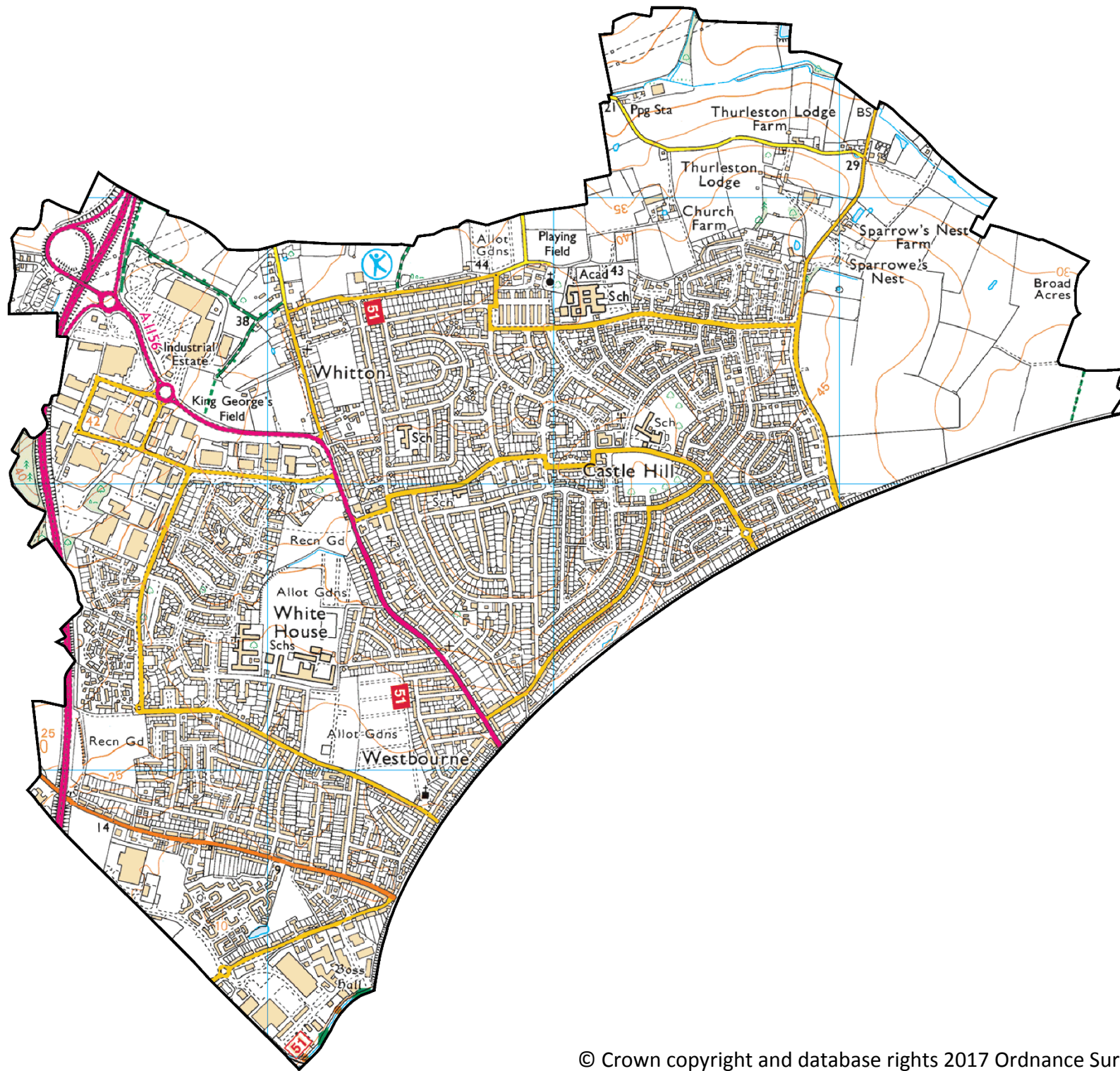


WHITEHOUSE & WHITTON

ELECTORAL DIVISION PROFILE 2017

This Division comprises Whitehouse and Whitton wards in their entirety plus part of Castle Hill ward

www.suffolkobservatory.info



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ELECTORAL DIVISION PROFILES: AN INTRODUCTION

These profiles have been produced to support elected members, constituents and other interested parties in understanding the demographic, economic, social and educational profile of their neighbourhoods. We have used the latest data available at the time of publication.

Much more data is available from national and local sources than is captured here, but it is hoped that the profile will be a useful starting point for discussion, where local knowledge and experience can be used to flesh out and illuminate the information presented here.

The profile can be used to help look at some fundamental questions e.g.

- Does the age profile of the population match or differ from the national profile?
- Is there evidence of the ageing profile of the county in all the wards in the Division or just some?
- How diverse is the community in terms of ethnicity?
- What is the impact of deprivation on families and residents?
- Does there seem to be a link between deprivation and school performance?
- What is the breakdown of employment sectors in the area?
- Is it a relatively healthy area compared to the rest of the district or county?
- What sort of crime is prevalent in the community?

A vast amount of additional data is available on the **Suffolk Observatory**

www.suffolkobservatory.info

The Suffolk Observatory is a free online resource that contains all Suffolk's vital statistics; it is the one-stop-shop for information and intelligence about Suffolk. Through data, reports and profiles, the Suffolk Observatory provides a comprehensive picture of the County. It is a great source for useful facts and figures that can be used for writing reports and presentations, informing strategic and business planning, preparing funding applications or supporting academic research. Data is presented around the key themes of education and skills, economy and employment, health and care, population, deprivation, housing, environment, transport and travel and crime. All areas of the county are covered, right down to district, ward and parish level, with information easily accessible in a variety of formats. You can also build your own reports by different themes and topics.

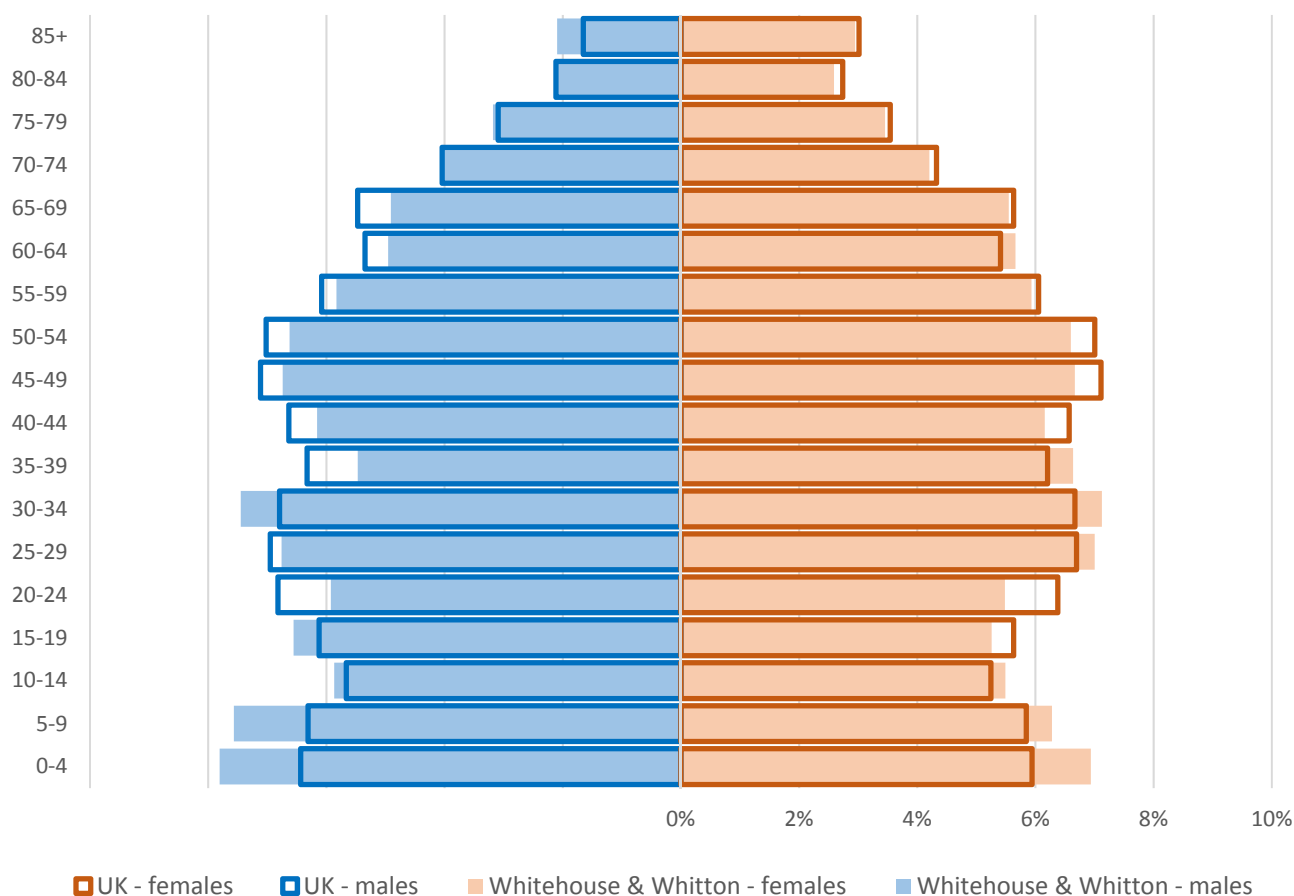
Technical Notes:

1. Where Electoral Divisions do not exactly match ward boundaries, we have adopted a "best fit" approach to produce a dataset.
2. District, county and national level data is provided where possible to provide a context for comparisons.

DEMOGRAPHIC PROFILE - AGE

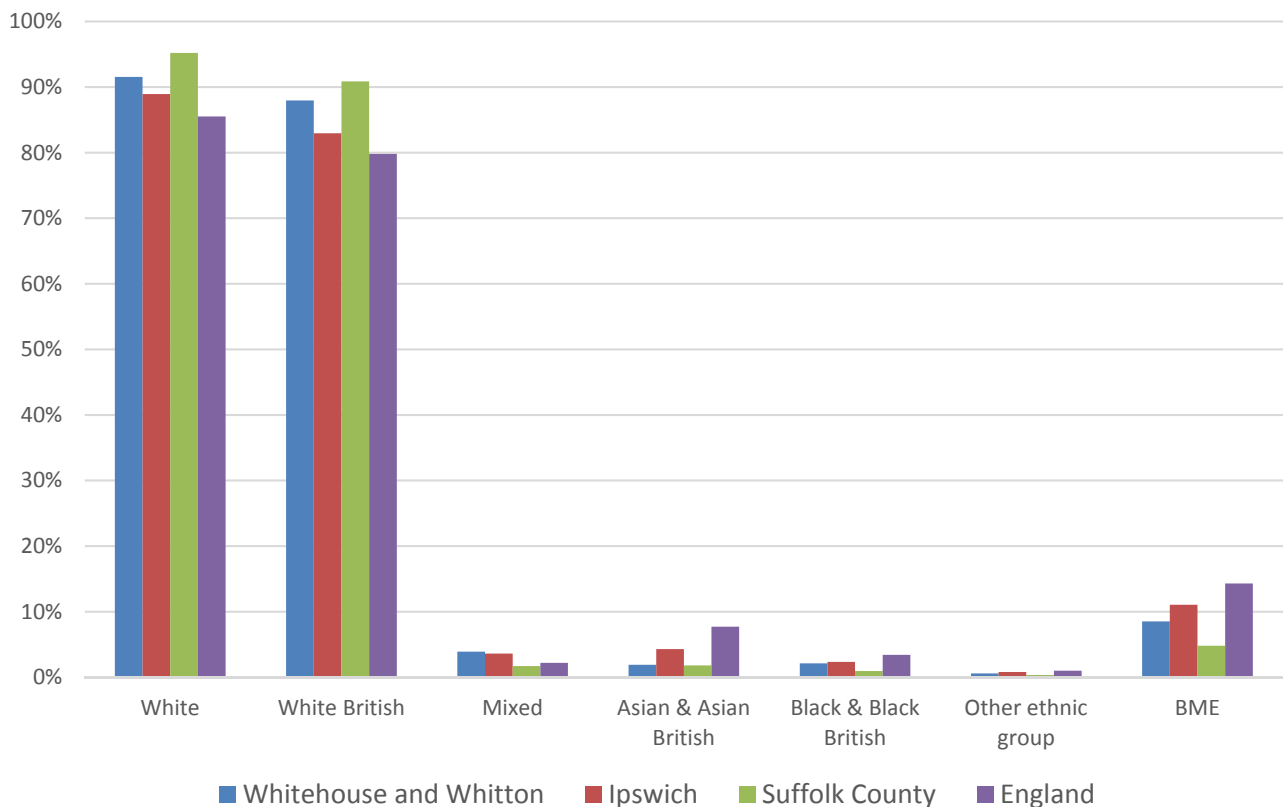
In mid-2015 the population of Whitehouse and Whitton stood at 20,963, a fall of 1.6% since the 2011 Census. The age structure of the component wards (excluding the part of Castle Hill that falls in the Division) and the division as a whole is set out below.

	Whitehouse and Whitton Division	Whitehouse	Whitton
All Ages	20,963	8,979	8,019
0-4	1,544	760	516
5-9	1,449	657	556
10-14	1,190	481	496
15-19	1,236	512	522
20-24	1,195	571	457
25-29	1,443	798	430
30-34	1,527	792	480
35-39	1,271	608	445
40-44	1,291	569	465
45-49	1,405	609	530
50-54	1,386	557	549
55-59	1,233	485	469
60-64	1,114	392	445
65-69	1,097	411	446
70-74	863	274	403
75-79	696	219	336
80-84	493	131	227
85+	530	153	247



- The age pyramid for Whitehouse and Whitton is very similar to the overall age pattern for the UK, but shows a higher than average proportion of children under the age of 10
- The commonest age group in Whitehouse and Whitton is 0-4 year olds, followed by 30-34 year olds

ETHNICITY

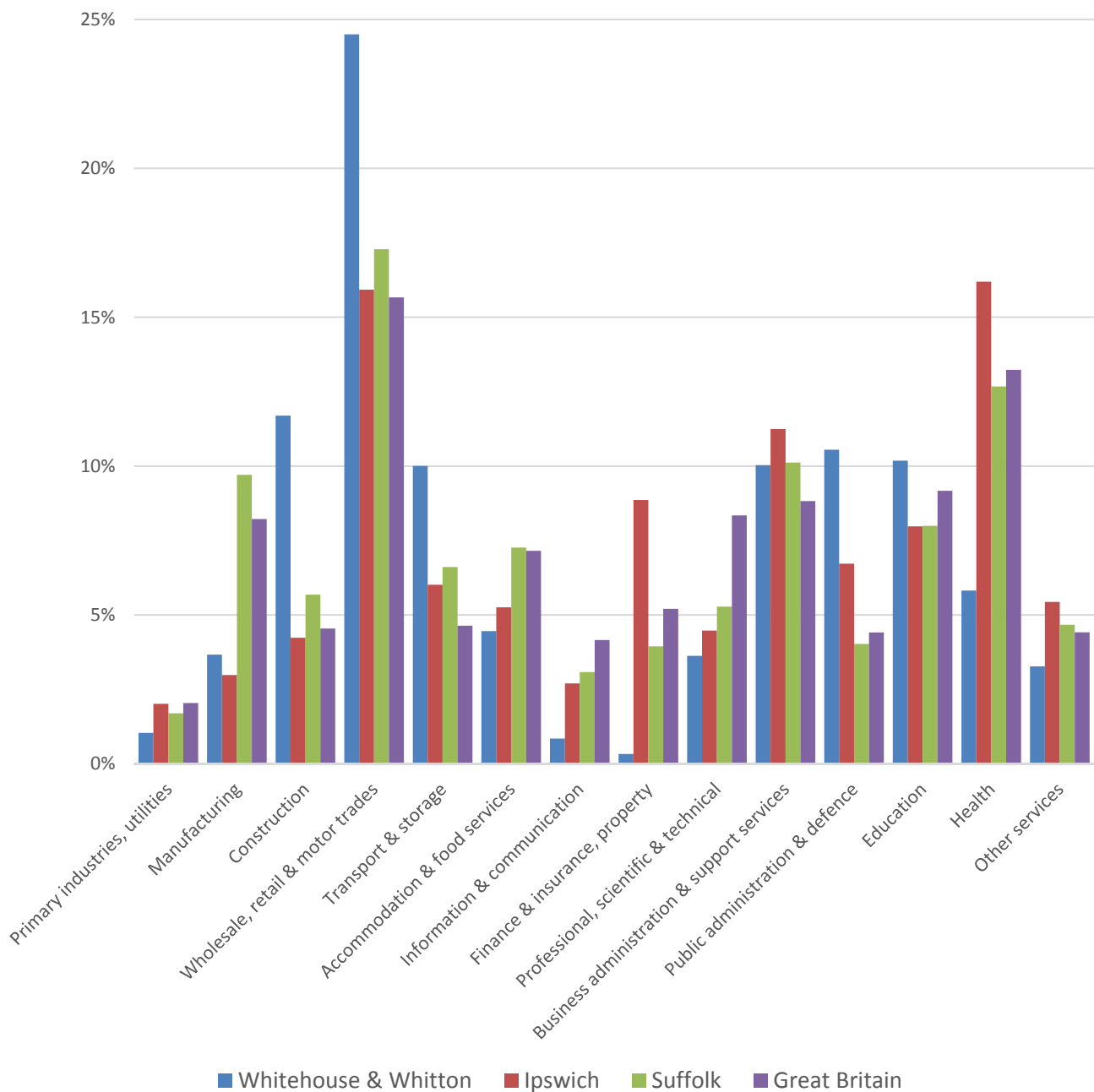


- According to the latest data (2011 Census), 91.5% (19,493) of the population of Whitehouse and Whitton are white, slightly above the figure for Ipswich
- There are 1,805 (8.5%) people of black or minority ethnic origin in the division, below the figure for Ipswich and almost double the county figure
- Whitehouse and Whitton has a similar diversity profile to Ipswich, and generally higher proportions of minority ethnic groups than Suffolk as a whole

	All people	White		White British		Mixed		Asian and Asian British		Black and Black British		Other Ethnic Group		Black or Minority Ethnic Total	
	Count	Count	%	Count	%	Count	%	Count	%	Count	%	Count	%	Count	%
Whitehouse and Whitton	21,298	19,493	91.5	18,730	87.9	827	3.9	405	1.9	449	2.1	124	0.6	1,805	8.5
Ipswich	133,384	118,596	88.9	110,624	82.9	4,816	3.6	5,740	4.3	3,096	2.3	1,136	0.9	14,788	11.1
Suffolk	728,163	693,195	95.2	661,458	90.8	12,472	1.7	13,131	1.8	6,854	0.9	2,511	0.3	34,968	4.8
England & Wales			86.0		80.5		2.2		6.7		2.8		0.4		12.1

ECONOMY

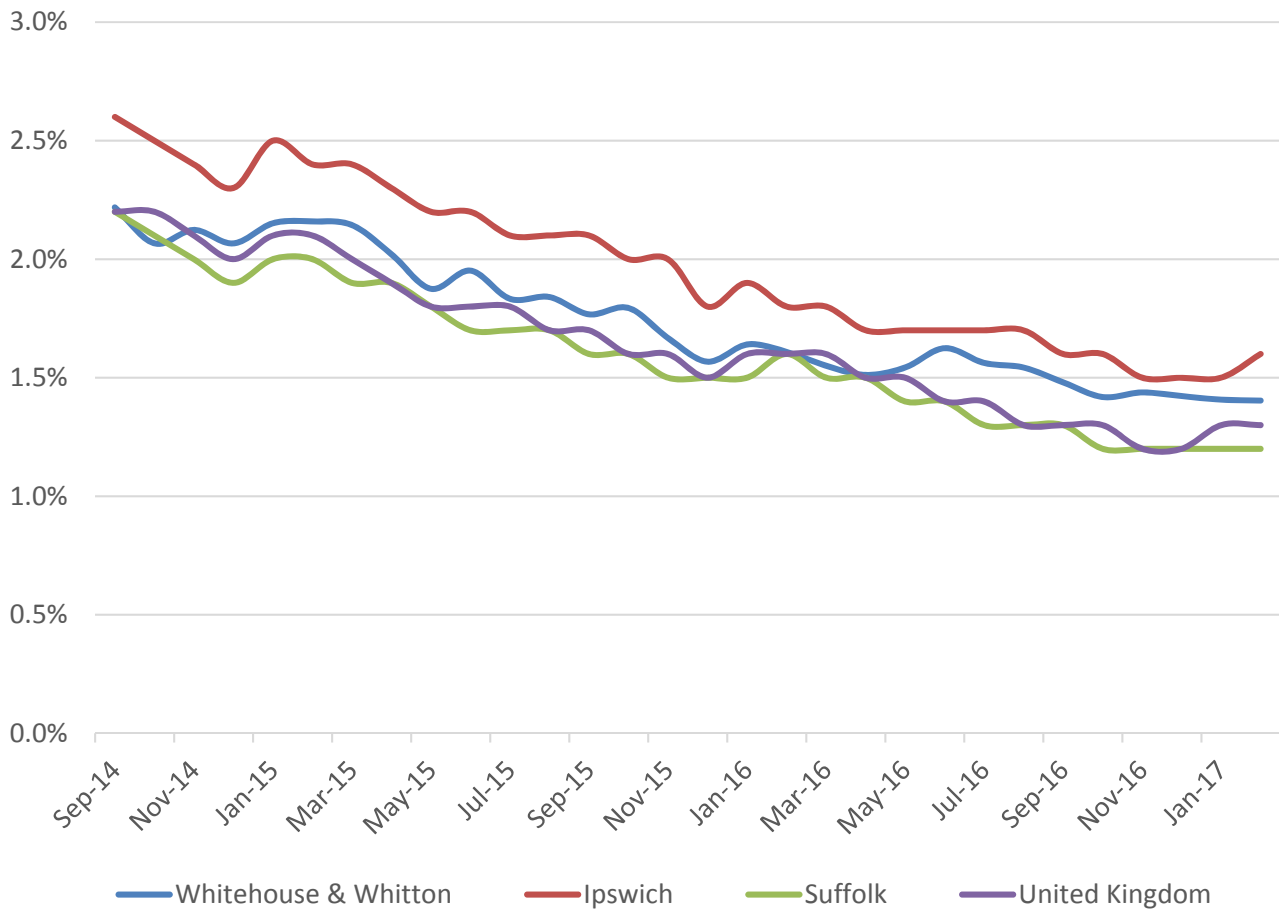
There are 7,400 people employed in Whitehouse and Whitton.



- There is a good spread of employment sectors in Whitehouse and Whitton
- The key employment sectors in Whitehouse and Whitton division are wholesale, retail and motor trades, construction, public administration and defence and education
- Over half of jobs in the division are provided by these four sectors
- Wholesale, retail and motor trades, construction, public administration and defence and transport and storage are particularly important as the proportion of employment accounted for by these sectors in Whitehouse and Whitton is much higher than the national average

LABOUR MARKET

JOB SEEKERS ALLOWANCE CLAIMANT RATE



- Whitehouse and Whitton has seen a downward trend in Job Seekers Allowance claimants over the past few years, mirroring local and national progress
- The rate of claimants has consistently been below the average for Ipswich, but higher than Suffolk overall
- In percentage terms, 1.4% of the working age population were claiming JSA in February 2017, just above the county and national averages

SCHOOLS

SCHOOL INFORMATION

Schools in the Division

		Average cohort size at:				
Name	Phase	Foundation Stage (age 5)	KS2 (age 11)	KS4 (age 16)	Latest Ofsted	Latest Ofsted Date
Castle Hill Infant School	Infant	75			Not yet inspected as an Academy	
Castle Hill Junior School	Junior		61			
Highfield Nursery School	Nursery				Outstanding	11/07/2013
St Pancras' Catholic Primary School	Primary	30	31		Good	05/11/2014
Whitehouse CP School	Primary	85	52		Good	02/05/2013
Whitton CP School	Primary	40	37		Not yet inspected as an Academy	
Thomas Wolsey School	Special	7	5	6	Outstanding	27/11/2014
Westbourne Academy	Upper		3	199	Requires Improvement	08/11/2016
Ormiston Endeavour Academy	Upper			96	Good	08/12/2016

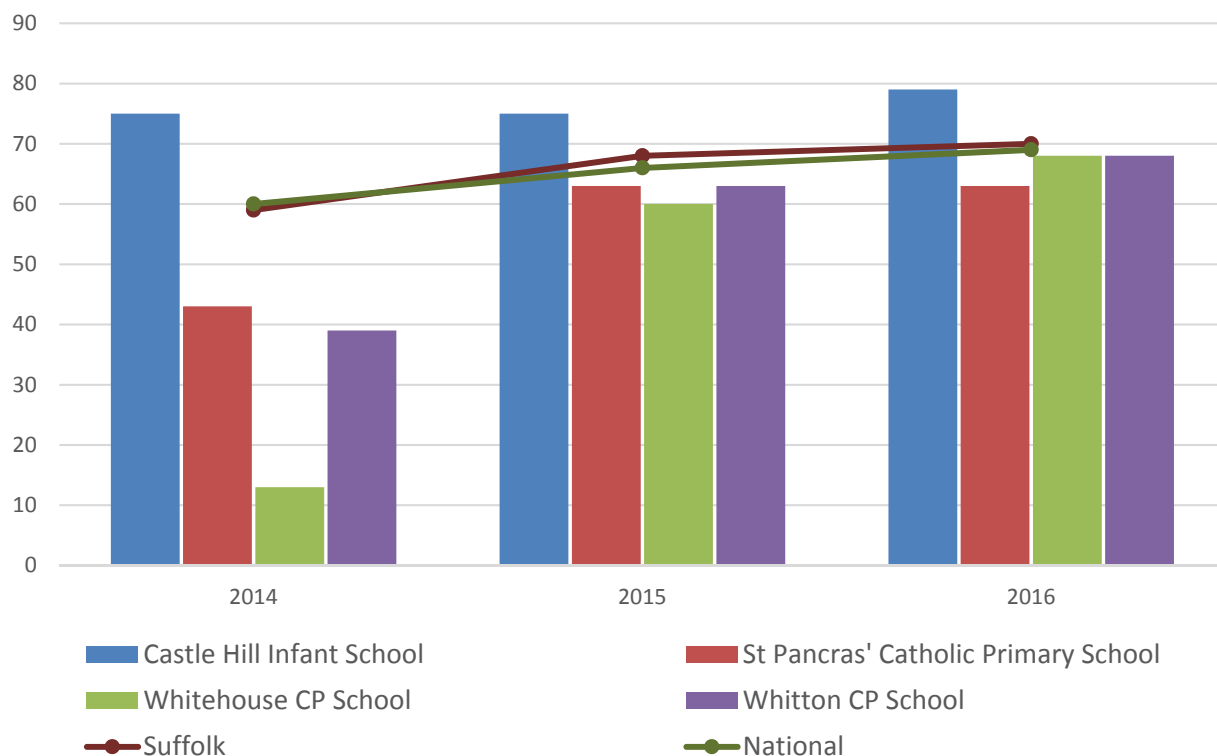
School Catchment overlaps with the Division

Name	Phase	Average cohort size at				Latest Ofsted	Latest Ofsted Date
		Foundation Stage (age 5)	KS2 (age 11)	KS4 (age 16)	KS5 (age 18)		
Bramford CEVCP School	Primary	30	27			Good	24/10/2012
Dale Hall CP School	Primary	59	56			Good	03/03/2016
Rushmere Hall Primary School	Primary	80	60			Requires Improvement	03/06/2015
Springfield Infant School & Nursery	Primary	86				Good	24/01/2017
Northgate High School	Upper		2	222	259	Good	15/12/2015
Claydon High School	Upper		9	134		Good	18/07/2014

SCHOOL ATTAINMENT

Foundation Stage Profile (reception)

% pupils achieving Good Level of Development

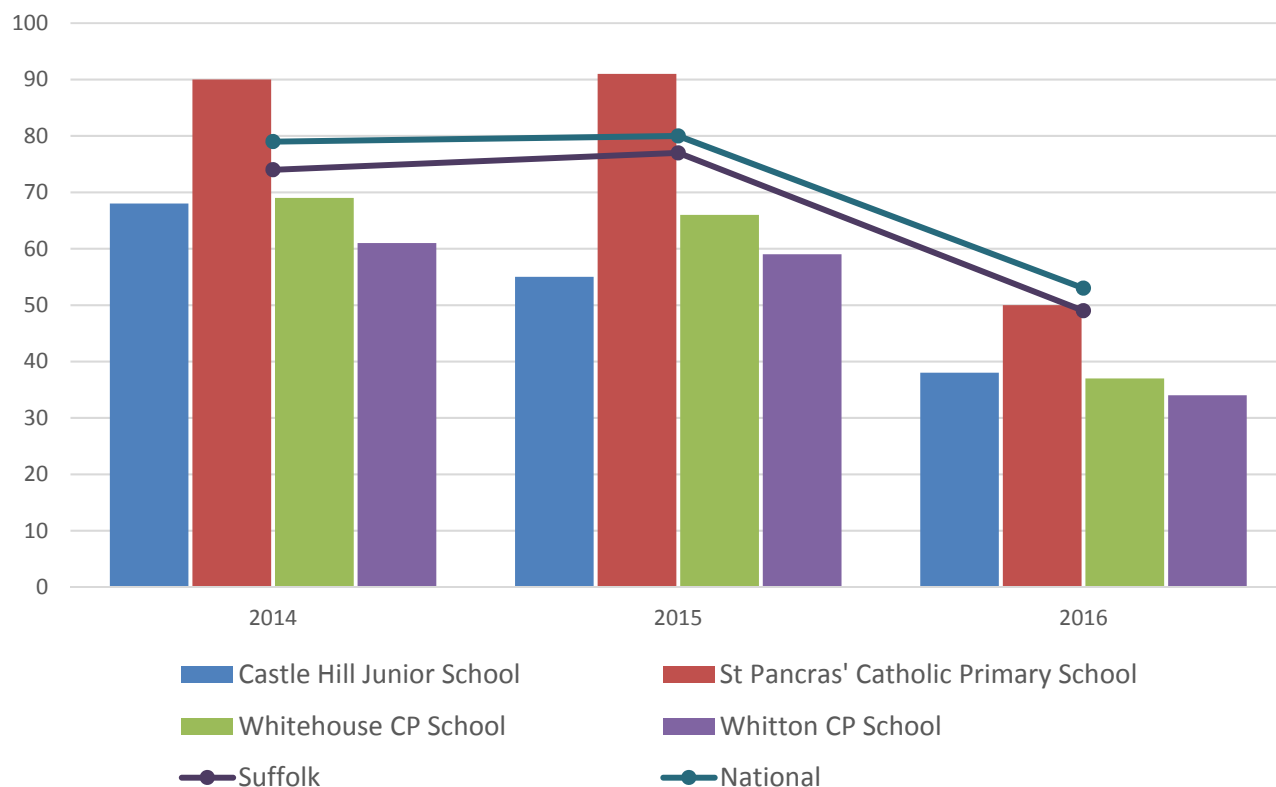


- Only Castle Hill Infant School has seen performance consistently above the county and national averages for Foundation Stage attainment over the past three years
- The remaining three schools in the division have seen sustained improvement in Foundation Stage attainment from 2014 to 2016 and all achieved results close to the county and national average in 2016

Key Stage 2 (age 11)

Pupil Achievement in all three subjects, Reading, Writing and Mathematics
(2014–2015 as % Level 4 or better & 2016 % Expected Level or better)

In July 2016, there was a change in the way pupil achievement is measured at the end of KS2. Prior to 2016, pupils received National Curriculum Level grades for English and mathematics, with L4 being the expected level at the end of Key Stage 2. In 2016 the measure scaled score and shows whether or not a pupil has achieved the national standard for that subject

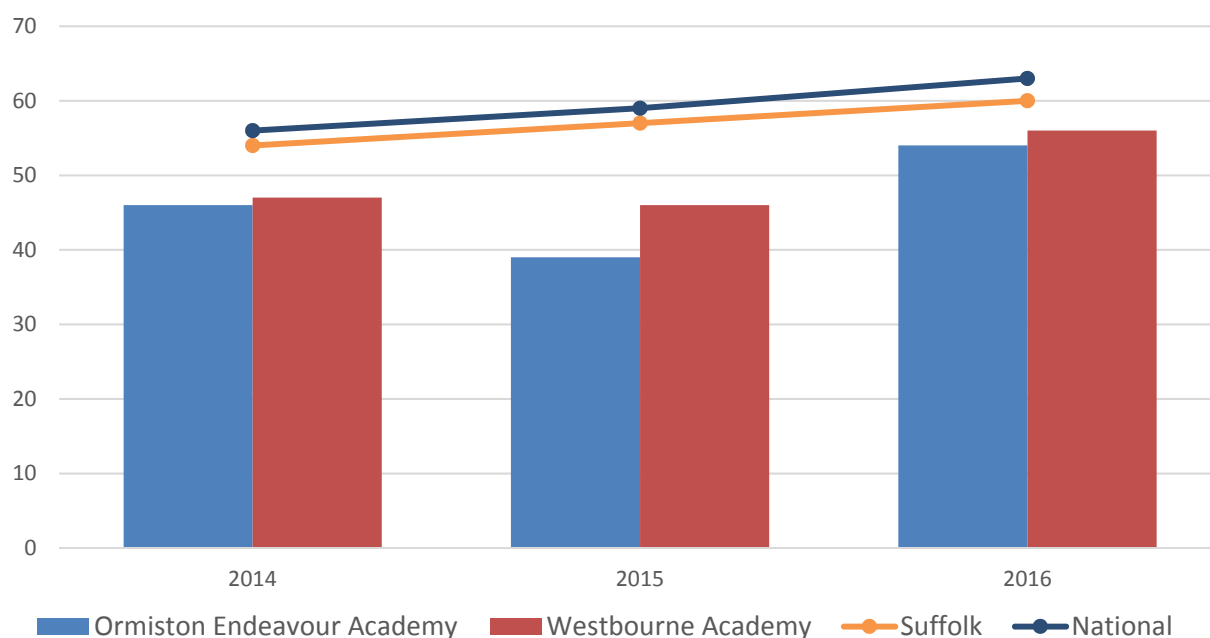


- Only St Pancras' Catholic Primary School has achieved levels of Key Stage 2 attainment above the county and national average in each of the last three years, also performing above the national average in 2014 and 2015
- KS2 attainment at the remaining schools in the division has been consistently below average throughout the period

GCSE (Key Stage 4) (age 16)

% pupils achieving five or more GCSEs (or equivalent) at A*-C including English and Mathematics

In July 2016, an additional measure of pupil achievement at Key Stage 4 was introduced but for the purposes of this profile and to demonstrate change over time, we have presented consistent data for the period 2014-2016 using the % pupils achieving five or more GCSEs (or equivalent) at A*- C including English and Mathematics.



- GCSE attainment at both Ormiston Endeavour and Westbourne Academies has seen an overall improvement over the past three years, though both saw dips in results in 2015
- Attainment at both schools has remained consistently below the Suffolk and national averages

NEET % (NOT IN EDUCATION, EMPLOYMENT OR TRAINING)

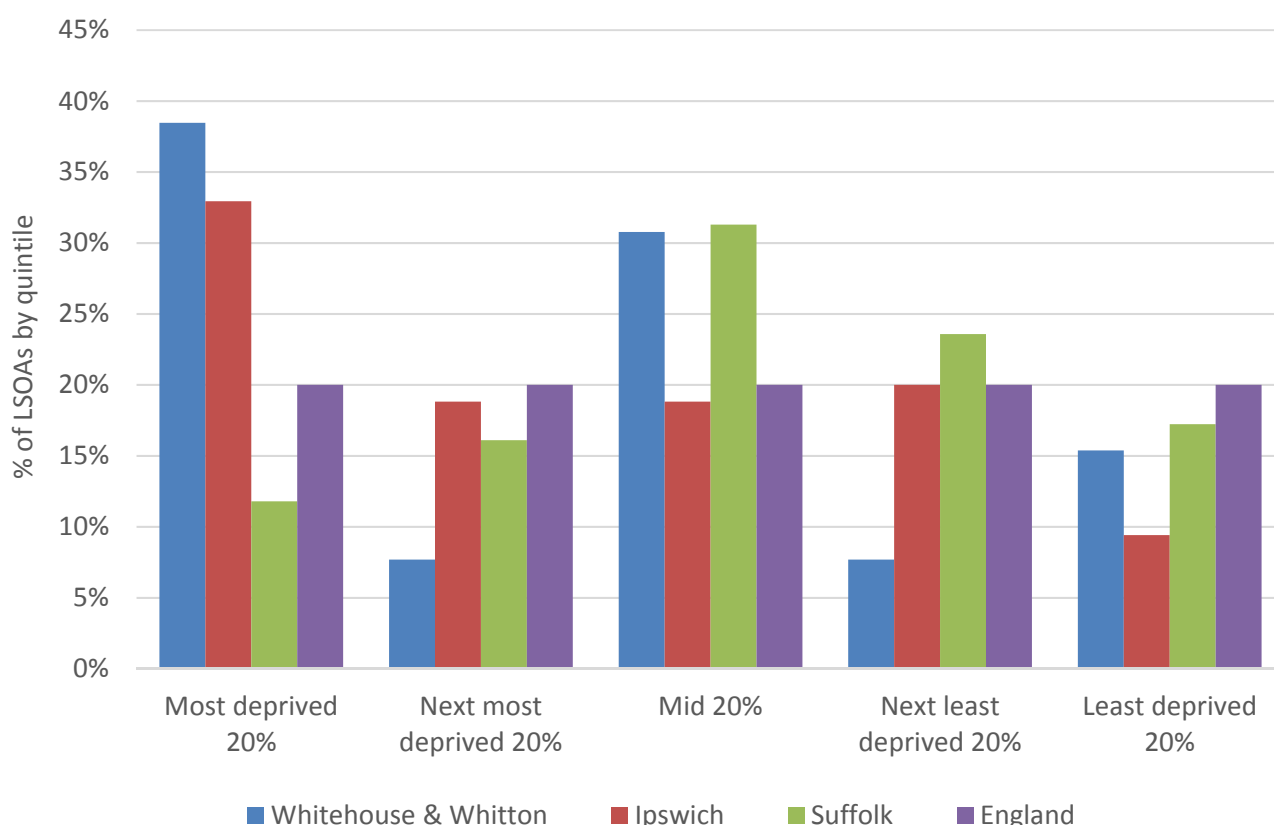


- In January 2017, 3.7% 16-18 year olds (where current activity is known), were classified as NEET in Whitehouse and Whitton
- NEET levels in Whitehouse and Whitton are generally below the average for Ipswich and higher than the county average

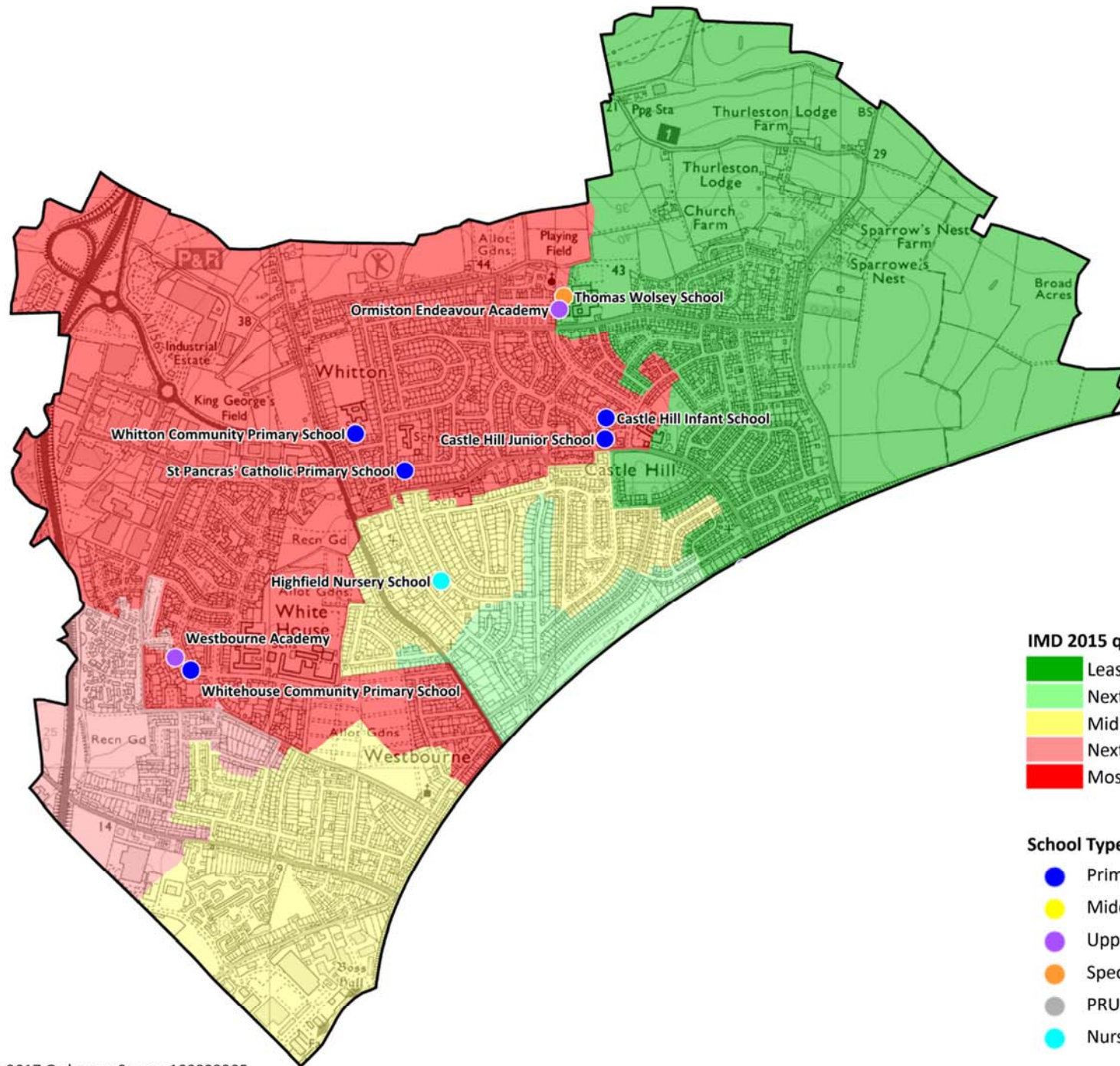
INDEX OF MULTIPLE DEPRIVATION (IMD) 2015 (SEE MAP OVERLEAF)

The IMD combines a number of indicators, chosen to cover a range of economic, social and housing issues, into a single deprivation score for each small area in England. This allows each area to be ranked relative to one another according to their level of deprivation. Small areas (Lower Super Output Areas, average population 1,500) are most usually described as being in 1 of 5 quintile bands. The bottom quintile represents the 20% of areas that are the most deprived in the country; these are shaded red on the map. The top quintile represents the least deprived areas in the country, and is shaded green.

The Index is widely used to analyse patterns of deprivation, identify areas that would benefit from special initiatives or programmes and as a tool to determine eligibility for specific funding streams.



- The IMD 2015 shows that relative deprivation levels in Whitehouse and Whitton are varied, with parts of the division classified across all five deprivation quintiles
- However, more than a third of Lower Super Output Areas (LSOAs) that comprise the division are classified as being among the most deprived 20% of areas in England
- Of the 13 LSOAs in the division, five are in the most deprived 20%, one in the next most deprived 20%, four are in the mid quintile, one in the next least deprived 20% and two are in the least deprived quintile



IMD 2015 quintile

- Least deprived 20%
- Next least deprived 20%
- Mid 20%
- Next most deprived 20%
- Most deprived 20%

School Type

- Primary
- Middle
- Upper
- Special
- PRU
- Nursery

HEALTH

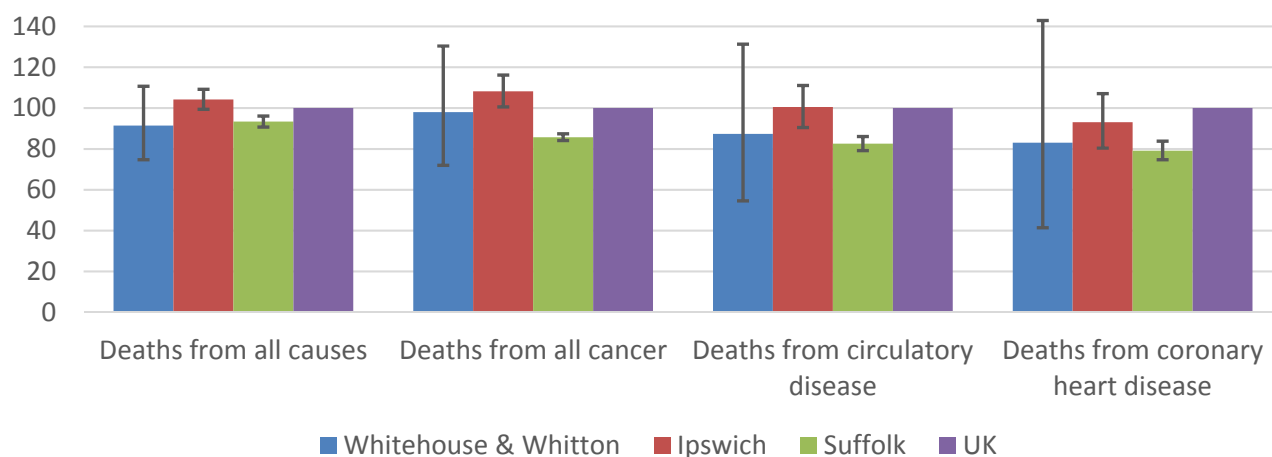
The local data used here is based on relatively small numbers. The confidence limits provide an indication of the reliability of the data. The 95% confidence intervals utilised on the chart provide a range within which there is 95% chance of the true result lying.

LIFE EXPECTANCY AT BIRTH



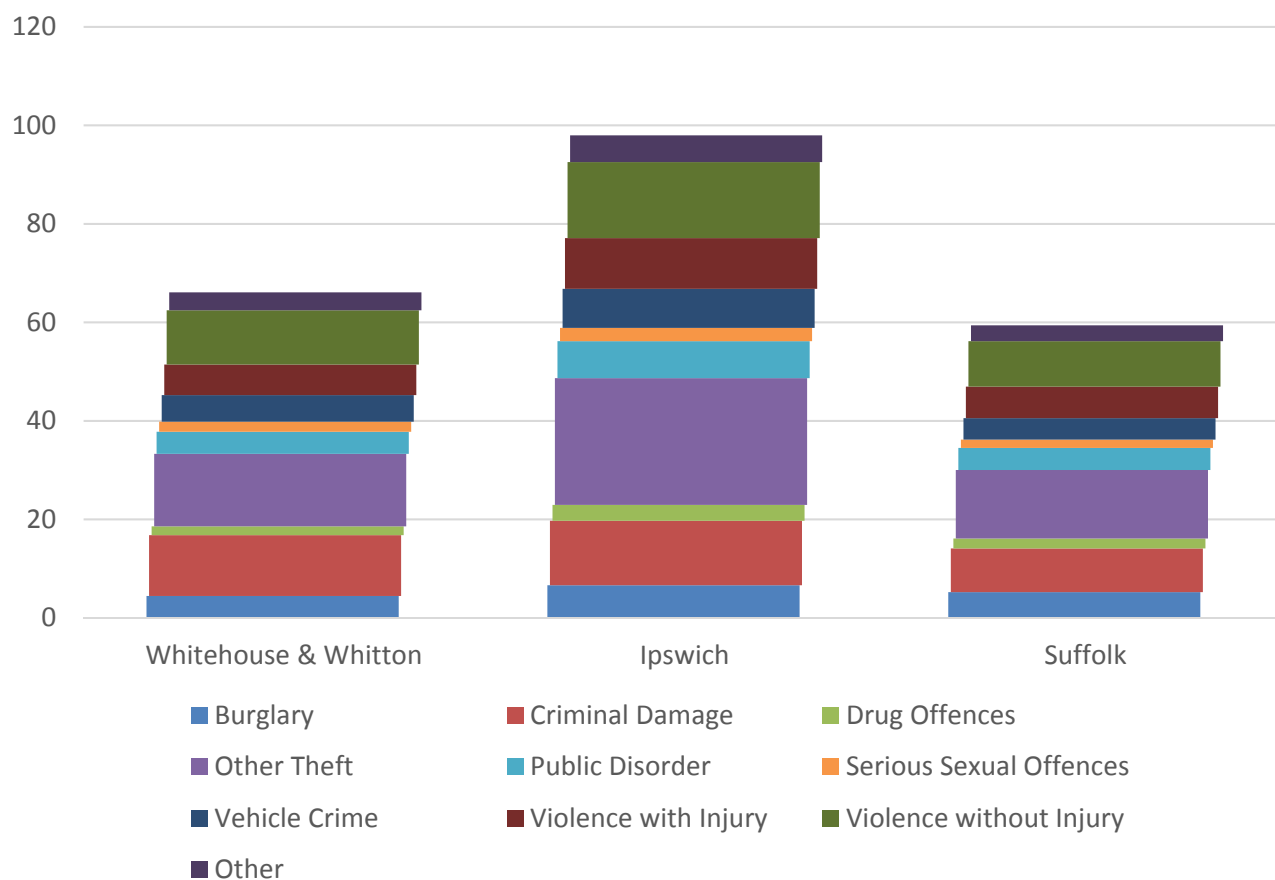
- Estimated life expectancy at birth for males and females in Whitehouse and Whitton is similar to the Suffolk figure and slightly above the average for Ipswich and the country as a whole
- Male life expectancy at birth is 80.7 years, for females it is three years higher at 83.8 years

DEATHS, UNDER 75 YEARS, STANDARDISED MORTALITY RATIO



- The rate of deaths from all causes in those aged under 75 years in the division are similar to the county figure and lower than Ipswich and the country as a whole
- The standardised mortality ratio data shown here means that for every 100 early deaths from all causes across the UK as a whole, there are 91 comparable deaths in Whitehouse and Whitton
- Deaths from cancer in those under 75 are also lower than Ipswich than Ipswich, above the rate for Suffolk but similar to the UK
- Premature deaths from circulatory and coronary heart diseases are similar to the figures for Suffolk, but below those for Ipswich and the country as a whole

CRIME & COMMUNITY SAFETY



- The crime rate in Whitton and Whitehouse is lower than Ipswich and only just above the overall rate for Suffolk
- In 2015, there were 66 crimes per 1,000 residents in the division, compared to 98 in Ipswich and 59 across Suffolk as a whole
- The most commonly recorded crime in the division is “other theft”, followed by criminal damage and violence without injury. These are also the most commonly recorded crimes across Ipswich and Suffolk

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Parishes in Division

Ipswich

DATA SOURCES

Category	Indicator	Source
Demographic Profile	Quinary population table 2015	ONS 2015 mid-year population estimates
	Population pyramid 2015	ONS 2015 mid-year population estimates
	Ethnicity 2011	ONS 2011 Census
Economy	Employment by broad industrial sector 2015	ONS Business Register and Employment Survey via NOMIS
Labour market	Job Seekers Allowance Claimant Rate (% 16-64 population) 2014-2017	DWP via NOMIS
Education	School information and attainment 2014-2016	Suffolk County Council
	% 16-18 year olds NEET (Not in Employment, Education or Training) 2013-2017	Suffolk County Council
Deprivation	Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015	Department for Communities and Local Government
Health	Life expectancy at birth 2010-2014	Public Health England
Health	Standardised mortality ratio for deaths from all causes, cancer, circulatory disease and coronary heart disease, aged under 75 2010-2014. The standardised mortality ratio is the ratio of observed deaths in the study group to expected deaths in the general population.	Public Health England
Community Safety	Recorded crime rate per 1,000 resident population 2015	Suffolk Police

For more data and information about Whitehouse and Whitton Electoral Division, see the Suffolk Observatory www.suffolkobservatory.info

