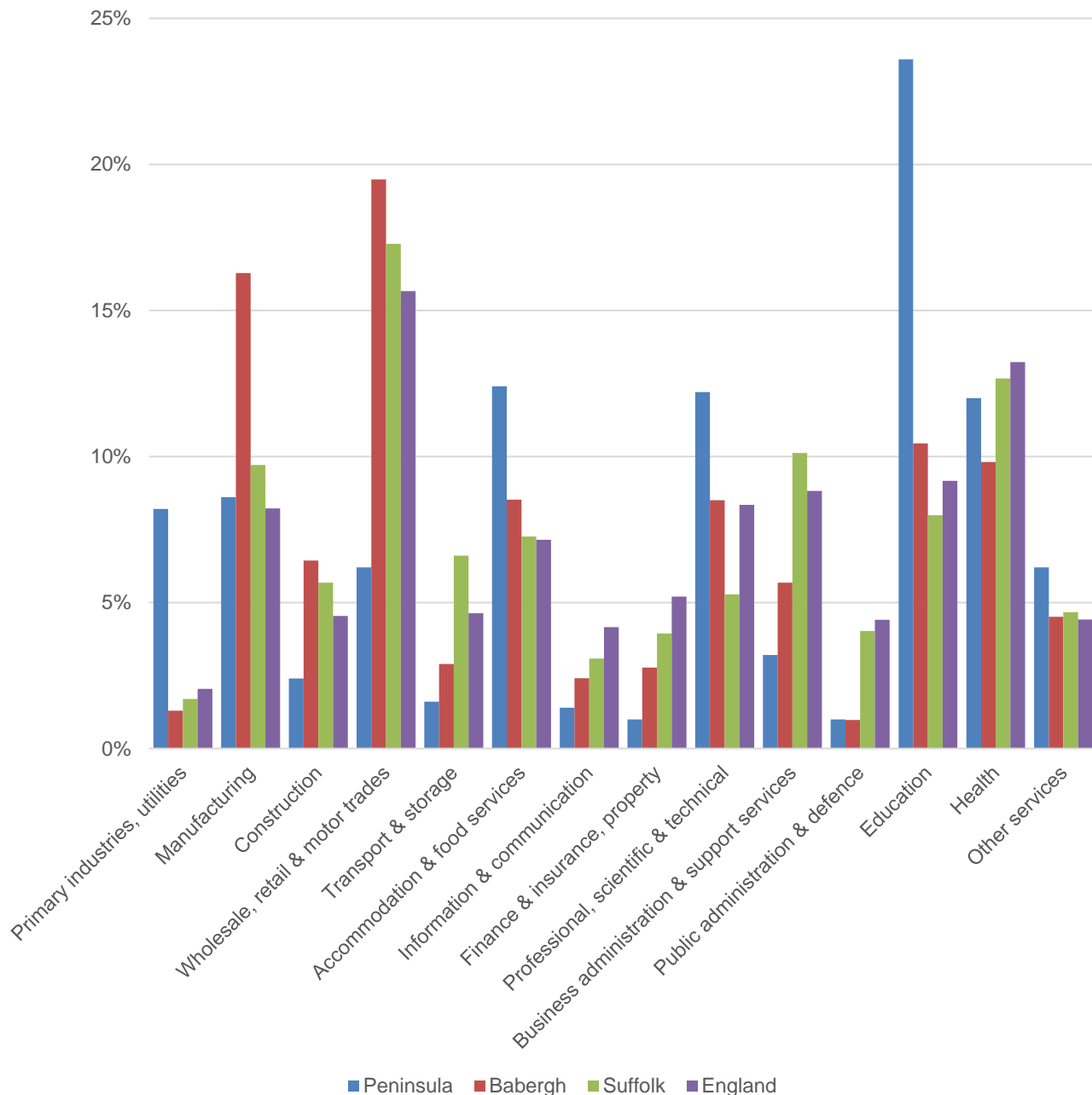


- According to the latest data (2011 Census), 98.1% of the population of Peninsula are white.
- There are 1.9% people of black or minority ethnic origin in the Division, approximately one seventh of the national figure.
- Peninsular has a similar diversity profile to Babergh district, and lower proportions of minority ethnic groups than Suffolk as a whole.

	All people	White		White British		Mixed		Asian and Asian British		Black and Black British		Other Ethnic Group		Total minority ethnic population	
	Count	Count	%	Count	%	Count	%	Count	%	Count	%	Count	%	Count	%
Peninsula	10,292	10,093	98.1	9,868	95.9	79	0.8	84	0.8	27	0.3	9	0.1	199	1.9
Babergh	87,740	85,845	97.8	83,666	95.4	827	0.9	666	0.8	264	0.3	138	0.2	1,895	2.2
Suffolk	728,163	693,195	95.2	661,458	90.8	12,472	1.7	13,131	1.8	6,854	0.9	2,511	0.3	34,968	4.8
England			85.4		79.8		2.3		7.8		3.5		1.0		14.6

ECONOMY

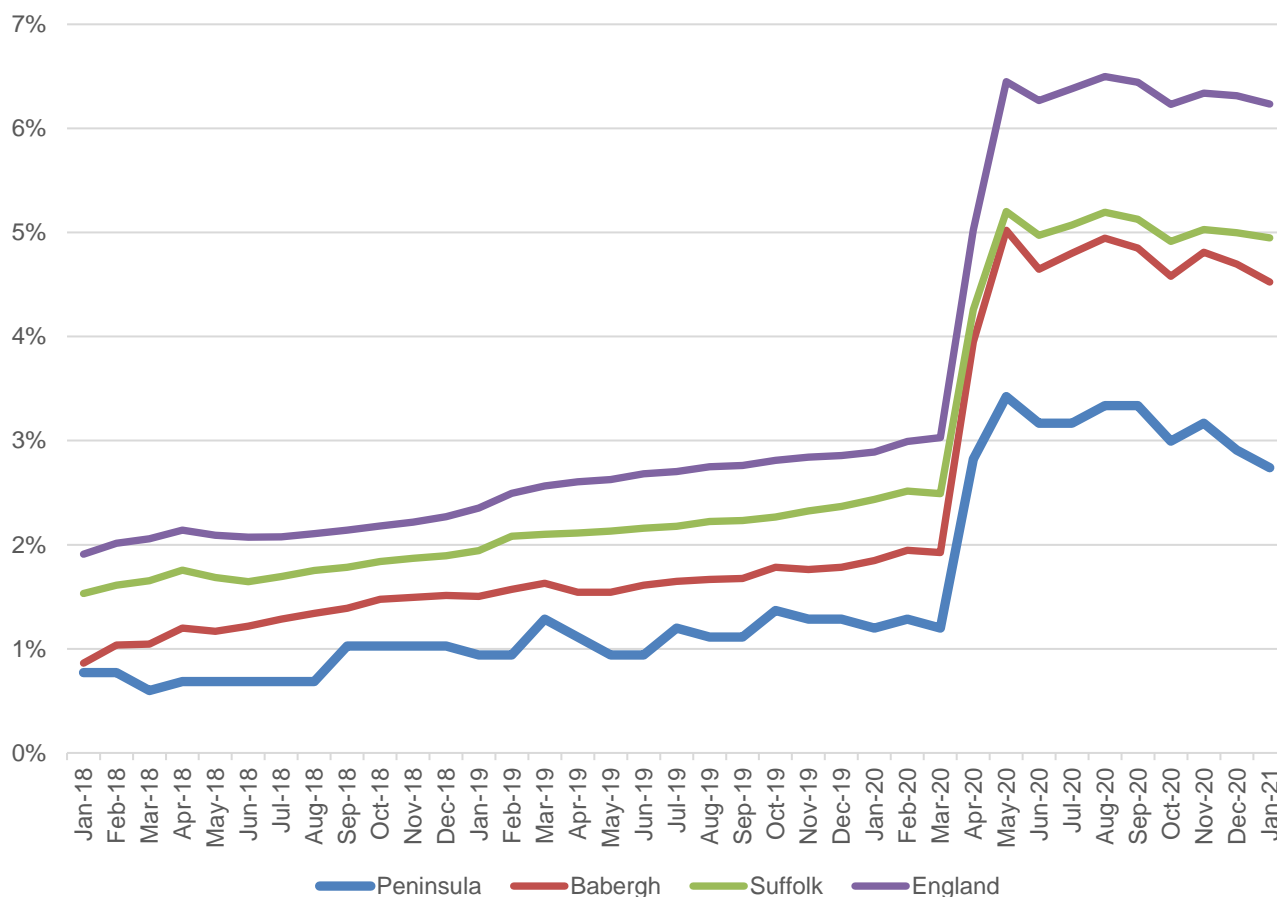
There are 2,500 people employed in Peninsula.



- The key employment sector in Peninsula is education, which provides almost one in four jobs in the division; a much higher proportion than district, county and national levels. This reflects the significant presence of schools in the division.
- Of the remaining sectors, health, accommodation and food services and professional, scientific and technical activities each account for around 1 in 9 jobs in the division.
- The primary industries and other services also employ a greater proportion of people in the division than district, county and national levels.

LABOUR MARKET

OUT-OF-WORK BENEFIT CLAIMANT RATE



- Peninsula saw a sharp increase in claimants of out-of-work benefits in the first half of 2020 as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.
- In percentage terms, around 2.7% of the working age population (age 16-64) were claiming out-of-work benefits in January 2021. This is considerably less than the county, district and national averages.
- Peninsula has a consistently lower rate of out-of-work benefit claimants than the comparator areas.
- There has been a slight reduction in the claimant rate in the division since the peak seen in May 2020.

SCHOOLS

SCHOOL INFORMATION

Schools in the Division

Name	Phase	Academy Status	Average cohort size at:				Latest Ofsted	Latest Ofsted Date
			Foundation Stage (age 5)	KS2 (age 11)	KS4 (age 16)	KS5 (age 18)		
Brooklands Primary School	Primary	AC	30	27			Outstanding*	25/11/2008
Chelmondiston CofE Primary School	Primary	AS	18	19			Good*	25/01/2013
Holbrook Primary School	Primary	LA	25	25			Good	22/02/2017
Shotley Community Primary School	Primary	AS	25	17			Inadequate*	08/11/2017
Stutton CofE Primary School	Primary	AS	4	5			Good*	25/01/2018
Tattingstone CEVCP School	Primary	LA	14	8			Good	11/06/2019
Holbrook Academy	Secondary	AC			84		Good	22/10/2015

Schools with catchments that overlap with the Division

Name	Phase	Academy Status	Average cohort size at:				Latest Ofsted	Latest Ofsted Date
			Foundation Stage (age 5)	KS2 (age 11)	KS4 (age 16)	KS5 (age 18)		
East Bergholt High School	Secondary	AC			183		Good	13/09/2013

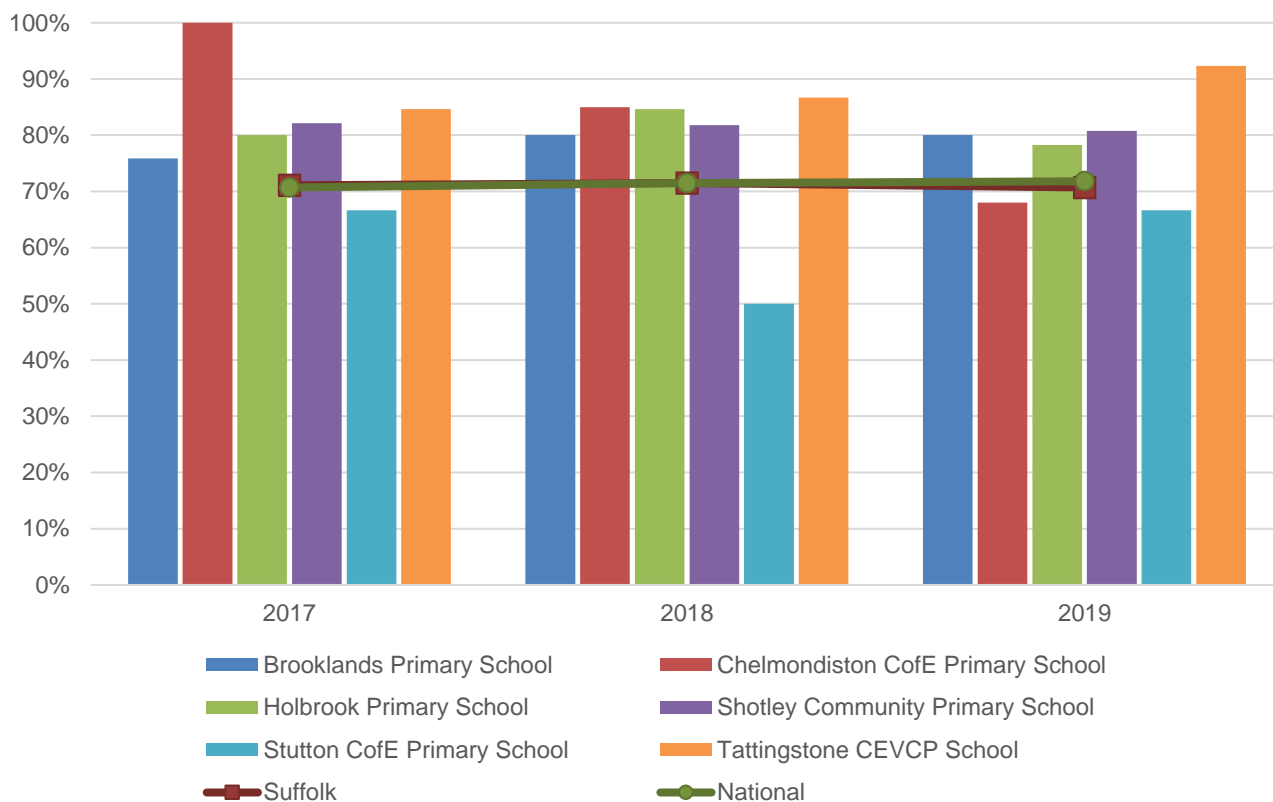
Academy Status key: AS = Academy Sponsored, AC = Academy Converter, LA = LA Maintained, F = Free

*The latest full inspection judgement does not relate to the current school

SCHOOL ATTAINMENT

Foundation Stage Profile (reception)

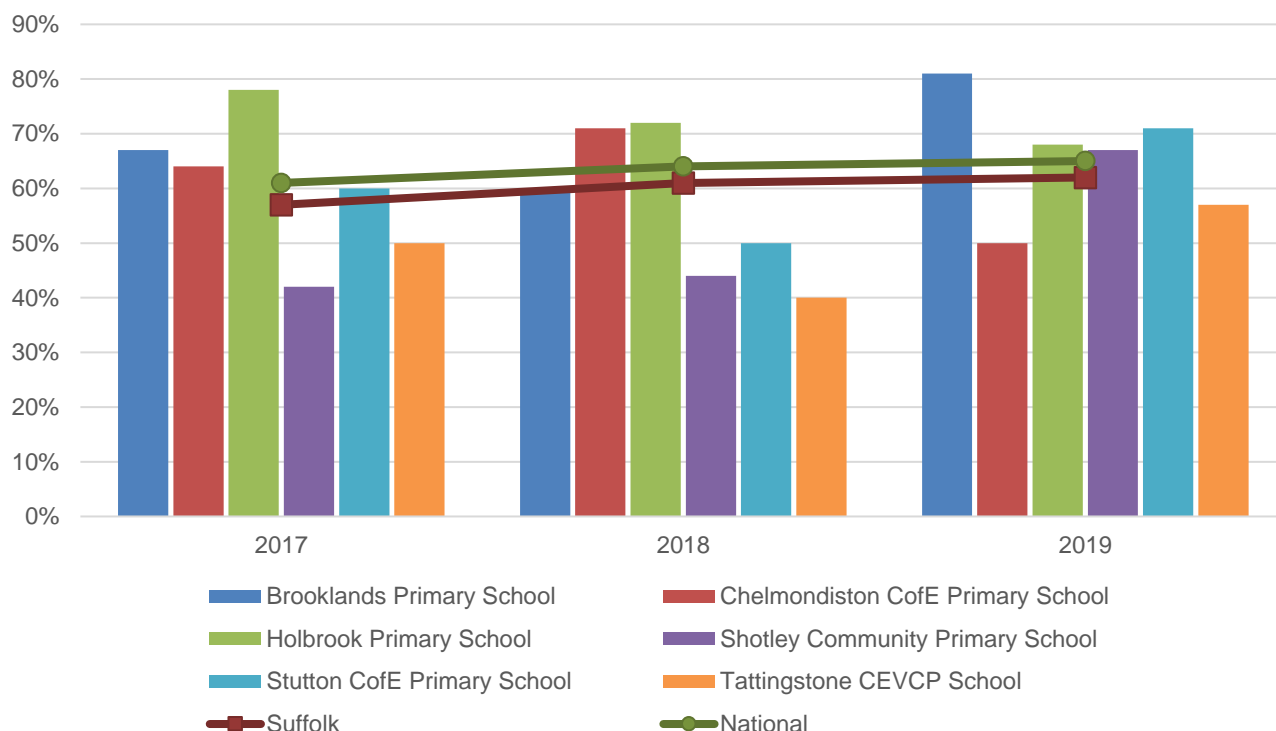
% pupils achieving Good Level of Development (GLD)



- Foundation Stage attainment at schools in Pensinula has generally been very good over the last three years of available data.
- Attainment at Brooklands Primary, Holbrook Primary, Shotley Community Primary and Tattingstone CEVCP Schools has been consistently above the county and national average from 2017 to 2019.
- Chelmondiston Church of England Primary School had very high attainment in 2017 and 2018, before dipping slightly below average in 2019.
- Stutton Church of England Primary was the only school in the division to have consistently below average Foundation Stage attainment during this period.

Key Stage 2 (age 11)

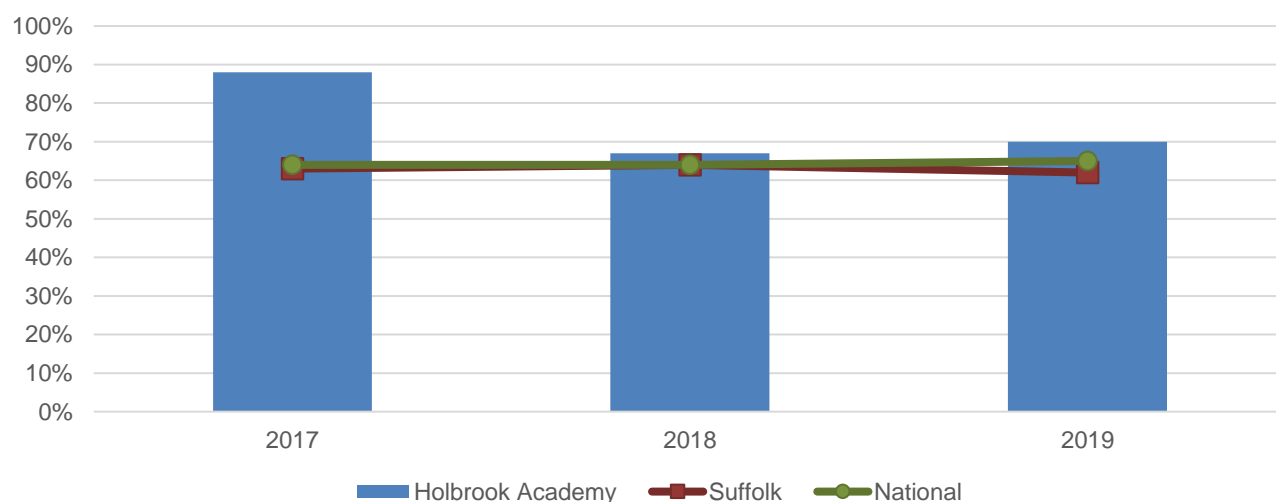
% pupils achieving the Expected Level or better in Reading, Writing and Mathematics



- Key Stage 2 attainment at schools in Peninsula has been generally good from 2017 to 2019, though there has been a lot of variation between schools and from one year to the next.
- Holbrook Primary is the only school to have seen attainment levels consistently above the county and national average during this period.
- KS2 attainment at Tattingsstone CEVCP School has been consistently below average.
- Other schools have seen variations in attainment. In the most recent year, attainment at Brooklands Primary, Holbrook Primary, Shotley Community Primary and Stutton Church of England Primary schools was above average.

Key Stage 4 (GCSE) (age 16)

% pupils achieving level 4-9 in English and Mathematics



- GCSE attainment at Holbrook Academy has been consistently above the county and national average from 2017 to 2019.

NEET % (NOT IN EDUCATION, EMPLOYMENT OR TRAINING)

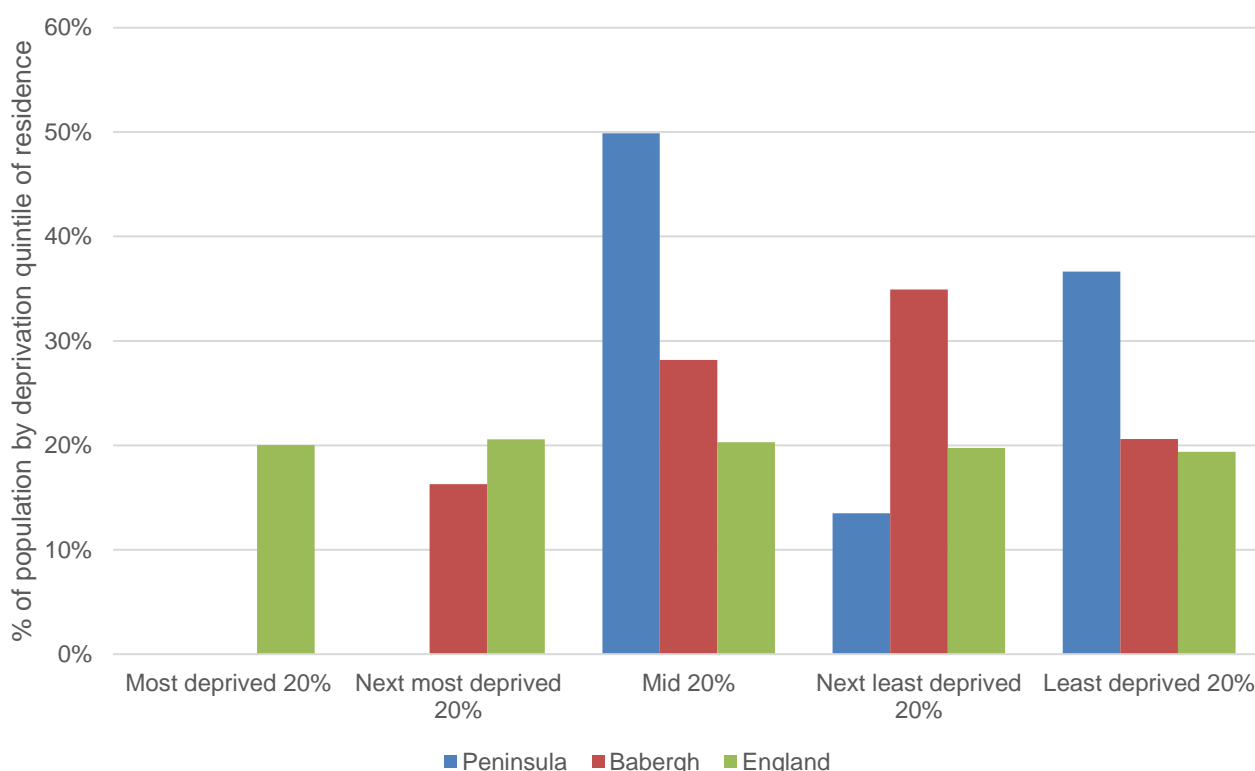


- NEET levels in Peninsula have generally reflected the fluctuations seen across the district and county as a whole from 2017 to 2021, but the NEET figure in the division tends to be below or similar to the district average and below the county average.
- In January 2021, 3.3% of 16–18-year-olds were classified as NEET in Peninsula (where current activity is known), well below the Babergh (4.1%) and Suffolk (4.2%) levels.

INDEX OF MULTIPLE DEPRIVATION (IMD) 2019 (SEE MAP OVERLEAF)

The IMD combines a number of indicators, chosen to cover a range of economic, social and housing issues, into a single deprivation score for each small area in England. This allows each area to be ranked relative to one another according to their level of deprivation. Small areas (Lower Super Output Areas, average population 1,700) are most commonly described as being in 1 of 5 quintile bands. The bottom quintile represents the 20% of areas that are the most deprived in England; these are shaded pale yellow on the map. The top quintile represents the least deprived areas in England and is shaded dark blue.

The Index is widely used to analyse patterns of deprivation, identify areas that would benefit from special initiatives or programmes and as a tool to determine eligibility for specific funding streams.



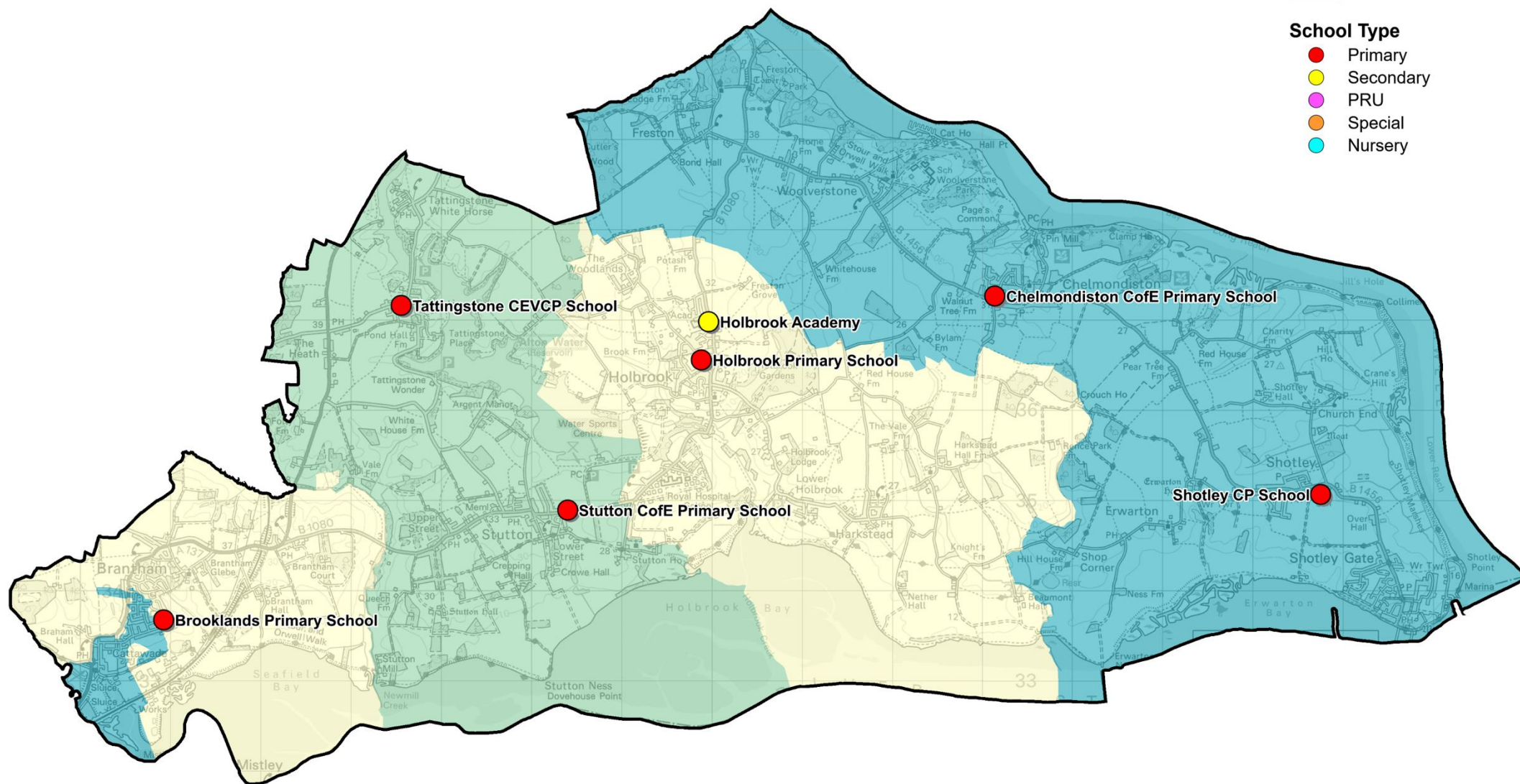
- The IMD 2019 shows that relative deprivation levels in Peninsula are generally moderate to low, with no parts of the division classified in the most deprived 40% in England.
- Of the six Lower Layer Super Output Areas (LSOAs) comprising the division, two are ranked in the least deprived quintile (accounting for 37% of the population of the division), one in the next least deprived 20% and the remaining three are in the mid-quintile.

IMD 2019 quintile

- Least deprived 20%
- Next least deprived 20%
- Mid 20%
- Next most deprived 20%
- Most deprived 20%

School Type

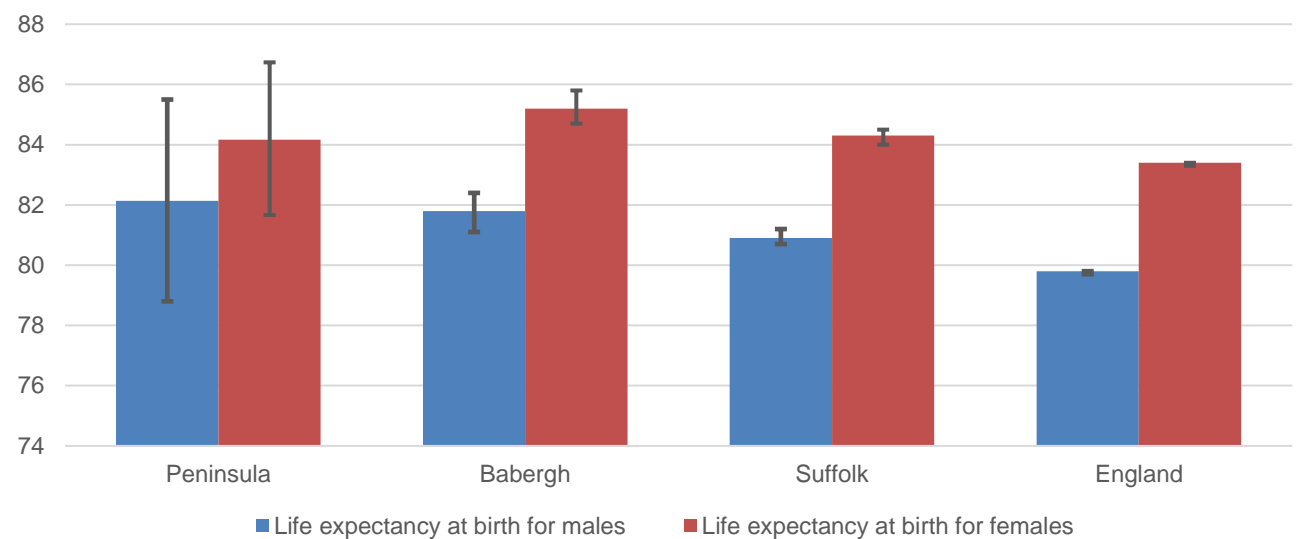
- Primary
- Secondary
- PRU
- Special
- Nursery



HEALTH

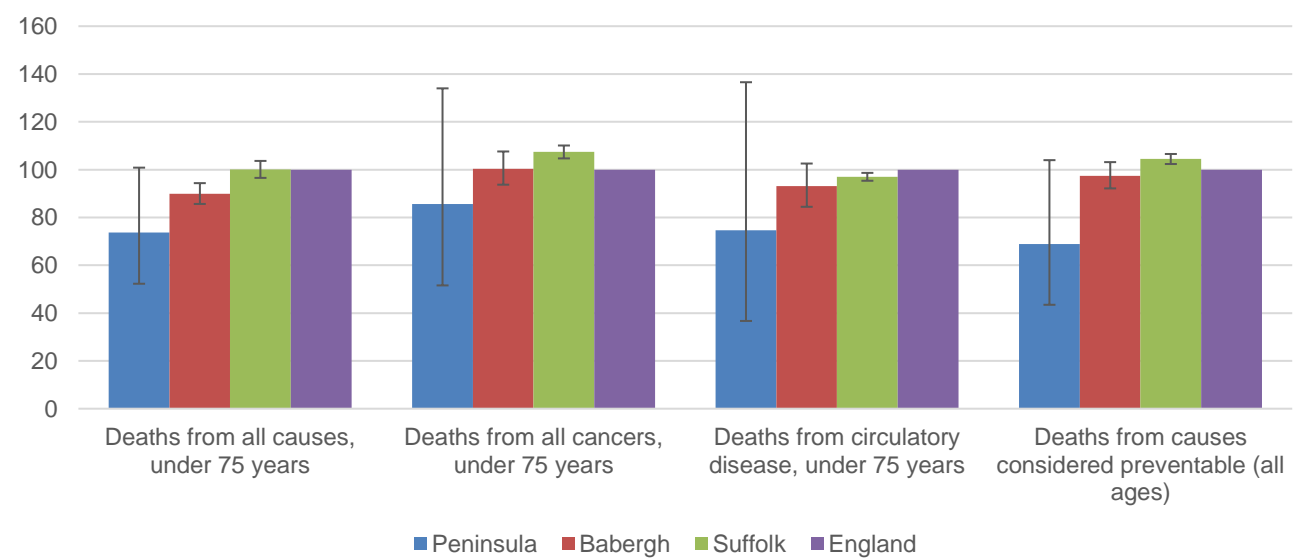
The local data used here is based on relatively small numbers. The confidence limits provide an indication of the reliability of the data. The 95% confidence intervals utilised on the chart provide a range within which there is 95% chance of the true result lying.

LIFE EXPECTANCY AT BIRTH



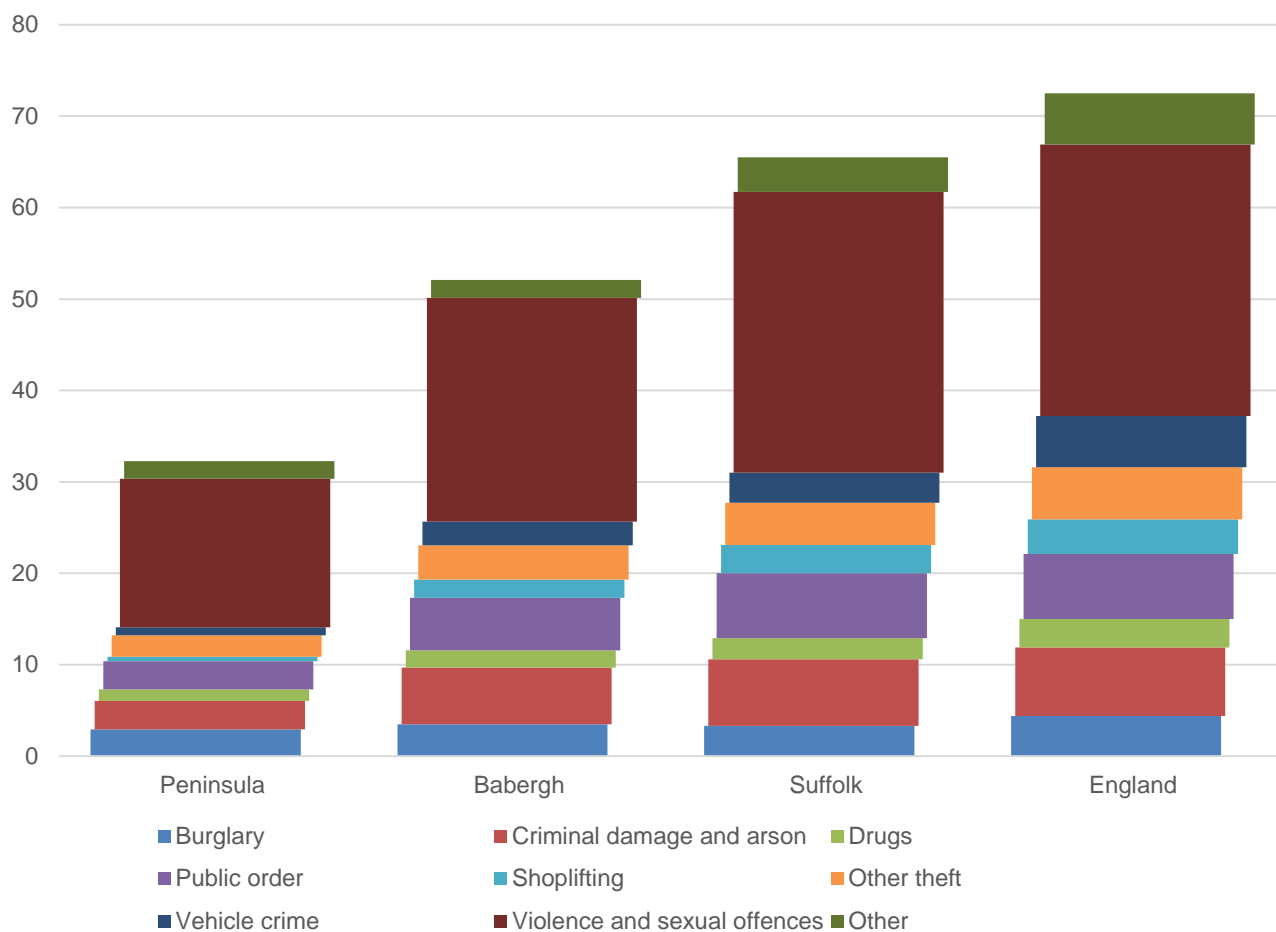
- Life expectancy estimates for both males (82.1 years) and females (84.2 years) in Peninsula are above the national average.
- Estimated life expectancy for males in the division is also above the district and county level.

DEATHS, UNDER 75 YEARS, STANDARDISED MORTALITY RATIO



- Early deaths from all causes are estimated to occur at a lower rate in Peninsula than in Babergh, Suffolk and England as a whole.
- The standardised mortality ratio data shown here means that for every 100 early deaths from all causes across England as a whole, there are an estimated 74 comparable deaths in Peninsula.

CRIME & COMMUNITY SAFETY



- The crime rate per 1,000 resident population in Peninsula is considerably below that for Babergh and Suffolk as a whole.
- In the year to the end of January 2021, there were just over 32 recorded crimes per 1,000 residents in Peninsula compared to 52 in Babergh and 66 across the county as a whole.
- The most common type of crime in the division during this period was violence and sexual offences, which accounted for around half of recorded crime during this period.
- No type of crime is recorded more per 1,000 residents in Peninsula than across Suffolk as a whole.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Parishes in Division

Arwarton	Holbrook
Brantham	Shotley
Chelmondiston	Stutton
Freston	Tattingstone
Harkstead	Woolverstone

DATA SOURCES

Category	Indicator	Source
Demographic Profile	Quinary population table 2019	ONS 2019 mid-year population estimates
	Population pyramid 2019	ONS 2019 mid-year population estimates
	Ethnicity 2011	ONS 2011 Census
Economy	Employment by broad industrial sector 2019	ONS Business Register and Employment Survey via NOMIS
Labour market	Claimant count: The number of people claiming Jobseeker's Allowance plus those who claim Universal Credit who are out of work (% 16-64 population) January 2018- February 2021	DWP via NOMIS
Education	School information and attainment 2017-2019	Suffolk County Council
	% 16-18-year-olds NEET (Not in Employment, Education or Training) 2017-2021	Suffolk County Council via the Suffolk Observatory
Deprivation	Index of Multiple Deprivation 2019	Ministry for Housing, Communities and Local Government
Health	Life expectancy at birth 2013-2017	Public Health England
Health	Standardised mortality ratio for deaths from all causes, cancer and circulatory disease, (aged under 75), and death from causes considered preventable (all ages), 2013-2017. The standardised mortality ratio is the ratio of observed deaths in the study group to expected deaths in the general population.	Public Health England
Community Safety	Recorded crime rate per 1,000 resident population February 2020 to January 2021	Data.police.uk via the Suffolk Observatory

For more data and information about Hadleigh Electoral Division, see the Suffolk Observatory www.suffolkobservatory.info



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