

OULTON

ELECTORAL DIVISION PROFILE 2017

This report this Division comprises Lothingland, Oulton, Oulton Broad and St Margaret's wards

www.suffolkobservatory.info



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ELECTORAL DIVISION PROFILES: AN INTRODUCTION

These profiles have been produced to support elected members, constituents and other interested parties in understanding the demographic, economic, social and educational profile of their neighbourhoods. We have used the latest data available at the time of publication.

Much more data is available from national and local sources than is captured here, but it is hoped that the profile will be a useful starting point for discussion, where local knowledge and experience can be used to flesh out and illuminate the information presented here.

The profile can be used to help look at some fundamental questions e.g.

- Does the age profile of the population match or differ from the national profile?
- Is there evidence of the ageing profile of the county in all the wards in the Division or just some?
- How diverse is the community in terms of ethnicity?
- What is the impact of deprivation on families and residents?
- Does there seem to be a link between deprivation and school performance?
- What is the breakdown of employment sectors in the area?
- Is it a relatively healthy area compared to the rest of the district or county?
- What sort of crime is prevalent in the community?

A vast amount of additional data is available on the **Suffolk Observatory**

www.suffolkobservatory.info

The Suffolk Observatory is a free online resource that contains all Suffolk's vital statistics; it is the one-stop-shop for information and intelligence about Suffolk. Through data, reports and profiles, the Suffolk Observatory provides a comprehensive picture of the County. It is a great source for useful facts and figures that can be used for writing reports and presentations, informing strategic and business planning, preparing funding applications or supporting academic research. Data is presented around the key themes of education and skills, economy and employment, health and care, population, deprivation, housing, environment, transport and travel and crime. All areas of the county are covered, right down to district, ward and parish level, with information easily accessible in a variety of formats. You can also build your own reports by different themes and topics.

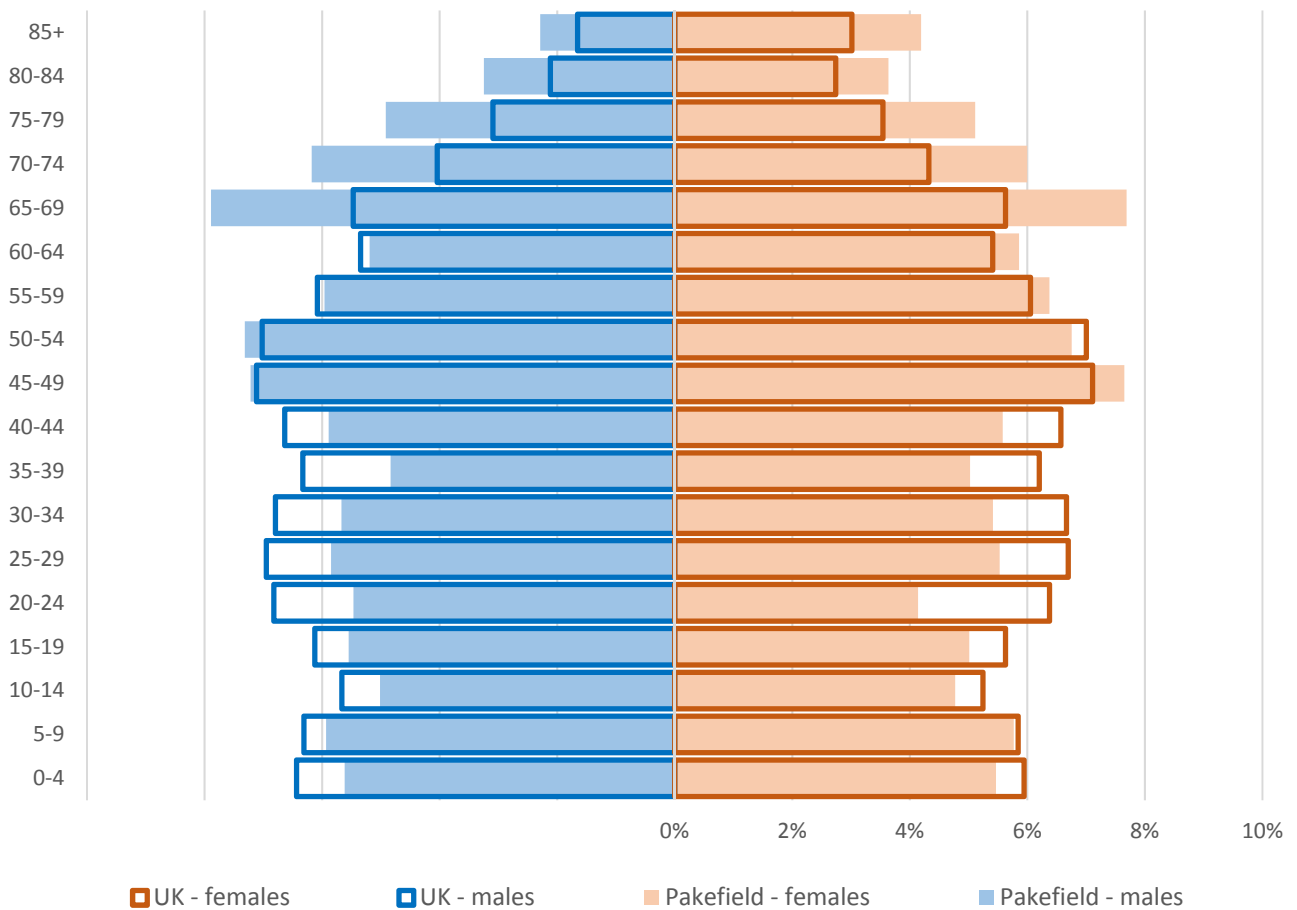
Technical Notes:

1. Where Electoral Divisions do not exactly match ward boundaries, we have adopted a "best fit" approach to produce a dataset.
2. District, county and national level data is provided where possible to provide a context for comparisons.

DEMOGRAPHIC PROFILE - AGE

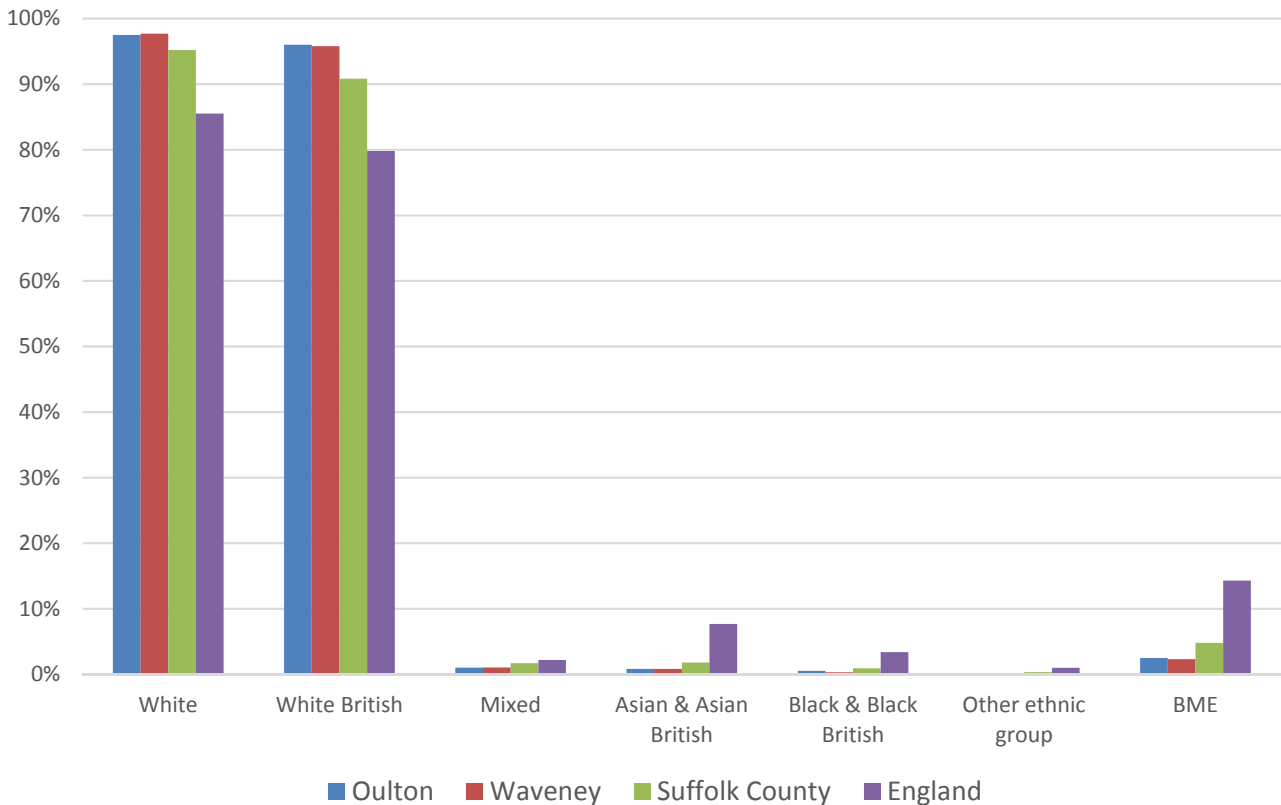
In mid-2015, the population of Oulton stood at 19,146, a decrease of 2% since the 2011 Census. The age structure of the component wards and the division as a whole is set out below.

	Oulton Division	Lothingland	Oulton	Oulton Broad	St Margaret's
All Ages	19,146	2,186	4,257	4,618	8,085
0-4	933	74	210	216	433
5-9	1,070	107	254	179	530
10-14	1,047	124	234	195	494
15-19	1,098	118	273	212	495
20-24	863	90	209	179	385
25-29	855	98	187	195	375
30-34	913	111	190	197	415
35-39	945	111	207	199	428
40-44	1,135	127	278	214	516
45-49	1,326	183	330	228	585
50-54	1,327	187	311	327	502
55-59	1,199	190	253	279	477
60-64	1,296	177	283	351	485
65-69	1,560	178	371	447	564
70-74	1,207	103	230	374	500
75-79	962	92	183	315	372
80-84	686	48	136	231	271
85+	724	68	118	280	258



- The age pyramid for Oulton shows that the proportion of people of retirement age is considerably above the national average
- The commonest age group in Oulton is 65-69 year olds, followed by 45-49 year olds
- There is a much lower than average percentage of people of younger working age in the division, particularly 20-34 year olds

ETHNICITY

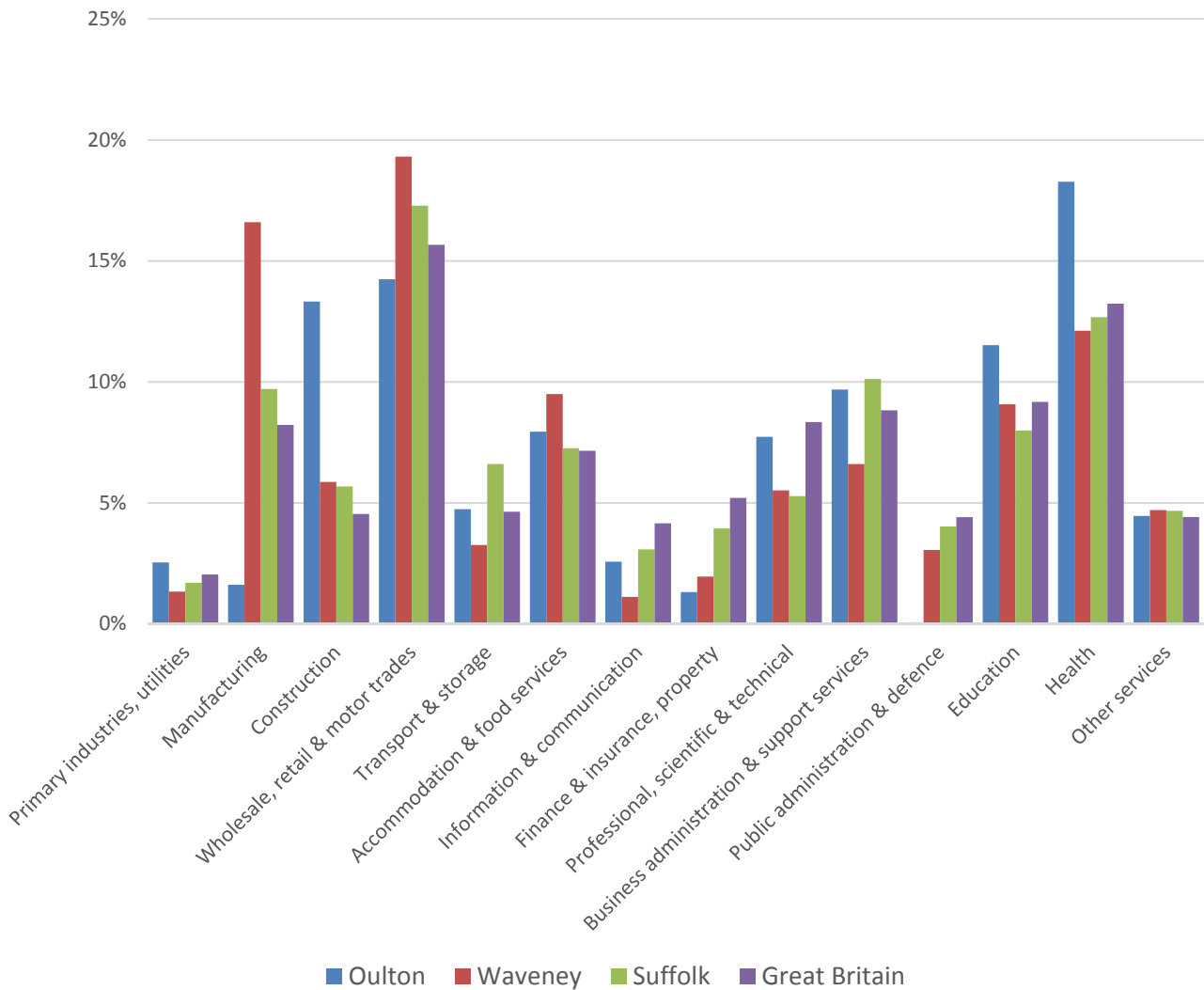


- According to the latest data (2011 Census), 97.5% (19,049) of the population of Oulton are white, one of the highest percentages for a division in Suffolk
- There are 492 (2.5%) people of black or minority ethnic origin in the division
- Oulton has a similar diversity profile to Waveney district, and generally lower proportions of minority ethnic groups than Suffolk and England and Wales as a whole

	All people		White		White British		Mixed		Asian and Asian British		Black and Black British		Other Ethnic Group		Black or Minority Ethnic Total	
	Count	%	Count	%	Count	%	Count	%	Count	%	Count	%	Count	%	Count	%
Oulton	19,541		19,049	97.5	18,762	96.0	202	1.0	161	0.8	108	0.6	21	0.1	492	2.5
Waveney	115,254		112,589	97.7	110,385	95.8	1,215	1.1	959	0.8	369	0.3	122	0.1	2,665	2.3
Suffolk	728,163		693,195	95.2	661,458	90.8	12,472	1.7	13,131	1.8	6,854	0.9	2,511	0.3	34,968	4.8
England & Wales				86.0		80.5		2.2		6.7		2.8		0.4		12.1

ECONOMY

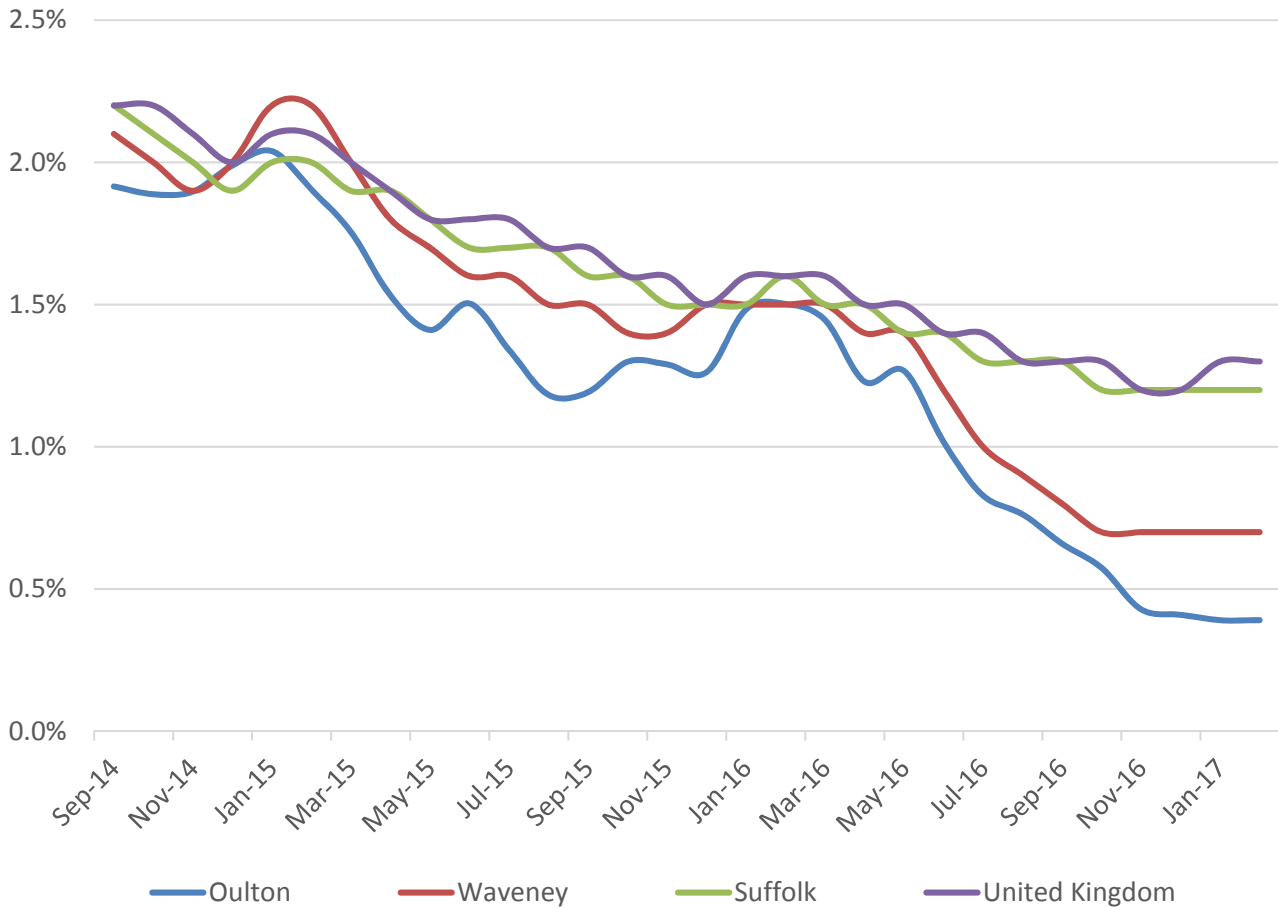
There are 3,400 people employed in Oulton.



- The key employment sectors in Oulton are health, wholesale, retail and motor trades, construction and education with over one half of people working in the division employed in these four sectors
- Construction stands out as accounting for almost three times the proportion of employment in the division compared to Great Britain as a whole (13.3% vs 4.5%)

LABOUR MARKET

JOB SEEKERS ALLOWANCE CLAIMANT RATE



- The Job Seekers Allowance claimant rate in Oulton has seen a general decline over the past three years, following the trend seen across Waveney as a whole
- In early 2017, the claimant rate in the division was 0.4% , compared to 0.7% in Waveney and 1.2% in Suffolk

SCHOOLS

SCHOOL INFORMATION

Schools in the Division

Name	Phase	Average cohort size at:			Latest Ofsted	Latest Ofsted Date
		Foundation Stage (age 5)	KS2 (age 11)	KS4 (age 16)		
Blundeston CEVCP School	Primary	26	22		Good	10/03/2016
Oulton Broad Primary School	Primary	34	49		Outstanding	16/07/2015
Somerleyton Primary School	Primary	8	7		Good	15/10/2014
Woods Loke CP School	Primary	59	62		Requires Improvement	17/03/2015
First Base Lowestoft	PRU				Good	08/10/2014
The Ashley School	Special		10	18	Outstanding	01/04/2014
Benjamin Britten Music Academy and Centre of Excellence in Mathematics	Upper			198	Not yet inspected as an Academy	

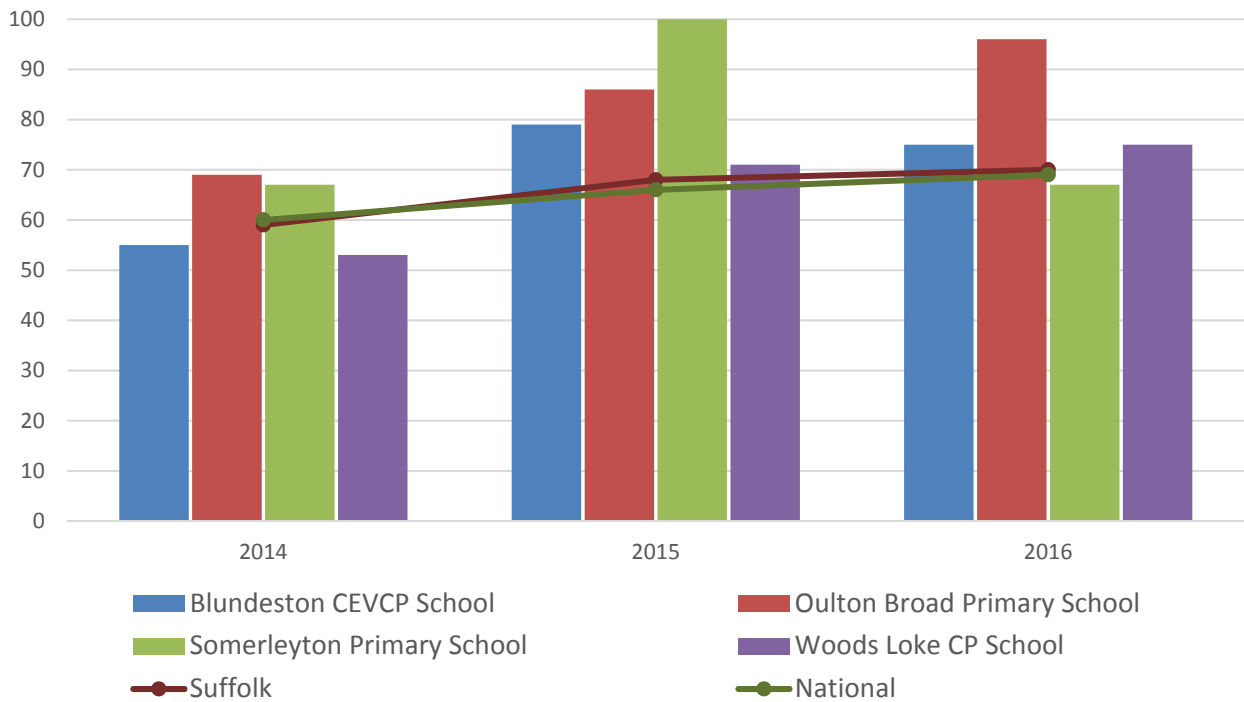
School Catchment overlaps with the Division

Name	Phase	Average cohort size at:			Latest Ofsted	Latest Ofsted Date
		Foundation Stage (age 5)	KS2 (age 11)	KS4 (age 16)		
Gunton Primary Academy	Primary	45	42		Not yet inspected as an Academy	
Northfield St Nicholas Primary Academy	Primary	59	58			
Poplars CP School	Primary	73	66		Good	24/06/2014
Ormiston Denes Academy	Upper		9	187	Requires Improvement	04/02/2015

SCHOOL ATTAINMENT

Foundation Stage Profile (reception)

% pupils achieving Good Level of Development (GLD)

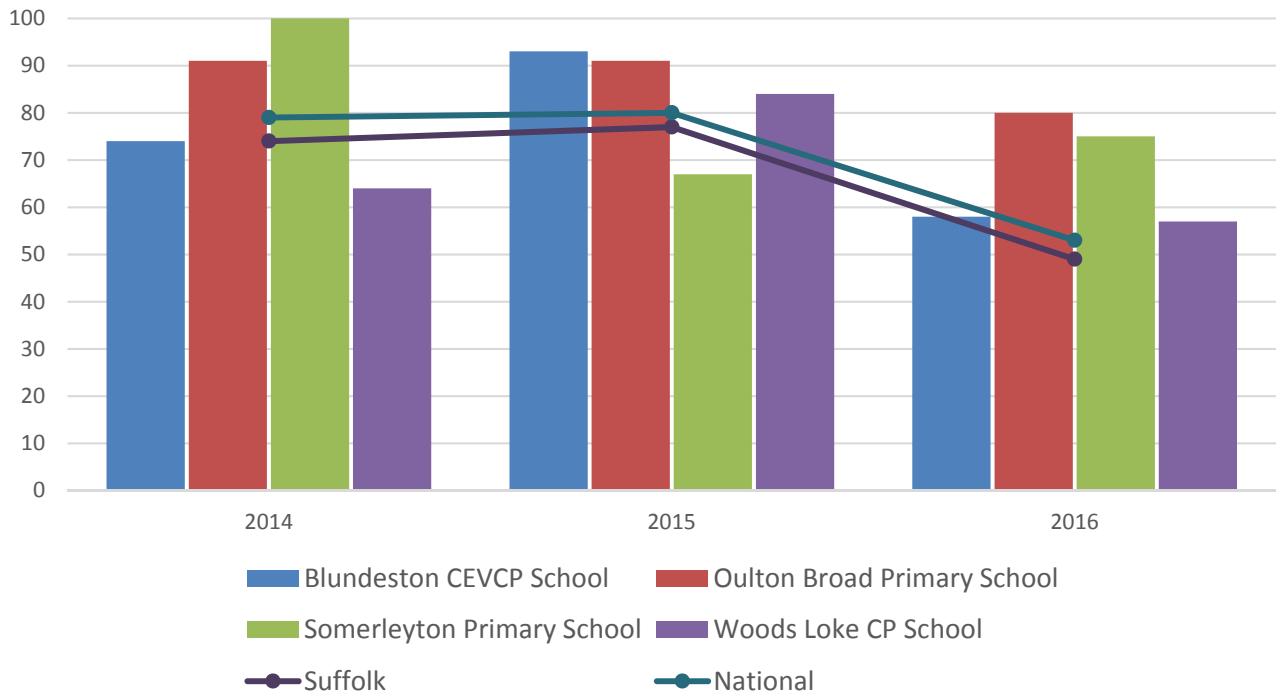


- Foundation Stage attainment in schools in Oulton division has seen some variation in recent years but for the most part is above average
- The latest data (2016) shows that the percentage of pupils achieving a Good Level of Development at Blundeston CEVCP (75%), Oulton Broad Primary (96%) and Woods Loke CP (75%) Schools was higher than the county (70%) and national (69%) averages. The latter two schools have seen steadily improving attainment in each of the past three years
- Somerleyton Primary School was the only school in the division to see below average attainment in 2016 but was high in the two previous years

Key Stage 2 (age 11)

Pupil Achievement in all three subjects, Reading, Writing and Mathematics
(2014–2015 as % Level 4 or better & 2016 % Expected Level or better)

In July 2016, there was a change in the way pupil achievement is measured at the end of KS2. Prior to 2016, pupils received National Curriculum Level grades for English and Maths, with L4 being the expected level at the end of Key Stage 2. In 2016 the measure became a scaled score and shows whether or not a pupil has achieved the national standard for that subject.

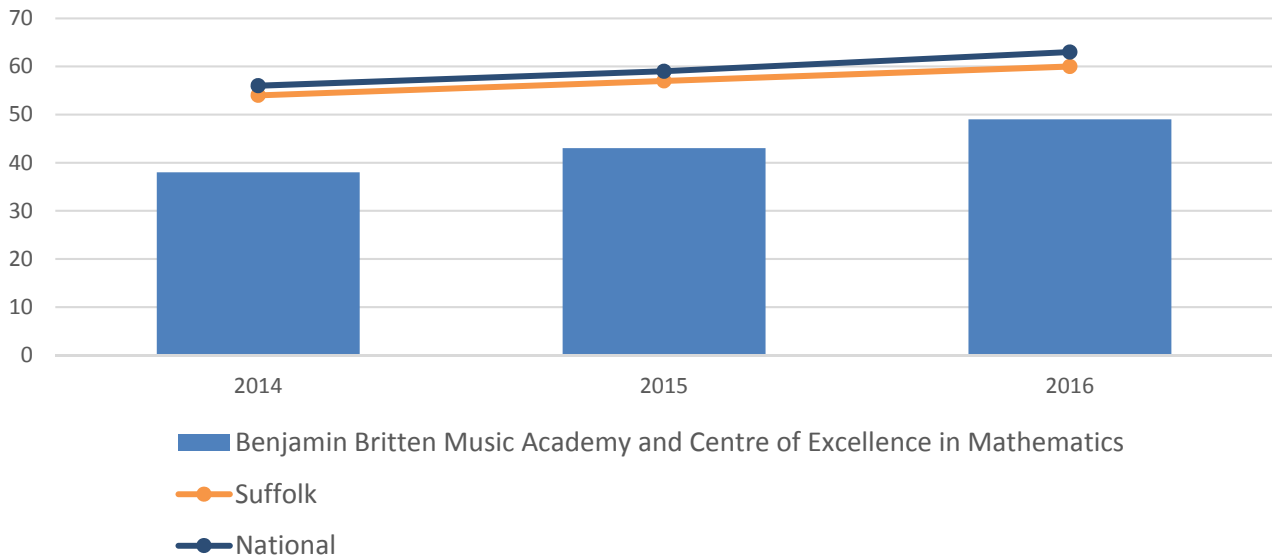


- Key Stage 2 attainment among pupils at schools in Oulton division is high
- In 2016, the percentage of pupils achieving the expected level or better in reading, writing and mathematics at all four schools in the division was above the Suffolk and national average
- Results were more mixed in 2014 and 2015 but in the majority of cases attainment has been above average

GCSE (Key Stage 4) (age 16)

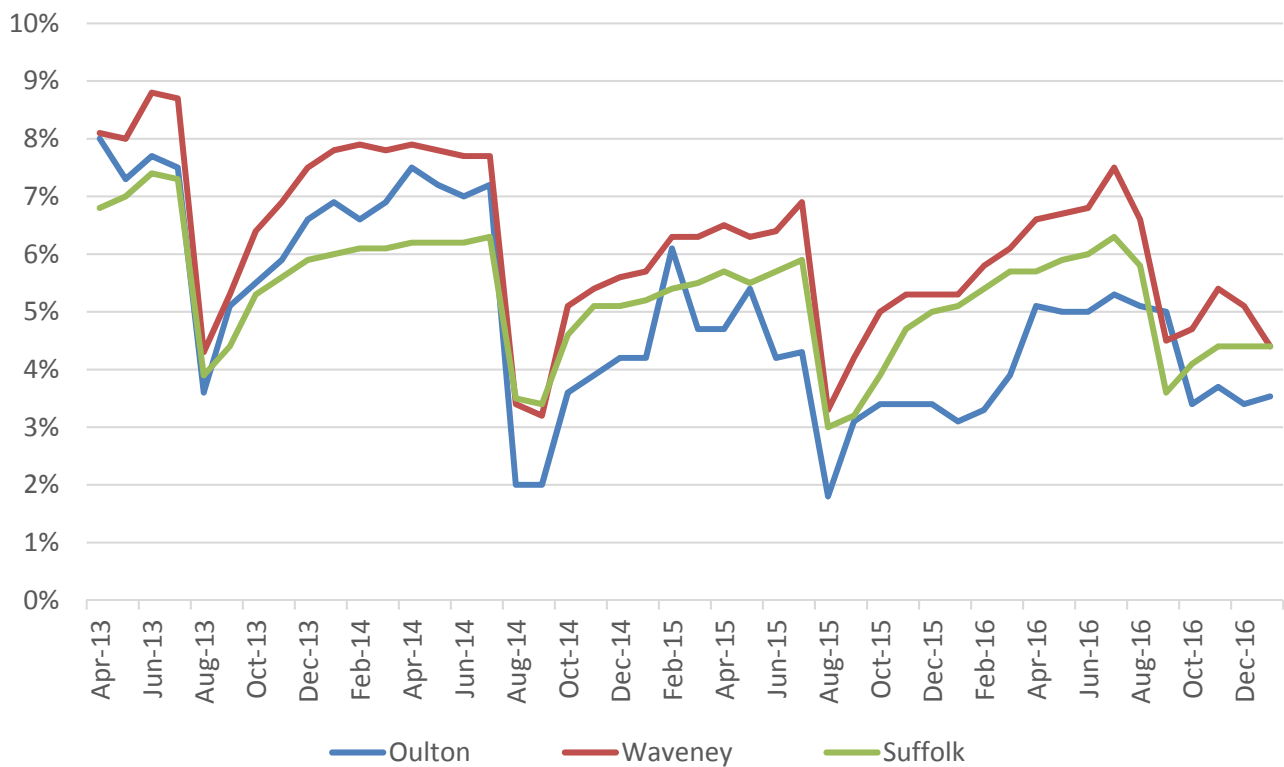
% pupils achieving five or more GCSEs (or equivalent) at A*-C including English and Mathematics

In July 2016, an additional measure of pupil achievement at Key Stage 4 was introduced but for the purposes of this profile and to demonstrate change over time, we have presented consistent data for the period 2014-2016 using the % pupils achieving five or more GCSEs (or equivalent) at A*-C including English and Mathematics.



- GCSE attainment at The Benjamin Britten Music Academy and Centre of Excellence in Mathematics has gradually improved in the last three years, with the percentage of pupils achieving 5 A*-C including English and Mathematics rising from 38% in 2014 to 49% in 2016, but remaining some way off the national average of 63%

NEET % (NOT IN EDUCATION, EMPLOYMENT OR TRAINING)

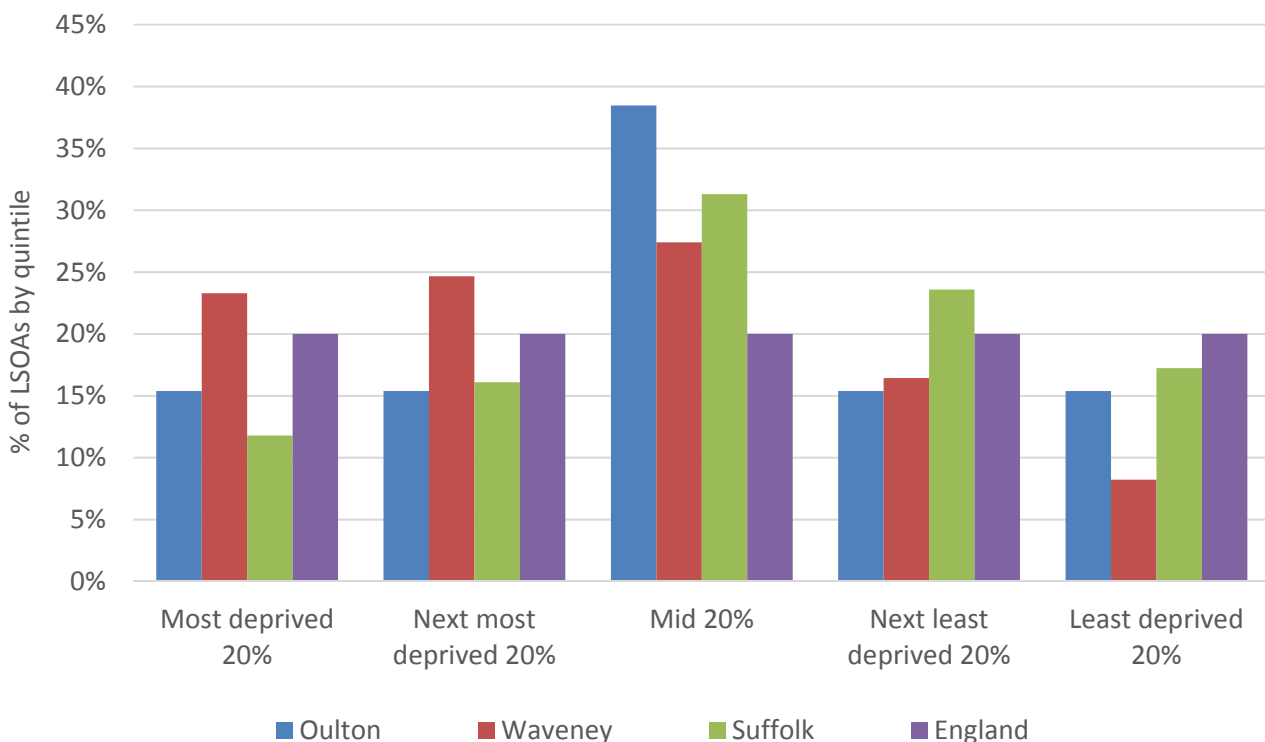


- In January 2017 3.5% of 16-18 year olds in Oulton were classified as NEET (where current activity is known)
- NEET levels in Oulton have tended to be below the district and Suffolk average of late

INDEX OF MULTIPLE DEPRIVATION (IMD) 2015 (SEE MAP OVERLEAF)

The IMD combines a number of indicators, chosen to cover a range of economic, social and housing issues, into a single deprivation score for each small area in England. This allows each area to be ranked relative to one another according to their level of deprivation. Small areas (Lower Super Output Areas, average population 1,500) are most usually described as being in 1 of 5 quintile bands. The bottom quintile represents the 20% of areas that are the most deprived in the country; these are shaded red on the map. The top quintile represents the least deprived areas in the country, and is shaded green.

The Index is widely used to analyse patterns of deprivation, identify areas that would benefit from special initiatives or programmes and as a tool to determine eligibility for specific funding streams.



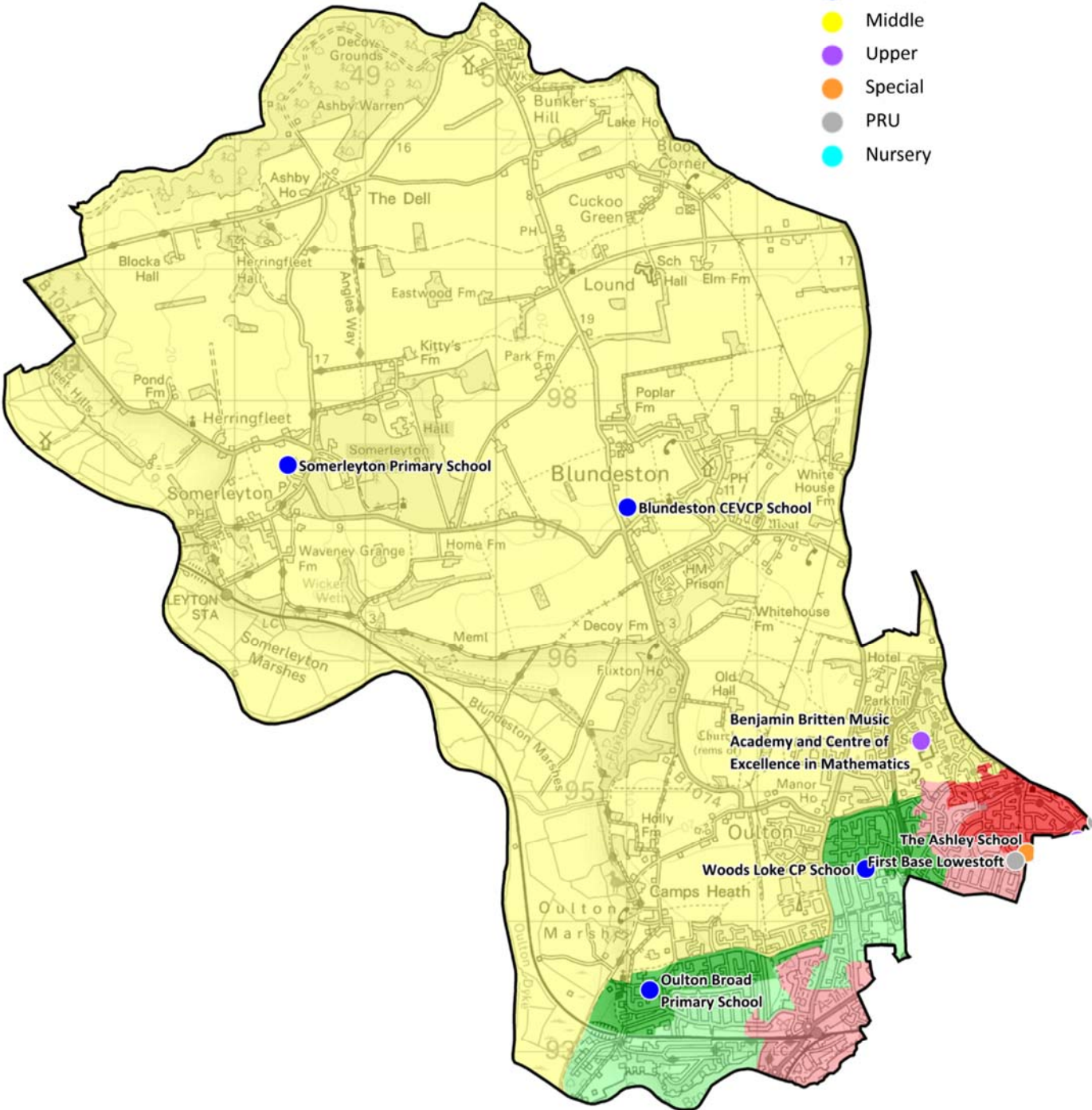
- The IMD 2015 shows that deprivation levels in Oulton are extremely varied, with parts of the division among the least deprived 20% but also in the most deprived 20% nationally
- Of the thirteen Lower Layer Super Output Areas (LSOA) comprising the division, two are ranked in the top 20% least deprived LSOAs in the country, two are in the next best quintile, five are in the mid quintile, two are in the second most deprived quintile and two are in the most deprived quintile

IMD 2015 quintile

- Least deprived 20%
- Next least deprived 20%
- Mid 20%
- Next most deprived 20%
- Most deprived 20%

School Type

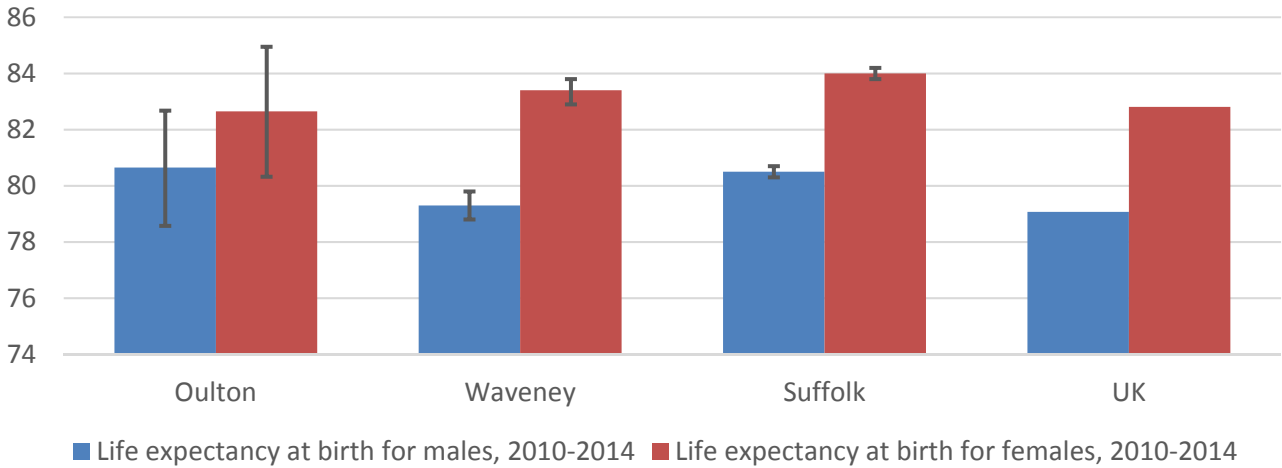
- Primary
- Middle
- Upper
- Special
- PRU
- Nursery



HEALTH

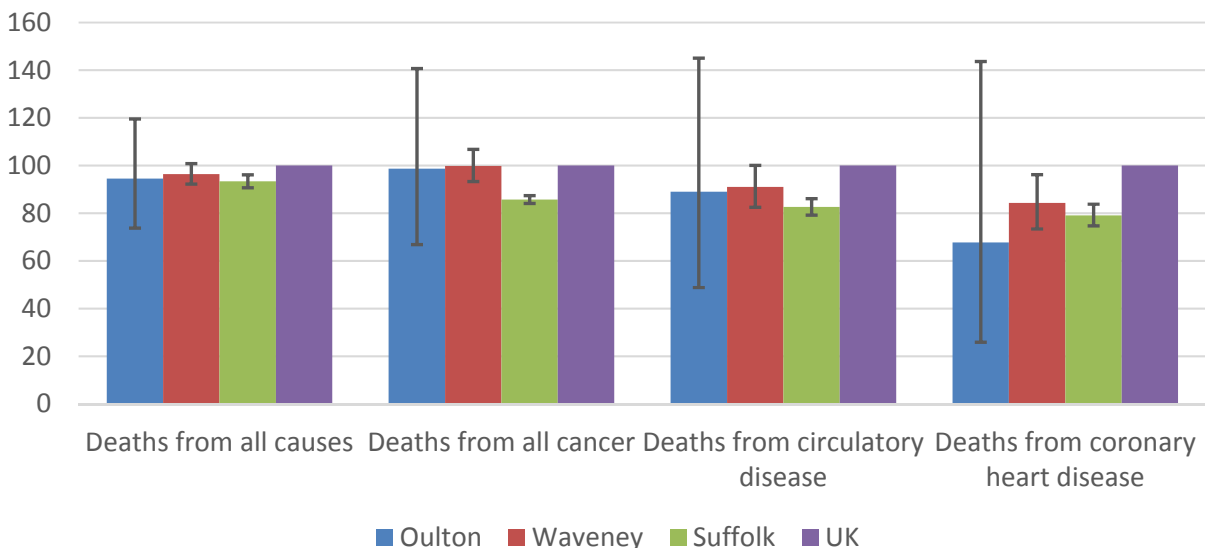
The local data used here is based on relatively small numbers. The confidence limits provide an indication of the reliability of the data. The 95% confidence intervals utilised on the chart provide a range within which there is 95% chance of the true result lying.

LIFE EXPECTANCY AT BIRTH



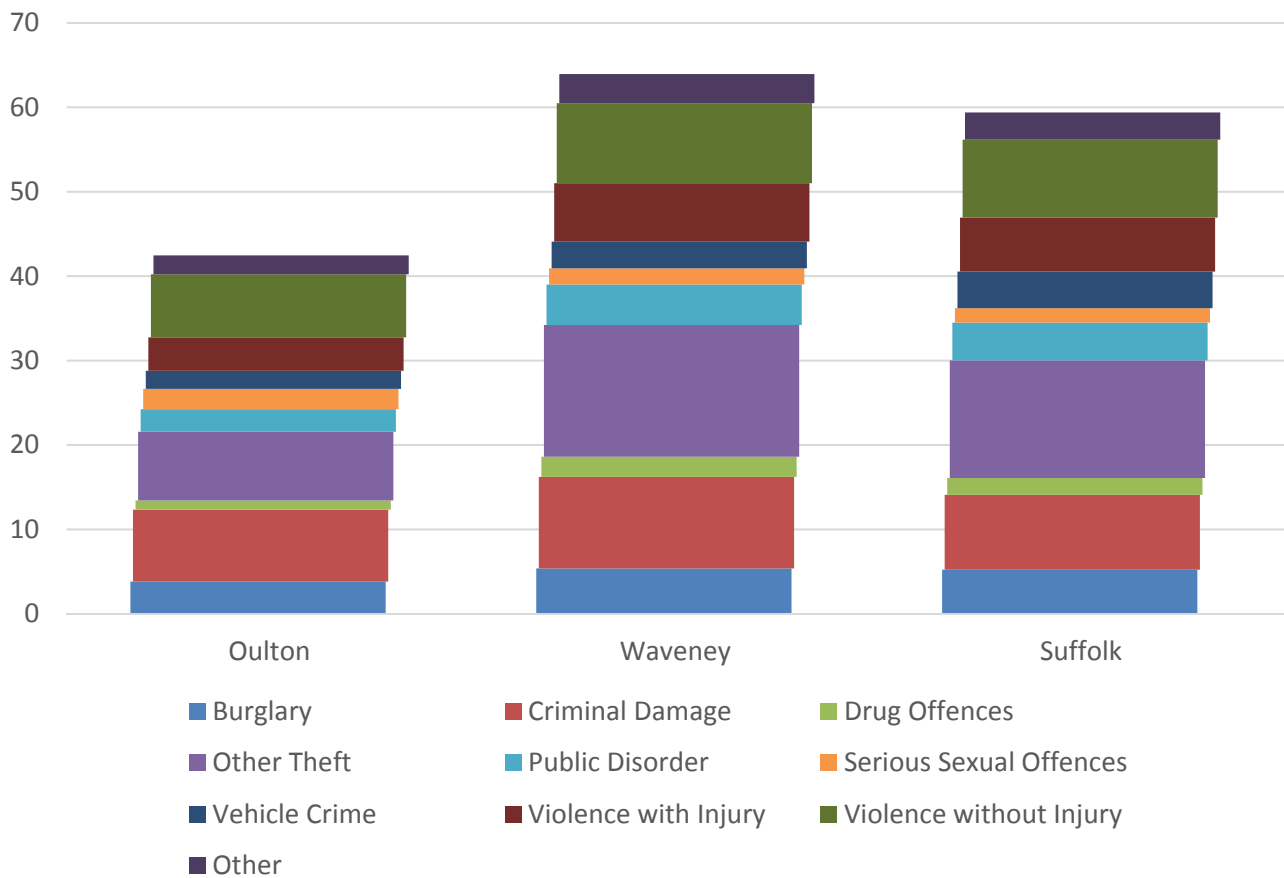
- Estimates suggest the life expectancy in Oulton is similar to the national average for females, just under 83 for the period 2010-2014
- The estimated life expectancy figure for males is just under 81, somewhat higher than the district and UK average and similar to the Suffolk level

DEATHS, UNDER 75 YEARS, STANDARDISED MORTALITY RATIO



- The estimate for early deaths from all causes in Oulton is slightly below the district and national level
- For cancer, it is estimated that deaths occur at a similar rate in Oulton to the national average
- The standardised mortality ratio data shown here means that for every 100 early deaths from all causes across the UK as a whole, there are an estimated 95 comparable deaths in Oulton

CRIME & COMMUNITY SAFETY



- 2015 data shows that crime levels in Oulton are low, with around 42 crimes per 1,000 people in the division, much lower than levels seen across Waveney (64 per 1,000 people) and Suffolk as a whole (59 per 1,000 people)
- Criminal damage is the most commonly recorded crime in the division. “Other theft” and violence with injury are the next most commonly recorded types of crime
- Serious sexual offences in Oulton occurred at a slightly higher rate in Oulton than in Waveney and Suffolk as a whole

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Parishes in Division

Blundeston
 Flixton
 Lound
 Lowestoft
 Oulton
 Somerleyton, Ashby and Herringfleet

DATA SOURCES

Category	Indicator	Source
Demographic Profile	Quinary population table 2015	ONS 2015 mid-year population estimates
	Population pyramid 2015	ONS 2015 mid-year population estimates
	Ethnicity 2011	ONS 2011 Census
Economy	Employment by broad industrial sector 2015	ONS Business Register and Employment Survey via NOMIS
Labour market	Job Seekers Allowance Claimant Rate (% 16-64 population) 2014-2017	DWP via NOMIS
Education	School information and attainment 2014-2016	Suffolk County Council
	% 16-18 year olds NEET (Not in Employment, Education or Training) 2013-2017	Suffolk County Council
Deprivation	Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015	Department for Communities and Local Government
Health	Life expectancy at birth 2010-2014	Public Health England
Health	Standardised mortality ratio for deaths from all causes, cancer, circulatory disease and coronary heart disease, aged under 75 2010-2014. The standardised mortality ratio is the ratio of observed deaths in the study group to expected deaths in the general population.	Public Health England
Community Safety	Recorded crime rate per 1,000 resident population 2015	Suffolk Police

For more data and information about Oulton Electoral Division, see the Suffolk Observatory www.suffolkobservatory.info

