



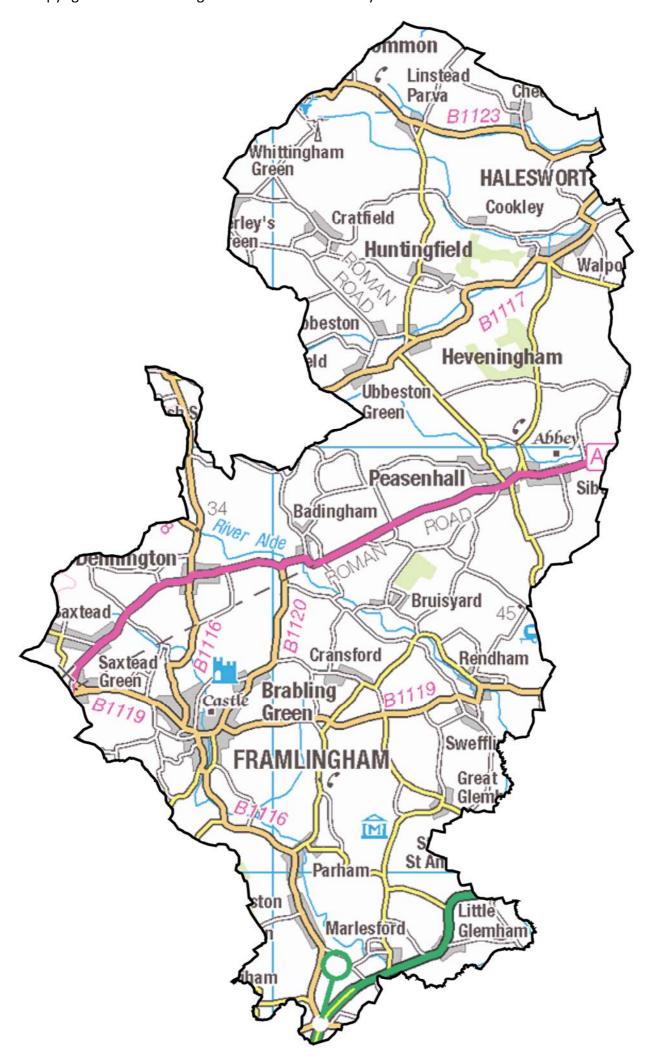


FRAMLINGHAM

ELECTORAL DIVISION PROFILE 2017

This Division comprises parts of Framlingham, Hacheston and Peasenhall & Yoxford wards

www.suffolkobservatory.info



CONTENTS

- Demographic Profile: Age & Ethnicity
- Economy and Labour Market
- Schools & NEET
- Index of Multiple Deprivation
- Health
- Crime & Community Safety
- Additional Information
- Data Sources

ELECTORAL DIVISION PROFILES: AN INTRODUCTION

These profiles have been produced to support elected members, constituents and other interested parties in understanding the demographic, economic, social and educational profile of their neighbourhoods. We have used the latest data available at the time of publication.

Much more data is available from national and local sources than is captured here, but it is hoped that the profile will be a useful starting point for discussion, where local knowledge and experience can be used to flesh out and illuminate the information presented here.

The profile can be used to help look at some fundamental questions e.g.

- Does the age profile of the population match or differ from the national profile?
- Is there evidence of the ageing profile of the county in all the wards in the Division or just some?
- How diverse is the community in terms of ethnicity?
- What is the impact of deprivation on families and residents?
- Does there seem to be a link between deprivation and school performance?
- What is the breakdown of employment sectors in the area?
- Is it a relatively healthy area compared to the rest of the district or county?
- What sort of crime is prevalent in the community?

A vast amount of additional data is available on the Suffolk Observatory

www.suffolkobservatory.info

The Suffolk Observatory is a free online resource that contains all Suffolk's vital statistics; it is the one-stop-shop for information and intelligence about Suffolk. Through data, reports and profiles, the Suffolk Observatory provides a comprehensive picture of the County. It is a great source for useful facts and figures that can be used for writing reports and presentations, informing strategic and business planning, preparing funding applications or supporting academic research. Data is presented around the key themes of education and skills, economy and employment, health and care, population, deprivation, housing, environment, transport and travel and crime. All areas of the county are covered, right down to district, ward and parish level, with information easily accessible in a variety of formats. You can also build your own reports by different themes and topics.

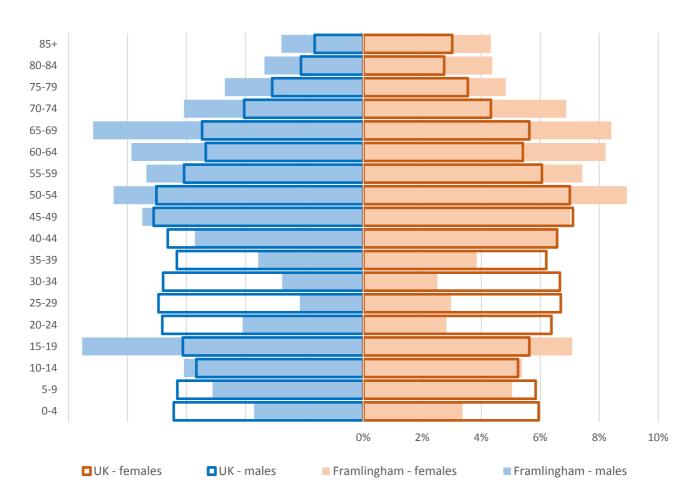
Technical Notes:

- 1. Where Electoral Divisions do not exactly match ward boundaries, we have adopted a "best fit" approach to produce a dataset.
- 2. District, county and national level data is provided where possible to provide a context for comparisons.

DEMOGRAPHIC PROFILE - AGE

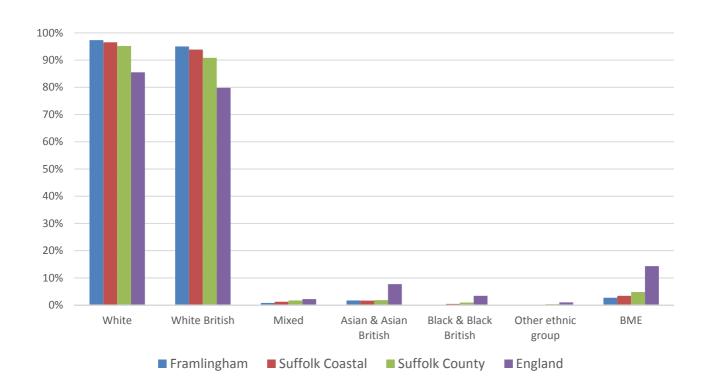
In mid-2015, the population of Framlingham stood at 8,897, an increase of 1.1% since the 2011 Census. The age structure of the divison is set out below.

	Framlingham Division
All Ages	8,897
0-4	314
5-9	452
10-14	509
15-19	736
20-24	306
25-29	229
30-34	234
35-39	330
40-44	547
45-49	645
50-54	775
55-59	658
60-64	716
65-69	781
70-74	578
75-79	424
80-84	345
85+	318



- The age pyramid for Framlingham shows a higher than average proportion of people over the age of 50
- The most common age group in Framlingham is 65-69 year olds, followed by 50-54 year olds. The number of people of retirement age is already high and looks set to increase markedly in the coming years
- There is a much lower than average number of people of working age, particularly 20-39 year olds and a lower proportion of children under 10 years of age
- There is a large proportion of young people aged 15-19 in the division

ETHNICITY

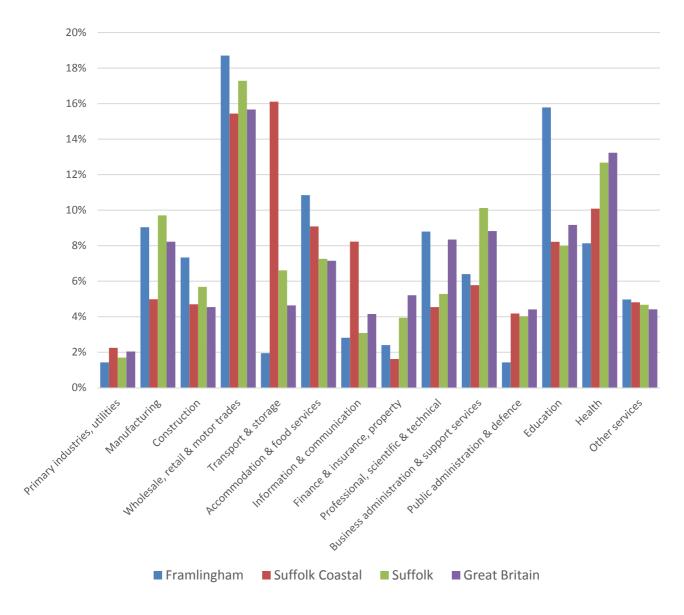


- According to the latest data (2011 Census), 97.3% (8,560) of the population of Framlingham are white, with 95% white British, a higher percentage than for the county of Suffolk
- There are 237 (2.7%) people of black or minority ethnic origin in the division, somewhat below the Suffolk Coastal and county average
- Framlingham has a similar diversity profile to Suffolk Coastal district, and generally lower proportions of minority ethnic groups than Suffolk as a whole

	All people	Whit	e	White British		Mixed		Asian and Asian British		Black and Black British		Other Ethnic Group		Black or Minority Ethnic Total	
	Count	Count	%	Count	%	Count	%	Count	%	Count	%	Count	%	Count	%
Framlingham	8,797	8,560	97.3	8,356	95.0	70	0.8	150	1.7	10	0.1	7	0.1	237	2.7
Suffolk Coastal	124,298	119,976	96.5	116,655	93.9	1,513	1.2	2,032	1.6	556	0.4	221	0.2	4,322	3.5
Suffolk	728,163	693,195	95.2	661,458	90.8	12,472	1.7	13,131	1.8	6,854	0.9	2,511	0.3	34,968	4.8
England & Wales			86.0		80.5		2.2		6.7		2.8		0.4		12.1

ECONOMY

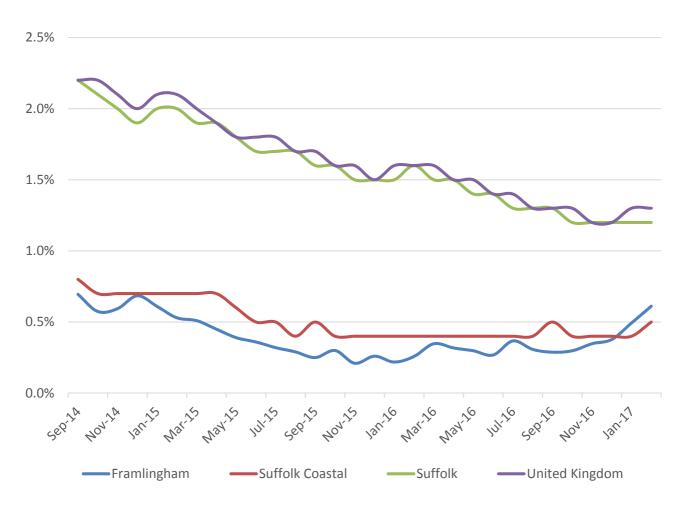
There are 3,100 people employed in Framlingham.



- Framlingham has a wide diversity of employment, with several sectors each accounting for over 8% of jobs
- The highest proportion of people are employed in wholesale, retail and motor trades, followed by education, manufacturing and accommodation and food services

LABOUR MARKET

JOB SEEKERS ALLOWANCE CLAIMANT RATE



- Framlingham has seen a gradual decline in the Job Seekers Allowance claimants rate over the past three years followed by a slight increase in recent months
- The JSA claimant rate in the division is generally slightly lower than the district average, with the exception of the last two months of data, and is consistently below county and national levels
- In early 2017, 0.6% of the working age population (aged 16-64) were claiming JSA

SCHOOLS

SCHOOL INFORMATION

Schools in the Division

		Avera	age cohor	rt size at	:		
Name	Phase	Foundation Stage (age 5)	KS2 (age 11)	KS4 (age 16)	KS5 (age 18)	Latest Ofsted	Latest Ofsted Date
Sir Robert Hitcham's CEVAP School	Primary	40	48			Good	19/03/2013
Dennington CEVCP School	Primary	8	6			Good	21/04/2015
Thomas Mills High School	Upper			169	130	Not yet inspected as a Academy	

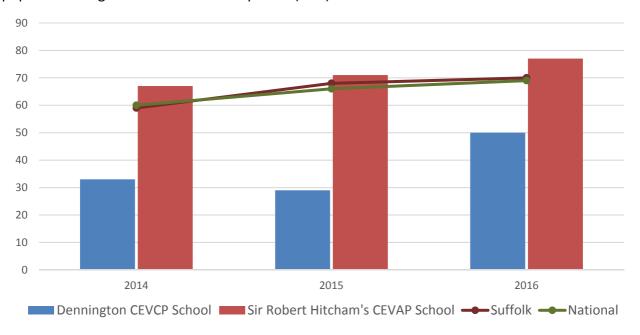
School Catchment overlaps with the Division

		Avera	ge coho				
Name	Phase	Foundation Stage (age 5)	KS2 (age 11)	KS4 (age 16)	KS5 (age 18)	Latest Ofsted	Latest Ofsted Date
Bramfield CEVCP School	Primary	16	13			•	spected as an ademy
Yoxford & Peasenhall Primary Academy	Primary	10	5			•	spected as an ademy
Saxmundham Primary School	Primary	42	39			Good	02/07/2014
All Saints CEVAP School	Primary	30	24			Good	03/11/2015
Wickham Market Primary School	Primary	20	23			Not yet inspected as an Academy	
Benhall St Mary's CEVCP School	Primary	13	13			Good	16/05/2013
Alde Valley Academy	Upper			128	37	Not yet inspected as an Academy	
Bungay High School	Upper			226	109	Good	28/09/2016
Stradbroke High School	Upper		3	63		Good	12/09/2013

SCHOOL ATTAINMENT

Foundation Stage Profile (reception)

% pupils achieving Good Level of Development (GLD)

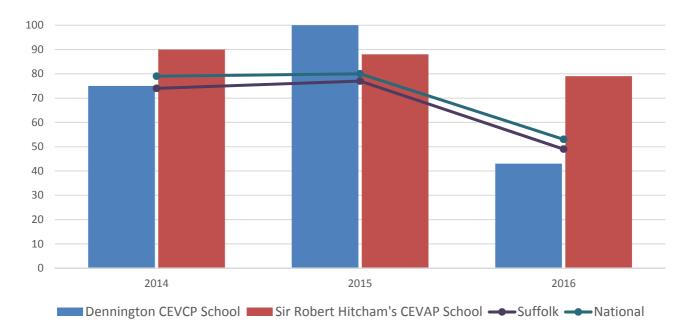


- Foundation Stage attainment at Sir Robert Hitcham's CEVAP School has seen steady improvement over the past three years and has remained above the county and national average during this period
- Dennington CEVCP School has seen attainment below the county and national average for each
 of the last three years, though there was a significant improvement in results at the school in
 2016

Key Stage 2 (age 11)

Pupil Achievement in all three subjects, Reading, Writing and Mathematics (2014–2015 as % Level 4 or better & 2016 % Expected Level or better).

In July 2016, there was a change in the way pupil achievement is measured at the end of KS2. Prior to 2016, pupils received National Curriculum Level grades for English and Maths, with L4 being the expected level at the end of Key Stage 2. In 2016 the measure scaled score and shows whether or not a pupil has achieved the national standard for that subject

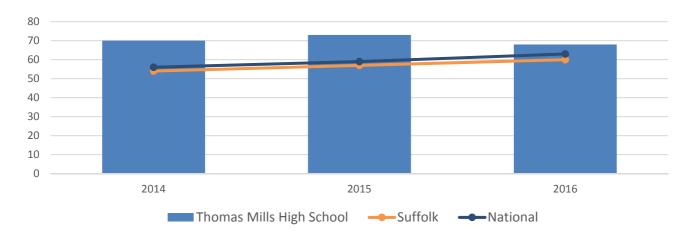


- Key Stage 2 attainment at schools in the Framlingham division has fluctuated somewhat, though Sir Robert Hitcham's CEVAP School has maintained above average attainment in each of the past three years
- Dennington CEVCP School saw below average attainment in 2016, though this followed good results in 2015 in particular

GCSE (Key Stage 4) (age 16)

% pupils achieving five or more GCSEs (or equivalent) at A*-C including English and Mathematics

In July 2016, an additional measure of pupil achievement at Key Stage 4 was introduced but for the purposes of this profile and to demonstrate change over time, we have presented consistent data for the period 2014-2016 using the % pupils achieving five or more GCSEs (or equivalent) at A*-C including English and Mathematics

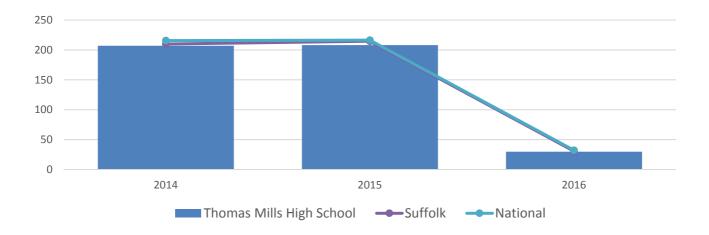


- GCSE attainment is very good in Framlingham division compared to the county and national averages
- Thomas Mills High School consistently sees a greater percentage of pupils achieving 5+ A*-C including English and Maths than the Suffolk and England averages
- In 2016, 68% of pupils achieved this level at the school, compared to 60% across Suffolk and 63% nationally

A Level (Key Stage 5) (age 18)

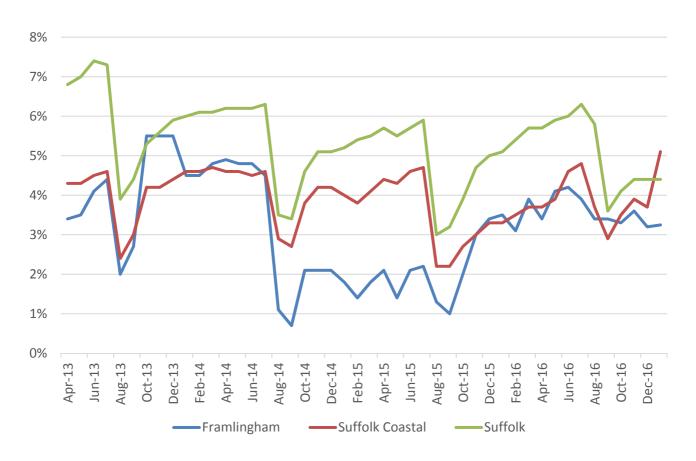
Average point score per student

In 2016 there was a change in the way pupil achievement is measured at the end of KS5 and so the trend over time should not therefore be considered. The relative level of attainment at schools in the Electoral Division versus the Suffolk and National averages can still be seen.



 A Level at Thomas Mills High School has been consistently slightly below the county and national average according to the last three years of data

NEET % (NOT IN EDUCATION, EMPLOYMENT OR TRAINING)

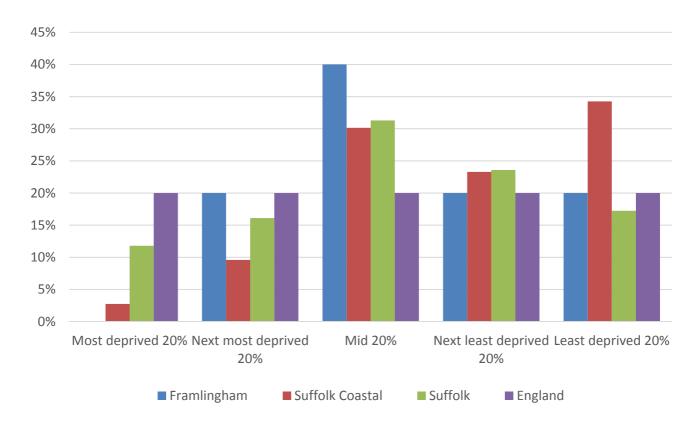


- In January 2017 around 3.2% of 16-18 year olds classified as NEET in Framlingham (where current activity is known)
- NEET levels in Framlingham are generally similar to, or below the district and county averages

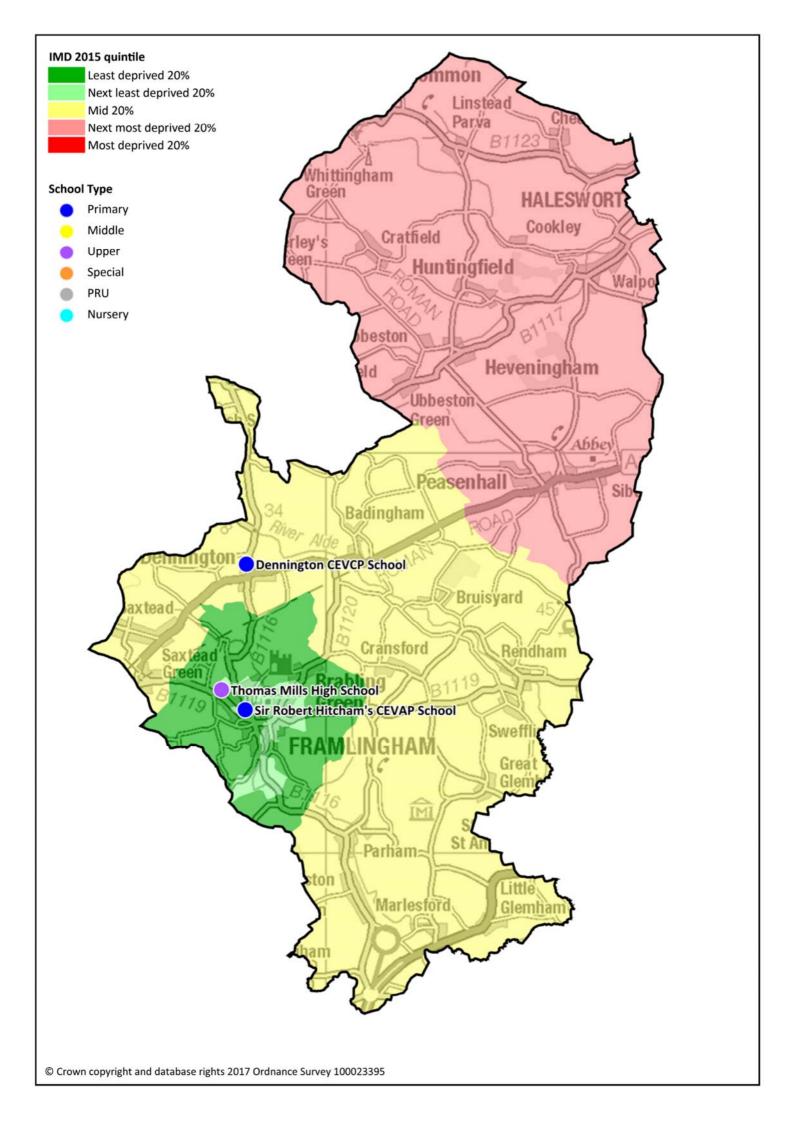
INDEX OF MULTIPLE DEPRIVATION (IMD) 2015 (SEE MAP OVERLEAF)

The IMD combines a number of indicators, chosen to cover a range of economic, social and housing issues, into a single deprivation score for each small area in England. This allows each area to be ranked relative to one another according to their level of deprivation. Small areas (Lower Super Output Areas, average population 1,500) are most usually described as being in 1 of 5 quintile bands. The bottom quintile represents the 20% of areas that are the most deprived in the country; these are shaded red on the map. The top quintile represents the least deprived areas in the country, and is shaded green.

The Index is widely used to analyse patterns of deprivation, identify areas that would benefit from special initiatives or programmes and as a tool to determine eligibility for specific funding streams.



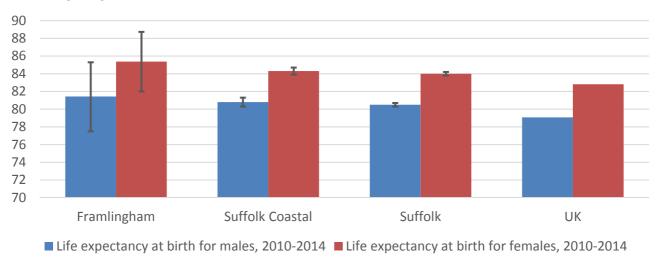
- The IMD 2015 shows that deprivation levels in Framlingham are quite varied, with parts of the division distributed across four of the IMD quintiles
- Of the five Lower Super Output Areas (LSOAs) in the division, one is in the least deprived quintile nationally, one is in the next least deprived quintile, two are in the mid quintile and one is in the second least deprived quintile



HEALTH

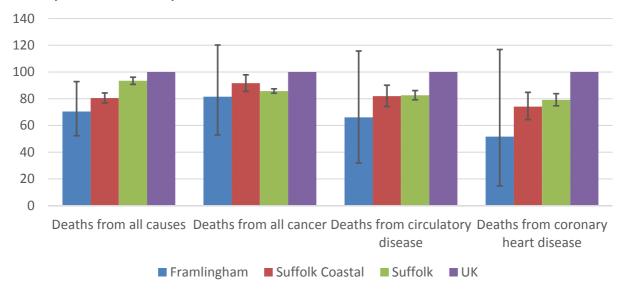
The local data used here is based on relatively small numbers of deaths. The confidence limits provide an indication of the reliability of the data. The 95% confidence intervals utilised on the chart provide a range within which there is 95% chance of the true result lying.

LIFE EXPECTANCY AT BIRTH



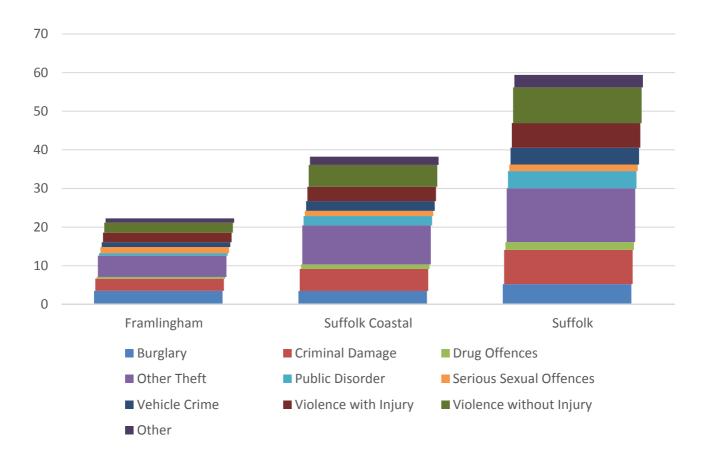
- Estimates for life expectancy at birth for men and women in Framlingham are above the Suffolk Coastal, Suffolk and UK averages
- Female life expectancy is just over 85.3 years, whilst for men it is 81.4 years

DEATHS, UNDER 75 YEARS, STANDARDISED MORTALITY RATIO



- In Framlingham, estimated death rates for all causes are below the district, county and UK level
- The standardised mortality ratio data shown here means that for every 100 early deaths from all causes across the UK as a whole, there are an estimated 70 comparable deaths in Framlingham

CRIME & COMMUNITY SAFETY



- Crime levels in Framlingham are low, with a rate of just over 22 crimes per 1,000 residents in 2015 compared to 38 in Suffolk Coastal and 59 across Suffolk as a whole
- "Other theft" is the most commonly committed crime in the division, with around 5.5 crimes per 1,000 residents
- Framlingham has lower rates of criminal damage and violence without injury when compared to Suffolk Coastal and the county of Suffolk

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Parishes in Division

Badingham Linstead Magna **Bruisyard** Linstead Parva Little Glemham Chediston Cookley Marlesford Cransford **Parham** Cratfield Peasenhall Dennington Rendham Framlingham Saxtead **Great Glemham** Sibton Hacheston Swefling Heveningham Ubbeston Huntingfield Walpole

DATA SOURCES

Category	Indicator	Source		
	Quinary population table 2015	ONS 2015 mid-year population estimates		
Demographic Profile	Population pyramid 2015	ONS 2015 mid-year population estimates		
	Ethnicity 2011	ONS 2011 Census		
Economy	Employment by broad industrial sector 2015	ONS Business Register and Employment Survey via NOMIS		
Labour market	Job Seekers Allowance Claimant Rate (% 16-64 population) 2014-2017	DWP via NOMIS		
	School information and attainment 2014-2016	Suffolk County Council		
Education	% 16-18 year olds NEET (Not in Employment, Education or Training) 2013-2017	Suffolk County Council		
Deprivation	Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015	Department for Communities and Local Government		
Health	Life expectancy at birth 2010-2014	Public Health England		
Standardised mortality ratio for deaths from all causes, cancer, circulatory disease and coronary heart disease, aged under 75 2010-2014. The standardised mortality ratio is the ratio of observed deaths in the study group to expected deaths in the general population.		Public Health England		
Community Safety	Recorded crime rate per 1,000 resident population 2015	Suffolk Police		

For more data and information about Framlingham Electoral Division, see the Suffolk Observatory www.suffolkobservatory.info

