



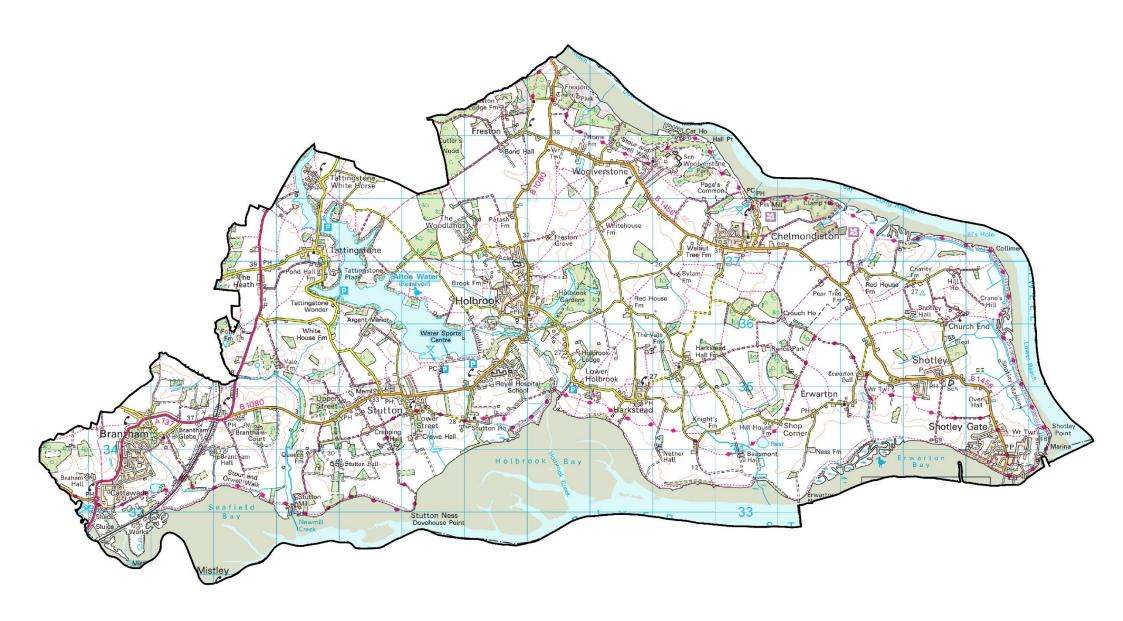


PENINSULA

ELECTORAL DIVISION PROFILE 2017

This Division comprises Alton, Berners and Holbrook wards

www.suffolkobservatory.info



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- Economy and Labour Market
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ELECTORAL DIVISION PROFILES: AN INTRODUCTION

These profiles have been produced to support elected members, constituents and other interested parties in understanding the demographic, economic, social and educational profile of their neighbourhoods. We have used the latest data available at the time of publication.

Much more data is available from national and local sources than is captured here, but it is hoped that the profile will be a useful starting point for discussion, where local knowledge and experience can be used to flesh out and illuminate the information presented here.

The profile can be used to help look at some fundamental questions e.g.

- Does the age profile of the population match or differ from the national profile?
- Is there evidence of the ageing profile of the county in all the wards in the Division or just some?
- How diverse is the community in terms of ethnicity?
- What is the impact of deprivation on families and residents?
- Does there seem to be a link between deprivation and school performance?
- What is the breakdown of employment sectors in the area?
- Is it a relatively healthy area compared to the rest of the district or county?
- What sort of crimes are prevalent in the community?

A vast amount of additional data is available on the Suffolk Observatory

www.suffolkobservatory.info

The Suffolk Observatory is a free online resource that contains all Suffolk's vital statistics; it is the one-stop-shop for information and intelligence about Suffolk. Through data, reports and profiles, the Suffolk Observatory provides a comprehensive picture of the County. It is a great source for useful facts and figures that can be used for writing reports and presentations, informing strategic and business planning, preparing funding applications or supporting academic research. Data is presented around the key themes of education and skills, economy and employment, health and care, population, deprivation, housing, environment, transport and travel and crime. All areas of the county are covered, right down to district, ward and parish level, with information easily accessible in a variety of formats. You can also build your own reports by different themes and topics.

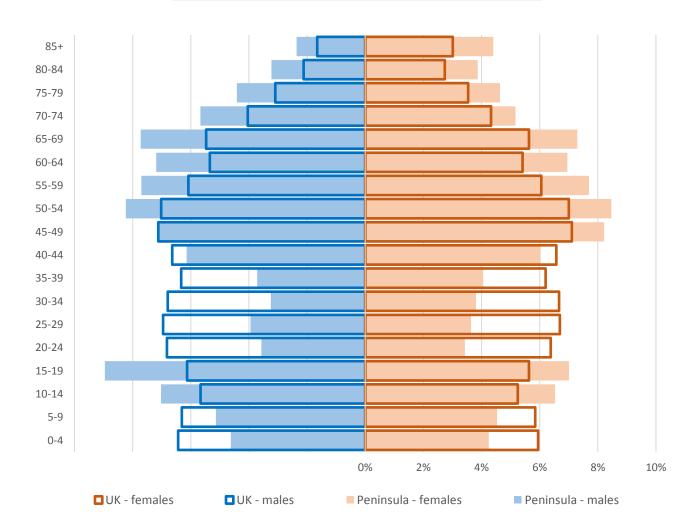
Technical Notes:

- 1. Where Electoral Divisions do not exactly match ward boundaries, we have adopted a "best fit" approach to produce a dataset.
- 2. District, county and national level data is provided where possible to provide a context for comparisons.

DEMOGRAPHIC PROFILE - AGE

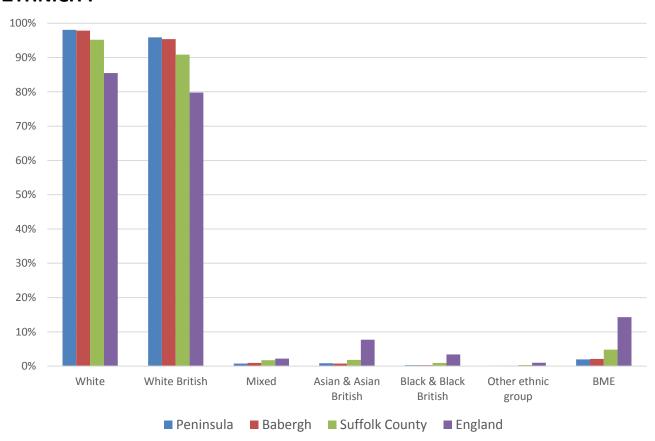
In mid-2015 the population of Peninsula stood at 10,090, a decrease of 2.0% since the 2011 Census. The age structure of the component wards and the division as a whole is set out below.

	Peninsula Division	Alton	Berners	Holbrook
All Ages	10,090	3,924	3,892	2,274
0-4	447	184	187	76
5-9	487	198	184	105
10-14	683	231	214	238
15-19	802	235	225	342
20-24	353	133	146	74
25-29	382	123	186	73
30-34	357	166	136	55
35-39	393	192	134	67
40-44	614	257	243	114
45-49	775	308	317	150
50-54	843	321	332	190
55-59	777	289	329	159
60-64	713	294	276	143
65-69	757	299	307	151
70-74	546	203	244	99
75-79	457	193	180	84
80-84	359	147	144	68
85+	345	151	108	86



- The age pyramid for Peninsula shows a higher than average proportion of people over the age of 45, with the most common age group in the division being 50-54
- Inclusion of the two boarding schools is evident as there are large numbers of children aged 10 19 but below average numbers of 20-39 year-old adults or children aged under 5
- Another common age group in this division is 45-64 year olds. The number of people of retirement age looks set to increase in the coming years.

ETHNICITY

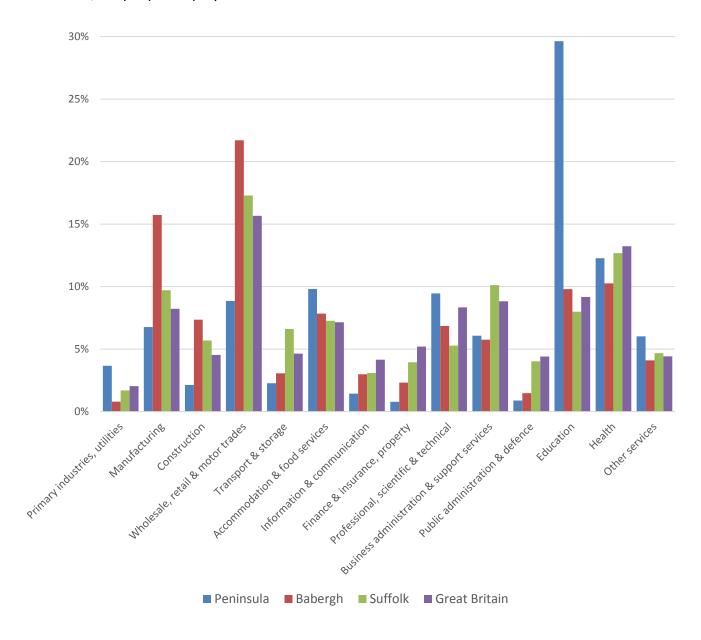


- According to the latest data (2011 Census), 98.1% of the population of Peninsula are white
- There are 1.9% people of black or minority ethnic origin in the Division, approximately one sixth of the national figure
- Peninsular has a similar diversity profile to Babergh district, and lower proportions of minority ethnic groups than Suffolk as a whole.

	All people	Whit	e	White B	ritish	Mixe	d	Asian a Asia Britis	n	Black a Blac Britis	k	Othe Ethn Grou	ic	Black Mino Ethnic	rity
	Count	Count	%	Count	%	Count	%	Count	%	Count	%	Count	%	Count	%
Peninsula	10,292	10,093	98.1	9,868	95.9	79	0.8	84	0.8	27	0.3	9	0.1	199	1.9
Babergh	87,740	85,845	97.8	83,666	95.4	827	0.9	666	8.0	264	0.3	138	0.2	1,895	2.2
Suffolk	728,163	693,195	95.2	661,458	90.8	12,472	1.7	13,131	1.8	6,854	0.9	2,511	0.3	34,968	4.8
England & Wales			86.0		80.5		2.2		6.7		2.8		0.4		12.1

ECONOMY

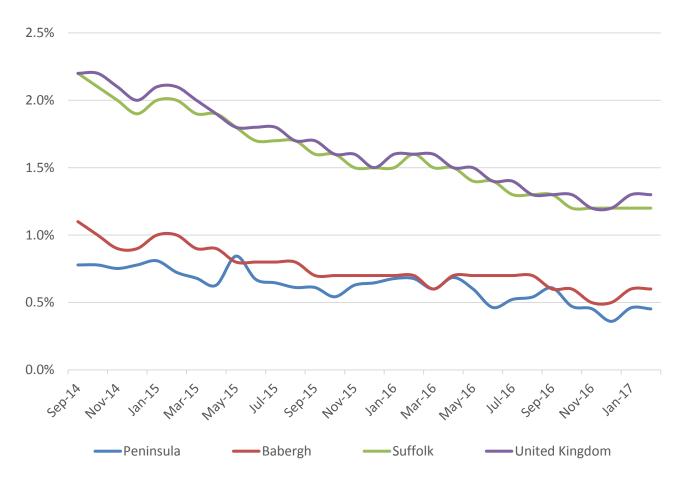
There are 2,300 people employed in Peninsula.



- The key employment sector in Peninsula is education, which provides more than one in four jobs in the division; a much higher proportion than district, county and national levels. This reflects the significant presences of schools in the division
- Of the remaining sectors, health, accommodation and food services, professional, scientific and technical activities, and wholesale, retail and motor trades account for a further 40% of jobs in Peninsula division
- The primary industries and other services also employ a greater proportion of people in the division than district, county and national levels

LABOUR MARKET

JOB SEEKERS ALLOWANCE CLAIMANT RATE



- In percentage terms, around 0.5% of the working age population (males aged 16-64 and females aged 16-59) were claiming JSA February 2017. This is less than the county, district and national averages
- There has been a slight reduction in claimants in the division during 2014 and 2016, in line with the district, county and national trends

SCHOOLS

SCHOOL INFORMATION

Schools in the Division

	Average (cohort siz	e at:				
Name	Phase	Foundation Stage (age 5)	KS2 (age 11)	KS4 (age 16)	Latest Ofsted	Latest Ofsted Date	
Brooklands Primary School	Primary	28	33		Outstanding	25/11/2008	
Chelmondiston CEVCP School	Primary	15	16		Good	24/01/2013	
Holbrook Primary School	Primary	19	25		Good	21/02/2017	
Shotley CP School	Primary	17	20		Good	05/03/2014	
Stutton CEVCP School	Primary	5	7		Requires Improvement	08/12/2015	
Tattingstone CEVCP School	Primary	14	8		Outstanding	25/06/2009	
Holbrook Academy	Upper			95	Good	21/10/2015	

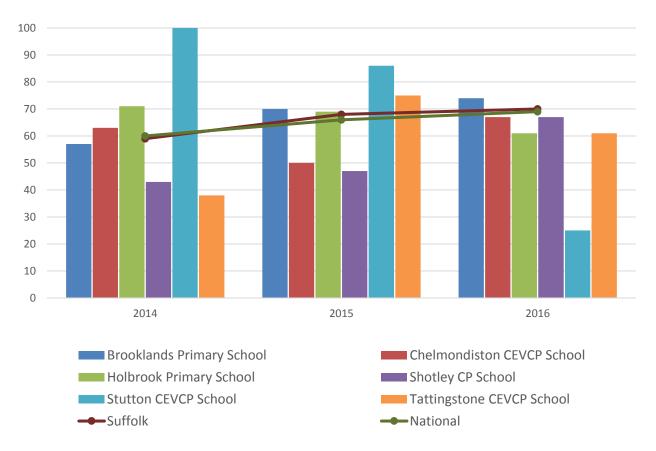
School Catchment overlaps with the Division

		Average cohort size at:		
Name	Phase	KS4 (age 16)	Latest Ofsted	Latest Ofsted Date
East Bergholt High School	Upper	184	Good	12/09/2013

SCHOOL ATTAINMENT

Foundation Stage Profile (reception)

% pupils achieving Good Level of Development (GLD)

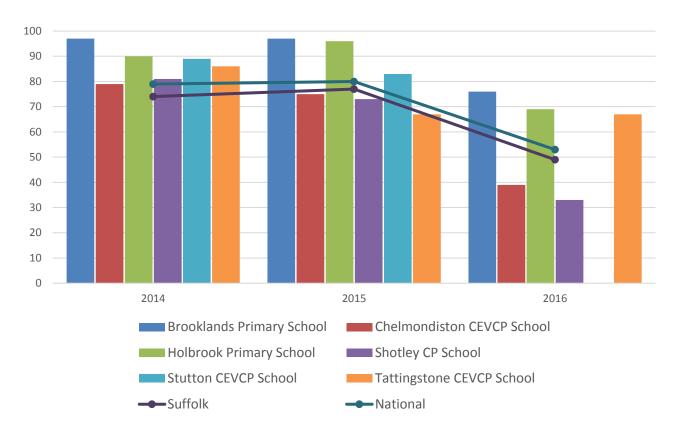


- Foundation Stage attainment at schools in Pensinula has been variable over the past three years, with no school consistently seeing a larger percentage of pupils achieving a Good Level of Development than the Suffolk and national average levels
- Brooklands Primary and Shotley CP Schools have seen consistent improvement in attainment from 2014 to 2016. Attainment at Brooklands Primary was above average in the latter two years while at Shotley CP School attainment had almost reached the national average by 2016
- Stutton CEVCP School saw the highest attainment of any school in the division in 2014 and 2015 but the lowest in 2016. Cohort sizes at the school tend to be very small which goes some way towards explaining the large changes in attainment
- Attainment at Holbrook Primary School has also declined throughout the period and following above average attainment in 2014 and 2015, dipped below average in 2016
- Chelmondiston and Tattingstone CEVCP Schools have seen fluctuating attainment during the 2014 to 2016 period

Key Stage 2 (age 11)

Pupil Achievement in all three subjects, Reading, Writing and Mathematics (2014–2015 as % Level 4 or better & 2016 % Expected Level or better)

In July 2016, there was a change in the way pupil achievement is measured at the end of KS2. Prior to 2016, pupils received National Curriculum Level grades for English and Maths, with L4 being the expected level at the end of Key Stage 2. In 2016 the measure scaled score and shows whether or not a pupil has achieved the national standard for that subject

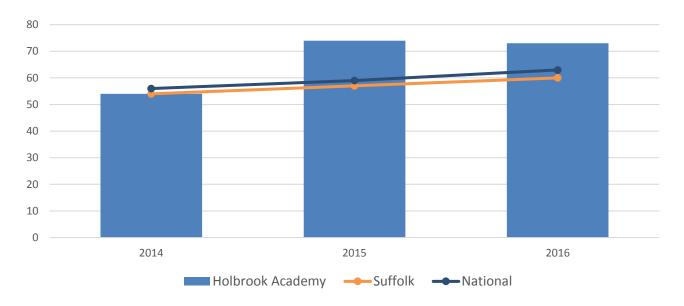


- Key Stage 2 attainment at schools in Peninsula has been generally good from 2014 to 2016, with at least three schools seeing above average results in each of the three years
- KS2 attainment at Brooklands and Holbrook Primary Schools has been consistently above the Suffolk and national averages from 2014 to 2016
- Chelmondiston and Shotley CEVCP Schools have seen declining KS2 attainment that is consistently below the national average during the period
- Tattingstone CEVCP School has seen fluctuating attainment, with below average results in 2015 followed by strong performance in 2016

GCSE (Key Stage 4) (age 16)

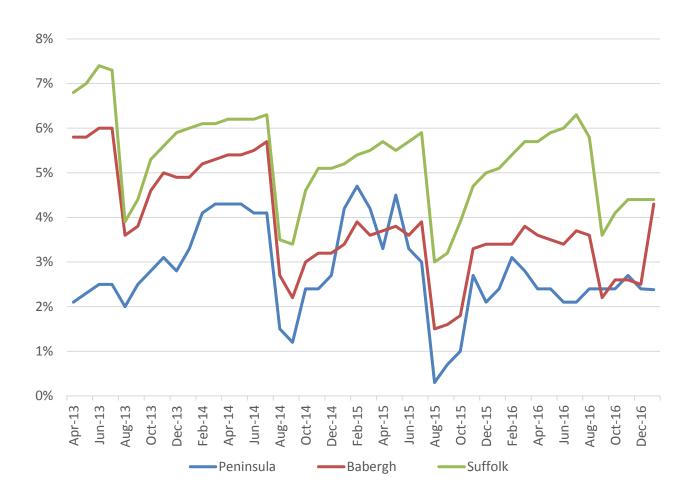
% pupils achieving five or more GCSEs (or equivalent) at A*-C including English and Mathematics

In July 2016, an additional measure of pupil achievement at Key Stage 4 was introduced but for the purposes of this profile and to demonstrate change over time, we have presented consistent data for the period 2014-2016 using the % pupils achieving five or more GCSEs (or equivalent) at A*-C including English and Mathematics.



 GCSE attainment at Holbrook Academy has risen since 2014 and now sits comfortably above the county and national averages

NEET % (NOT IN EDUCATION, EMPLOYMENT OR TRAINING)

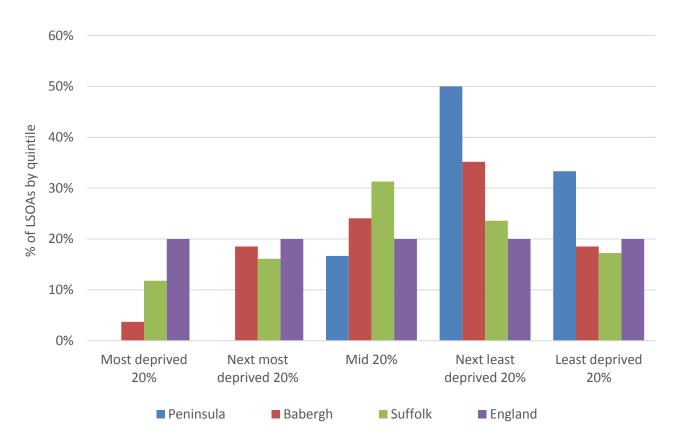


- NEET levels in Peninsula generally reflect the fluctuations seen across the district and county as a whole from 2013 to the end of 2016, but the NEET figure in the division tends to be below the district and county average
- In January 2017, 2.4% of 16-18 year olds were classified as NEET in Peninsula (where current activity is known), well below the Babergh (4.4%) and Suffolk (4.4%) levels

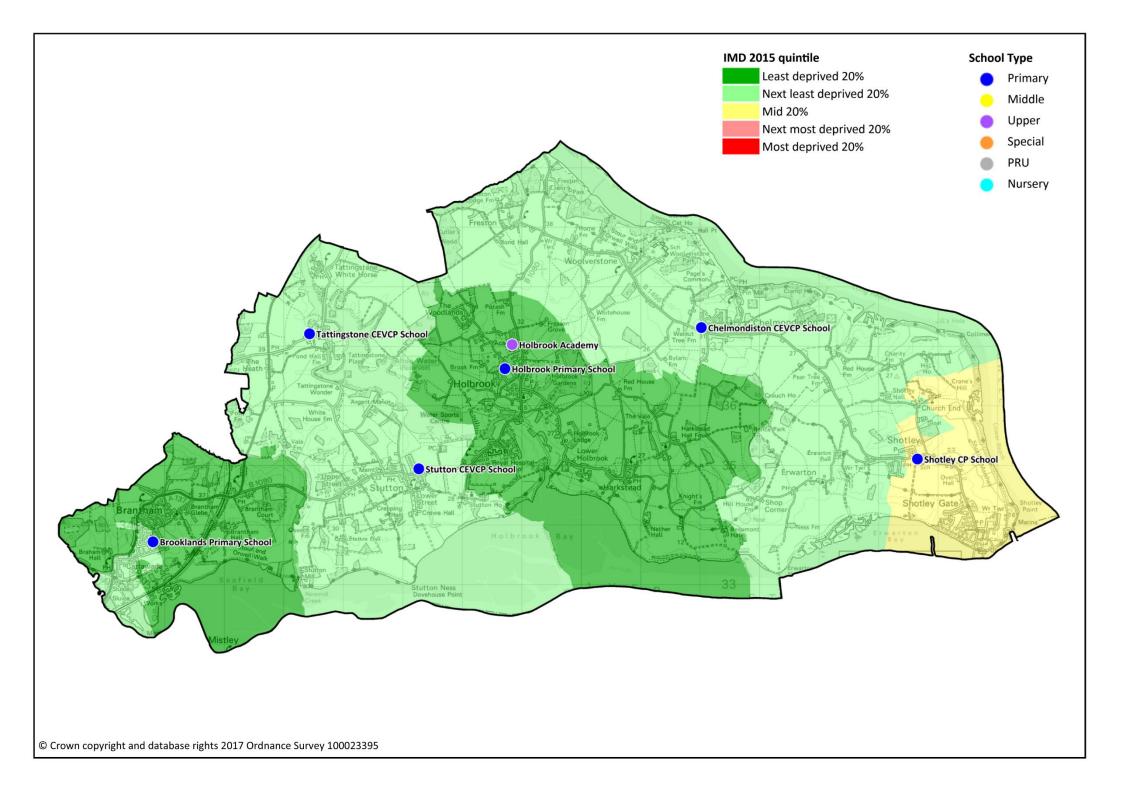
INDEX OF MULTIPLE DEPRIVATION (IMD) 2015 (SEE MAP OVERLEAF)

The IMD combines a number of indicators, chosen to cover a range of economic, social and housing issues, into a single deprivation score for each small area in England. This allows each area to be ranked relative to one another according to their level of deprivation. Small areas (Lower Super Output Areas, average population 1,500) are most usually described as being in 1 of 5 quintile bands. The bottom quintile represents the 20% of areas that are the most deprived in the country; these are shaded red on the map. The top quintile represents the least deprived areas in the country, and is shaded green.

The Index is widely used to analyse patterns of deprivation, identify areas that would benefit from special initiatives or programmes and as a tool to determine eligibility for specific funding streams.



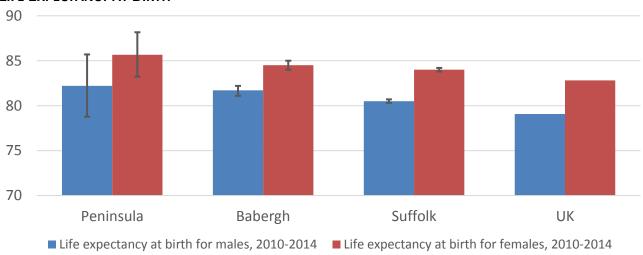
- The IMD 2015 shows that relative deprivation levels in Peninsula are generally low, with no parts
 of the division classified in the most deprived 40% in England
- Of the six Lower Layer Super Output Areas (LSOA) comprising the division, two are ranked in the least deprived quintile, three in the next least deprived 20% and the remaining one is in the midquintile



HEALTH

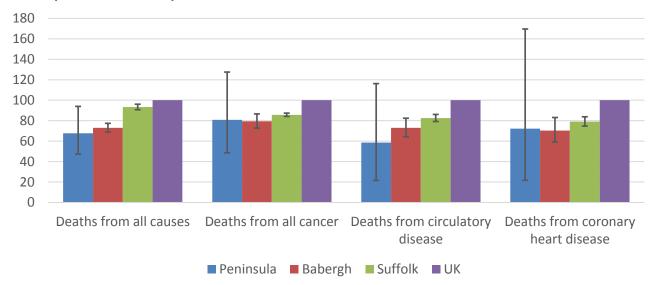
The local data used here is based on relatively small numbers. The confidence limits provide an indication of the reliability of the data. The 95% confidence intervals utilised on the chart provide a range within which there is 95% chance of the true result lying.

LIFE EXPECTANCY AT BIRTH



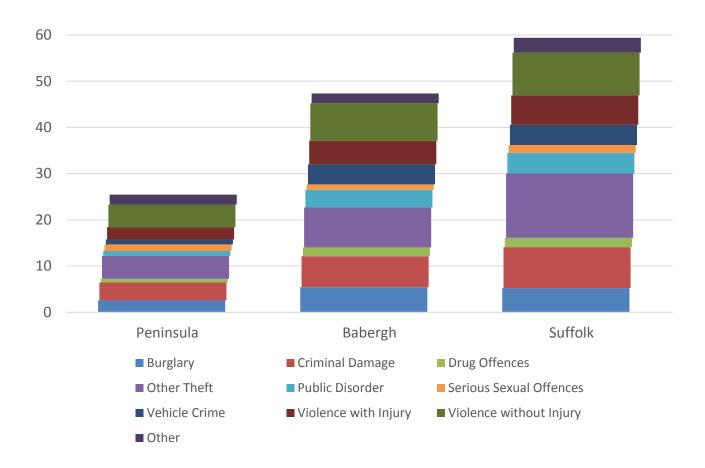
 Life expectancy estimates for both males (82.2 years) and females (85.7 years) in Peninsula are above the Babergh, Suffolk and national averages

DEATHS, UNDER 75 YEARS, STANDARDISED MORTALITY RATIO



- Early deaths from all causes are estimated to occur at a lower rate in Peninsula than in Babergh,
 Suffolk and the UK as a whole
- The standardised mortality ratio data shown here means that for every 100 early deaths from all causes across the UK as a whole, there are an estimated 70 comparable deaths in Upper Gipping
- The estimated ratio of deaths from cancer and coronary heart disease is very similar to the district average and below the Suffolk and UK figures, while deaths from circulatory disease are relatively low

CRIME & COMMUNITY SAFETY



- The crime rate per 1,000 resident population in Peninsula is considerably below that for Babergh and substantially less than for Suffolk as a whole
- In 2015, there were just over 25 recorded crimes per 1,000 residents in Peninsula compared to 47 in Babergh and 59 across the county as a whole
- The most common crimes in the division are violence without injury and "other theft", which both occur at a rate of around 5 per 1,000 residents and when combined account for almost 40% of all recorded crimes in the division
- No type of crime is recorded more per 1,000 residents in Peninsula than across Suffolk as a whole

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Parishes in Division

Arwarton Holbrook
Brantham Shotley
Chelmondiston Stutton
Freston Tattingstone
Harkstead Woolverstone

DATA SOURCES

Category	Indicator	Source		
	Quinary population table 2015	ONS 2015 mid-year population estimates		
Demographic Profile	Population pyramid 2015	ONS 2015 mid-year population estimates		
	Ethnicity 2011	ONS 2011 Census		
Economy	Employment by broad industrial sector 2015	ONS Business Register and Employment Survey via NOMIS		
Labour market	Job Seekers Allowance Claimant Rate (% 16-64 population) 2014-2017	DWP via NOMIS		
	School information and attainment 2014-2016	Suffolk County Council		
Education	% 16-18 year olds NEET (Not in Employment, Education or Training) 2013-2017	Suffolk County Council		
Deprivation	Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015	Department for Communities and Local Government		
Health	Life expectancy at birth 2010-2014	Public Health England		
Health	Standardised mortality ratio for deaths from all causes, cancer, circulatory disease and coronary heart disease, aged under 75 2010-2014. The standardised mortality ratio is the ratio of observed deaths in the study group to expected deaths in the general population.	Public Health England		
Community Safety	Recorded crime rate per 1,000 resident population 2015	Suffolk Police		

For more data and information about Hadleigh Electoral Division, see the Suffolk Observatory www.suffolkobservatory.info

