



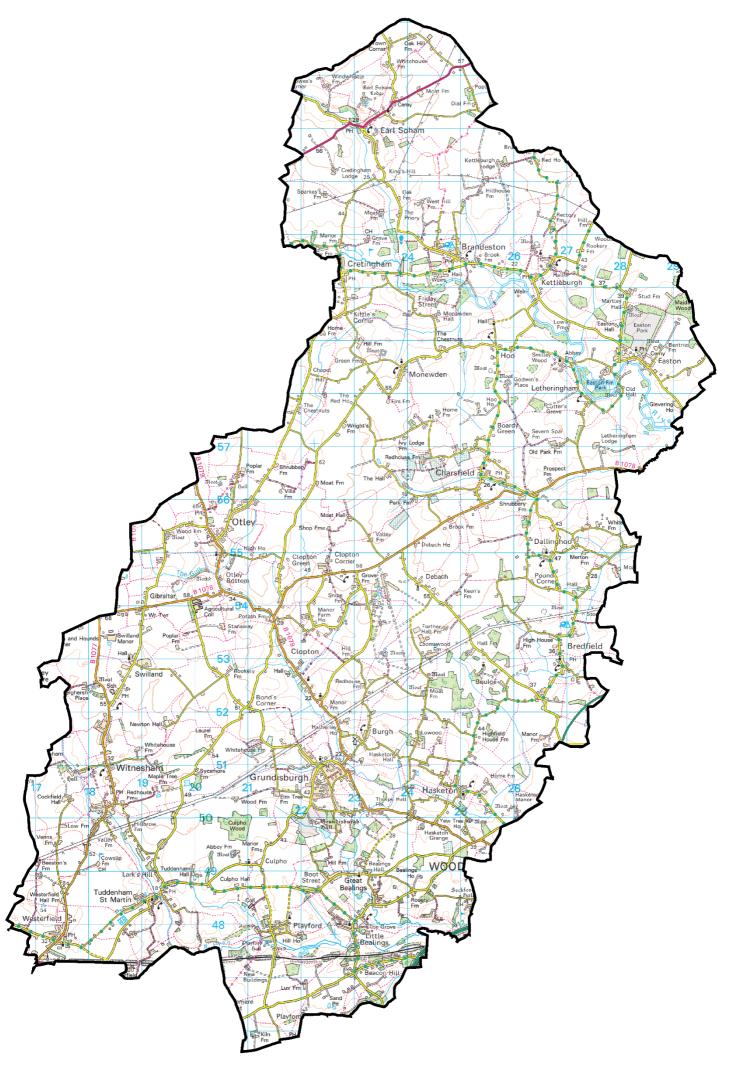


# CARLFORD

# **ELECTORAL DIVISION PROFILE 2017**

This Division comprises Grundisburgh ward in its entirety plus parts of Framlingham, Fynn Valley, Hacheston, Wickham Market and Woodbridge wards

www.suffolkobservatory.info



# **CONTENTS**

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- Economy and Labour Market
- Schools & NEET
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### **ELECTORAL DIVISION PROFILES: AN INTRODUCTION**

This profile has been produced to support elected members, constituents and other interested parties in understanding the demographic, economic, social and educational profile of their neighbourhood. We have used the latest data available at the time of publication.

Much more data is available from national and local sources than is captured here, but it is hoped that the profile will be a useful starting point for discussion, where local knowledge and experience can be used to flesh out and illuminate the information presented here.

The profile can be used to help look at some fundamental questions e.g.

- Does the age profile of the population match or differ from the national profile?
- Is there evidence of the ageing profile of the county in all the wards in the Division or just some?
- How diverse is the community in terms of ethnicity?
- What is the impact of deprivation on families and residents?
- Does there seem to be a link between deprivation and school performance?
- What is the breakdown of employment sectors in the area?
- Is it a relatively healthy area compared to the rest of the district or county?
- What sort of crime is prevalent in the community?

A vast amount of additional data is available on the Suffolk Observatory

### www.suffolkobservatory.info

The Suffolk Observatory is a free online resource that contains all Suffolk's vital statistics; it is the one-stop-shop for information and intelligence about Suffolk. Through data, reports and profiles, the Suffolk Observatory provides a comprehensive picture of the County. It is a great source for useful facts and figures that can be used for writing reports and presentations, informing strategic and business planning, preparing funding applications or supporting academic research. Data is presented around the key themes of education and skills, economy and employment, health and care, population, deprivation, housing, environment, transport and travel and crime. All areas of the county are covered, right down to district, ward and parish level, with information easily accessible in a variety of formats. You can also build your own reports by different themes and topics.

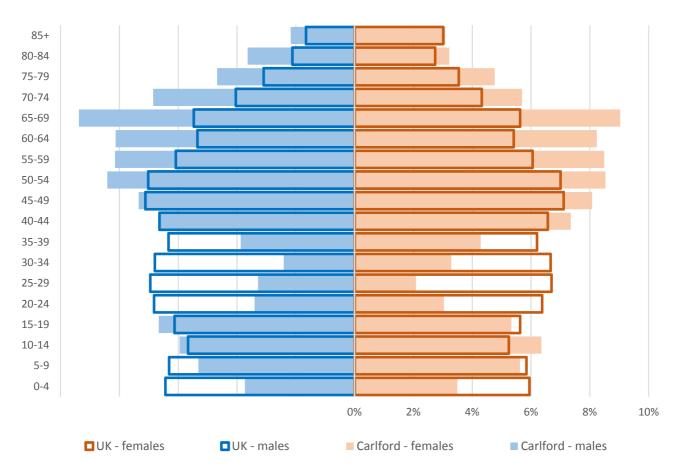
### **Technical Notes:**

- 1. Where Electoral Divisions do not exactly match ward boundaries, we have adopted a "best fit" approach to produce a dataset.
- 2. District, county and national level data is provided where possible to provide a context for comparisons.

# **DEMOGRAPHIC PROFILE - AGE**

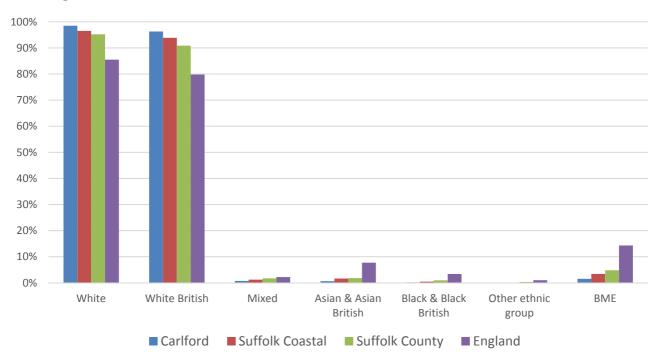
In mid-2015, the population of Carlford stood at 8,551, a decrease of 1.6% since the 2011 Census. The age structure of the the division is set out below.

	Carlford Division				
All Ages	8,641				
0-4	312				
5-9	473				
10-14	532				
15-19	517				
20-24	278				
25-29	231				
30-34	247				
35-39	353				
40-44	605				
45-49	667				
50-54	732				
55-59	719				
60-64	707				
65-69	795				
70-74	541				
75-79	408				
80-84	296				
85+	228				



- The age pyramid for Carlford shows a considerably higher than average proportion of people over the age of 40
- The commonest age group in Carlford is 65-69 year olds, followed by 50-54 year olds. The number of people of retirement age is already high and looks set to continue to increase in the coming years
- There is a much lower than average number of people between the ages of 20 and 39, and also under the age of 9

### **ETHNICITY**

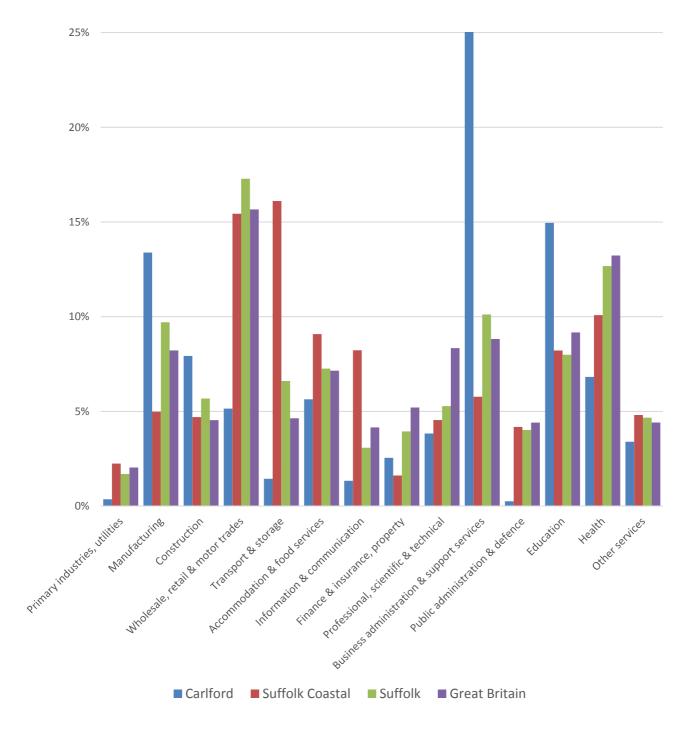


- According to the latest ethnicity data (2011 Census), 98.5% (8,555) of the population of Carlford are white, one of the highest percentages for a division in Suffolk. 191 people are non white British
- There are 135 (1.5%) people of black or minority ethnic origin in the division, nearly double the number at the time of the 2001 Census
- Carlford has generally lower proportions of minority ethnic groups than Suffolk Coastal and Suffolk as a whole

	All people	Whit	e	White B	ritish	Mixe	d	Asian a Asia Britis	n	Black a Blac Britis	k	Othe Ethn Grou	ic	Black Mino Ethnic	rity
	Count	Count	%	Count	%	Count	%	Count	%	Count	%	Count	%	Count	%
Carlford	8,687	8,555	98.5	8,364	96.3	62	0.7	54	0.6	14	0.2	2	0.0	132	1.5
Suffolk Coastal	124,298	119,976	96.5	116,655	93.9	1,513	1.2	2,032	1.6	556	0.4	221	0.2	4,322	3.5
Suffolk	728,163	693,195	95.2	661,458	90.8	12,472	1.7	13,131	1.8	6,854	0.9	2,511	0.3	34,968	4.8
England & Wales			86.0		80.5		2.2		6.7		2.8		0.4		12.1

## **ECONOMY**

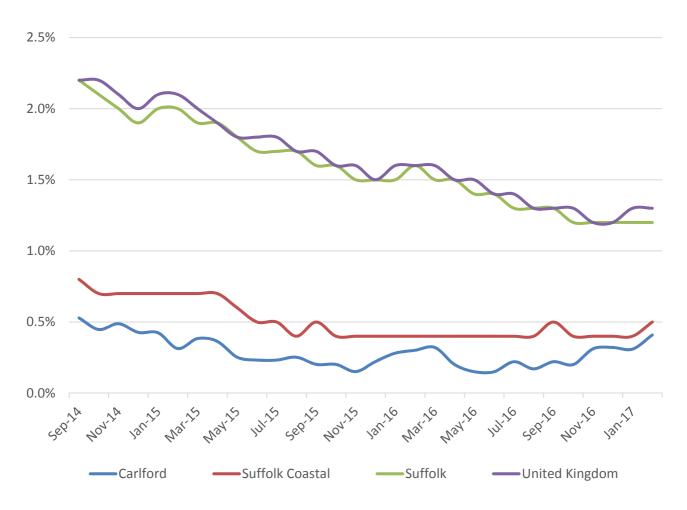
There are 4,000 people employed in Carlford.



- The key employment sectors in Carlford are business administration and support services, manufacturing and education
- Business administration and support services are particularly important as they account for almost a third of jobs in the division, well above the national average

# **LABOUR MARKET**

### **JOBSEEKERS ALLOWANCE CLAIMANT RATE**



- Carlford has seen very low and fairly stable levels of Job Seekers Allowance claimants in the past three years
- The claimant rate declined gradually throughout 2015 but has fluctuated somewhat since then and saw a slight increase at the start of 2017
- In percentage terms, around 0.4% of the working age population (aged 16-64) are claiming JSA.
   This is similar to the district average, but considerably below the county and national levels

# **S**CHOOLS

# **SCHOOL INFORMATION**

### **Schools in the Division**

		Average co	hort size at:			
Name	Phase	Foundation Stage (age 5)	KS2 (age 11)	Latest Ofsted	Latest Ofsted Date	
Bealings School	Primary	15	15	Outstanding	10/07/12	
Charsfield CEVCP School	Primary	4	8	Good	20/03/14	
Earl Soham CP School	Primary	11	12	Good	13/03/12	
Easton Primary School	Primary	9	9	Not yet inspected as an Academy		
Grundisburgh Primary School	Primary	22	26	Good	01/02/17	
Otley Primary School	Primary	6	7	Good	11/09/13	
Witnesham Primary School	Primary	15	13	Good	07/11/16	

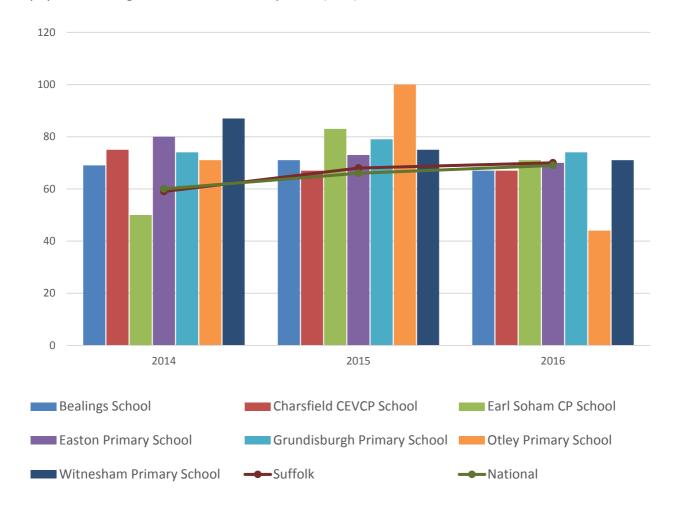
# School Catchment overlaps with the <u>Division</u>

		Avera	ge coho	rt size a			
Name	Phase	Foundation Stage (age 5)	KS2 (age 11)	KS4 (age 16)	KS5 (age 18)	Latest Ofsted	Latest Ofsted Date
Kyson Primary School	Primary	48	60			Good	13/01/15
Martlesham Primary Academy	Primary	10	14			Not yet inspec Acader	
Rushmere Hall Primary School	Primary	80	60			Requires Improvement	03/06/15
Woodbridge Primary School	Primary	28	31			Good	19/06/14
Claydon High School	Upper		9	134		Good	18/07/14
Debenham High School	Upper			128		Not yet inspected as an Academy	
Farlingaye High School	Upper			290	202	Outstanding	25/04/13
Kesgrave High School	Upper		24	281	161	Good	11/09/13
Northgate High School	Upper		2	222	259	Good	15/12/15
Thomas Mills High School	Upper			169	130	Not yet inspected as an Academy	

### **SCHOOL ATTAINMENT**

### **Foundation Stage Profile (reception)**

% pupils achieving Good Level of Development (GLD)

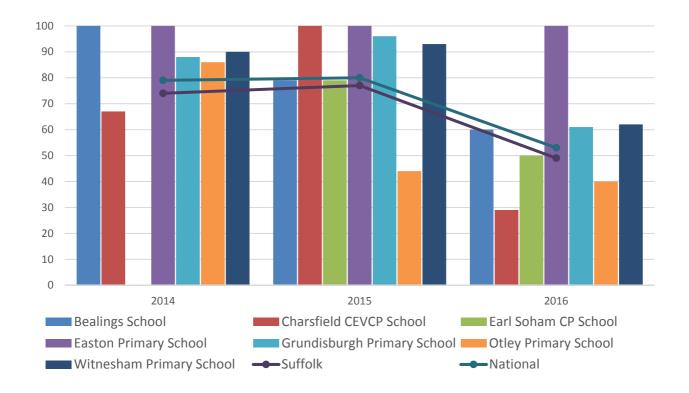


- Foundation Stage attainment in the division has been relatively consistent according to the past three years of data
- In 2016, six of the seven schools in the division had attainment levels similar to the county and national average, with only Otley Primary seeing noticeably below average attainment (in contrast to results in 2014 and 2015)
- In previous years, attainment at a number of schools in the division was considerably above average

### Key Stage 2 (age 11)

Pupil Achievement in all three subjects, Reading, Writing and Mathematics (2014–2015 as % Level 4 or better & 2016 % Expected Level or better)

In July 2016, there was a change in the way pupil achievement is measured at the end of KS2. Prior to 2016, pupils received National Curriculum Level grades for English and Maths, with L4 being the expected level at the end of Key Stage 2. In 2016 the measure became a scaled score and shows whether or not a pupil has achieved the national standard for that subject.

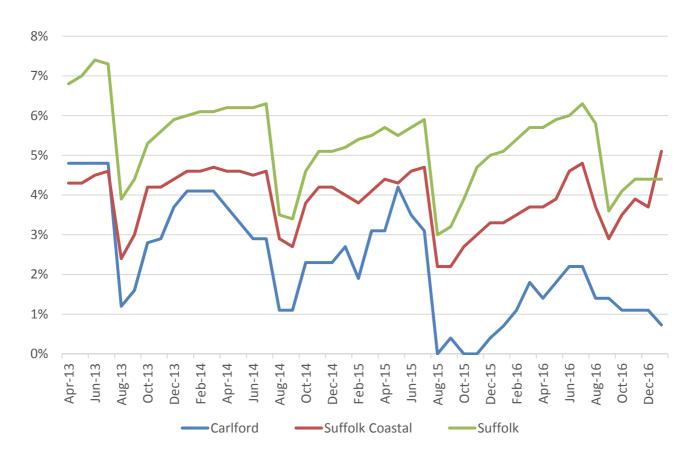


- KS2 attainment has fluctuated markedly according to the past three years of data, perhaps due to the small cohort sizes at schools in the division
- Attainment tends to be consistently above the Suffolk average at most schools
- 100% of pupils have attained level 4 or above in English and Maths in all three years at Easton Primary School
- No data is available for Earl Soham for 2014

### GCSE (Key Stage 4) (age 16)

There are no Upper schools located within the Carlford division

# **NEET % (NOT IN EDUCATION, EMPLOYMENT OR TRAINING)**

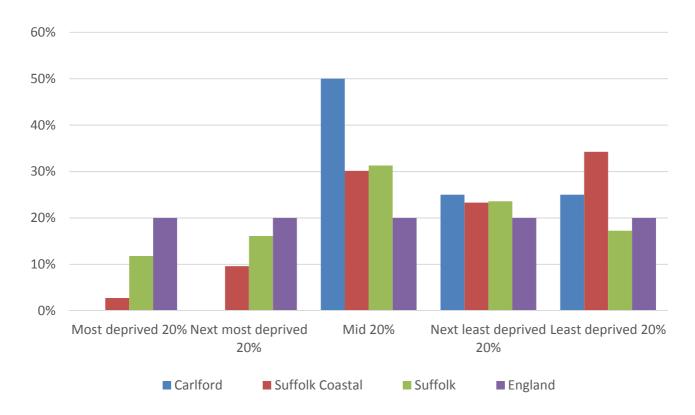


- In January 2017, 0.7% of 16-18 year olds were classified as NEET in Carlford (where current activity is known)
- NEET levels in Carlford are consistently below the district and county average

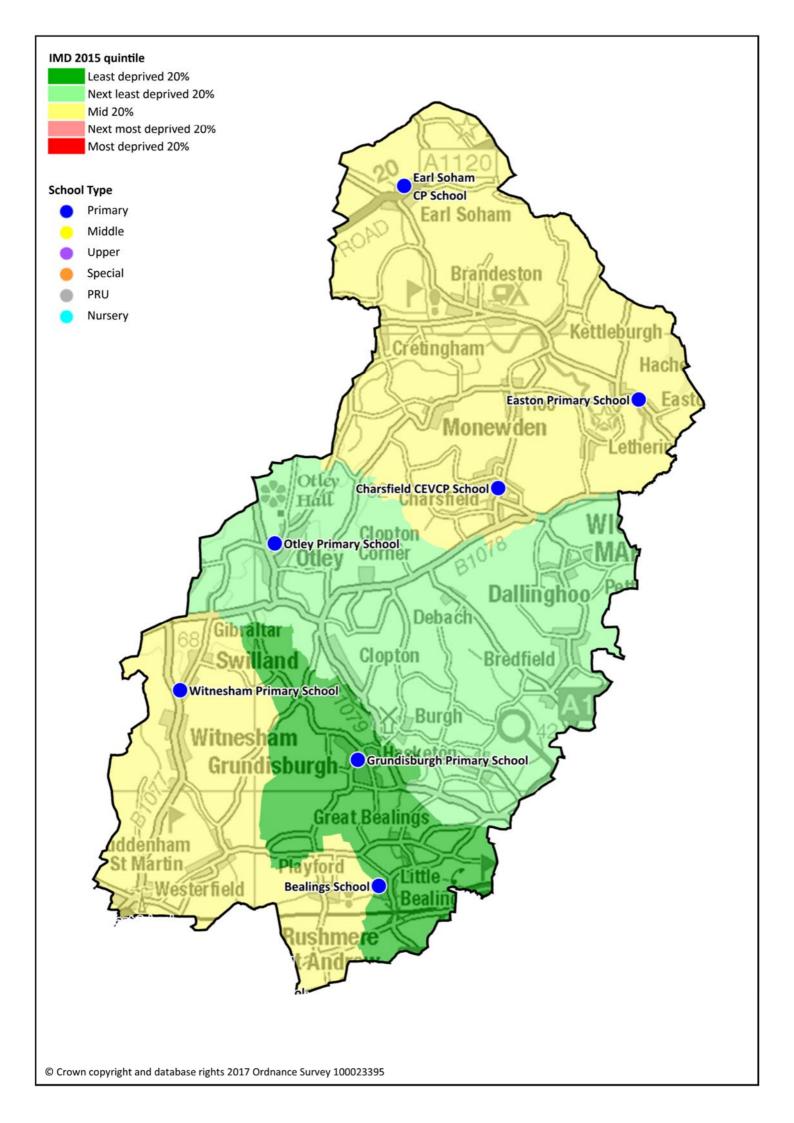
# INDEX OF MULTIPLE DEPRIVATION (IMD) 2015 (SEE MAP OVERLEAF)

The IMD combines a number of indicators, chosen to cover a range of economic, social and housing issues, into a single deprivation score for each small area in England. This allows each area to be ranked relative to one another according to their level of deprivation. Small areas (Lower Super Output Areas, average population 1,500) are most usually described as being in 1 of 5 quintile bands. The bottom quintile represents the 20% of areas that are the most deprived in the country; these are shaded red on the map. The top quintile represents the least deprived areas in the country, and is shaded green.

The IMDx is widely used to analyse patterns of deprivation, identify areas that would benefit from special initiatives or programmes and as a tool to determine eligibility for specific funding streams.



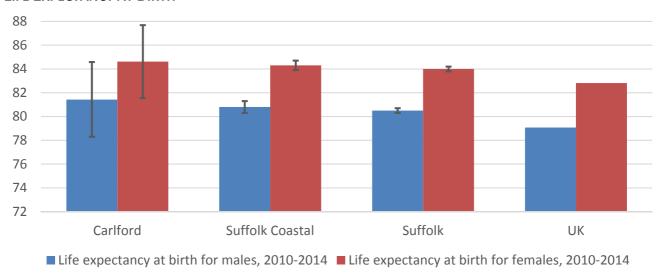
- The IMD 2015 shows that deprivation levels in Carlford are fairly low, with all LSOAs in the division classified among the least deprived 60% nationally
- Of the four Lower Layer Super Output Areas (LSOA) comprising the division, one is ranked in the top 20% least deprived LSOAs in the country, one in the next least deprived 20% and two in the mid-20%
- No part of the division is ranked in the most deprived 40% of areas in England



### **HEALTH**

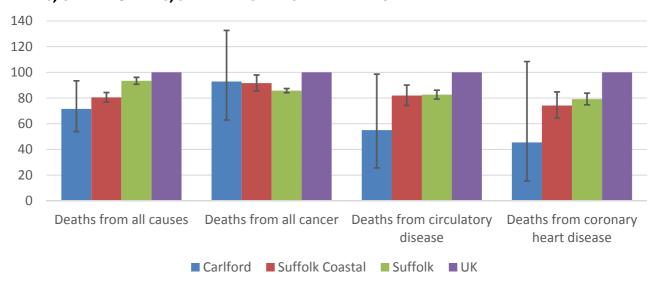
The local data used here is based on relatively small numbers of deaths. The confidence limits provide an indication of the reliability of the data. The 95% confidence intervals utilised on the chart provide a range within which there is 95% chance of the true result lying.

### LIFE EXPECTANCY AT BIRTH



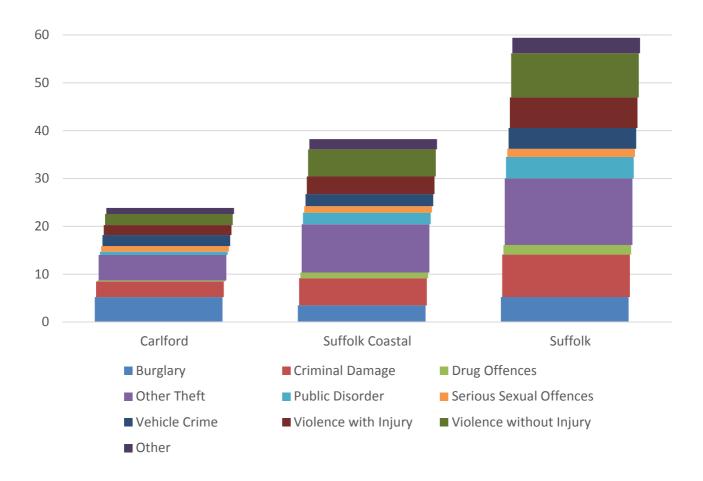
 Estimated life expectancy for men and women in Carlford is above the district, county and national averages

### DEATHS, UNDER 75 YEARS, STANDARDISED MORTALITY RATIO



- The rate of early deaths (people aged under 75) in Carlford due to cancer is slightly higher than the district and county average but below the national level
- Estimated rates of early deaths for other causes in the division are below the Suffolk Coastal,
   Suffolk county and UK averages
- The standardised mortality ratio data shown here means that for every 100 early deaths from all causes across the UK as a whole, there are an estimated 72 comparable deaths in Carlford

### **CRIME & COMMUNITY SAFETY**



- Carlford is a safe division and shows a lower rate of crime than Suffolk Coastal and Suffolk as a whole
- In 2015, there were just under 24 recorded crimes per 1,000 residents in Carlford compared to 38 in Suffolk Coastal and 59 across the county as a whole
- Burglary comprises a much higher proportion of crimes in Carlford than in Suffolk as a whole (nearly one in 5 crimes in the division are burglaries compared to one in 12 across the county),
- Burglary and theft are the most common forms of criminal activity in the division

### **ADDITIONAL INFORMATION**

### **Parishes in Division**

**Boulge** Debach Little Bealings **Earl Soham** Monewden Brandeston **Bredfield** Easton Otley Burgh Playford **Great Bealings** Charsfield Grundisburgh Swilland Clopton Hasketon Tuddenham St. Martin Cretingham Hoo Westerfield Witnesham Culpho Kettleburgh Dallinghoo Letheringham

### **DATA SOURCES**

Category	Indicator	Source		
	Quinary population table 2015	ONS 2015 mid-year population estimates		
Demographic Profile	Population pyramid 2015	ONS 2015 mid-year population estimates		
Ethnicity 2011		ONS 2011 Census		
Economy	Employment by broad industrial sector 2015	ONS Business Register and Employment Survey via NOMIS		
Labour market	Job Seekers Allowance Claimant Rate (% 16-64 population) 2014-2017	DWP via NOMIS		
	School information and attainment 2014-2016	Suffolk County Council		
Education	% 16-18 year olds NEET (Not in Employment, Education or Training) 2013-2017	Suffolk County Council		
Deprivation	Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015	Department for Communities and Local Government		
Health	Life expectancy at birth 2010-2014	Public Health England		
Health  Standardised mortality ratio for deaths from all causes, cancer, circulatory disease and coronary heart disease, aged under 75 2010-2014. The standardised mortality ratio is the ratio of observed deaths in the study group to expected deaths in the general population.		Public Health England		
Community Safety	Recorded crime rate per 1,000 resident population 2015	Suffolk Police		

For more data and information about Carlford Electoral Division, see the Suffolk Observatory <a href="https://www.suffolkobservatory.info">www.suffolkobservatory.info</a>

